"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Partly cloudy today; Friday and Saturday unsettled.
Temperature yesterday—Max., 72, min., 62.
For full weather report see Page 10.

VOL. LXXIII....No. 23,988. NEW YORK, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 28, 1923.—SIXTEEN PAGES TWO CENTS In Greater New York | THREE CENTS Within 500 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

CALL ON COOLIDGE TO STABILIZE WHEAT AT HIGHER PRICES

Leaders From Northwest Urge That Grain Corporation Be Revived and Freight Rates Cut.

ASK EXTRA SESSION ALSO

Picture Farmer's Plight to the President and Press the Necessity of Immediate Action.

HE GIVES THEM NO ANSWER

Delegation Confers Later With Secretary Wallace and Will See Secretary Hoover Today.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 27.—Bankers, farmers and members of Congress, representing the six States of the North Middle West, comprising the Ninth Federal Reserve District, urged upon President Coolidge today plans for relief of the farmers. These included revival of the United States Grain Corporation, a reduction of freight rates on wheat and flour and the calling of a special session of Congress to enact legislation to aid the farmer.

The revival of the Grain Corporation was urged particularly as an organization to stabilize prices under Government supervision and with the co-operation of the farmers. It was suggested that it could guide the farmers each year in determining how many acres are to be seeded in wheat. Through this medium, it was said, wheat production would be limited to conform with the domestic market and prices increased to conform with the domestic market, and also as a result diversified farming would be increased.

Arguments presented to Mr. Coolidge in behalf of a special session included the one that if President Harding considered the merchant marine problem sufficiently pressing to call a special session last year, surely the present agricultural situation was of enough importance to warrant a call now.

President Is Non-committal.

Although the President listened with interest, and showed a marked familiarity with farm problems, it was learned afterward that he gave no answer one way or the other. It may be added that the prospect of an extra session of Congress is not promising, as Mr. Coolidge only a few days ago told friends he saw no necessity at this time for one.

In a formal statement submitted to President Coolidge the committee said:

"We want it distinctly understood that our mission is not alone in behalf of the wheat growers and farmers of the Ninth District, but we speak for the wheat growers and farmers of the entire country. We wish to safeguard the investors in farm mortgages throughout the country, and we are especially interested in saving for thousands of farmers their rights of ownership in their land and to prevent farmers from being forced to leave their present location for other States and occupations.

"In the New England States in the ten-year period preceding 1920 30,000 farms were abandoned. In Pennsylvania and New Jersey over 43,000 farms were abandoned. In 1922 2,000,000 people left the farms of the United States, and in 1923 it is estimated that 3,000,000 will quit the occupation and seek their living elsewhere.

"We are not asking for a fixed or guaranteed price of wheat, nor are we in favor of such legislation.

"We are asking for price stabilization through an organization under governmental direction which will have the power, through co-operation on the part of the farmers, to guide them each year in determining the amount of acres to be seeded, and thus, so far as is possible through acreage control, limit the production of wheat to such a point that there will be a proper domestic market for same. Such a movement will be in the direction of decreased wheat production, and, naturally, as a result bring about an increase in diversified farming, which is so necessary.

Reports Thousands Leaving Farms.

"Our farmers are in a most serious situation. Thousands of them already have been forced to leave their farms, many that remain have lost their farms through foreclosure of mortgages, and they, with thousands of tenant farmers, are hopelessly in debt and unable to continue their operations unless there is definite promise that they shall receive the future prices which shall be as a level with those prices for the things which they must buy.

"It is claimed that overproduction and the lack of world markets is responsible for the situation. If such is the case, the above plan, if intelligently carried out, will solve their problem.

"Statistics show, however, that during 1922 there was produced in the world 551,000,000 bushels less wheat than was the average production during the period 1909-13.

"Every bushel of wheat produced in the United States during 1922 was needed in the world and readily purchased. We have no burdensome surplus in the United States at the present time.

"Exports of wheat and flour from our 1922 crop have exceeded 230,000,000 bushels, which is far more than can be spared from the shorter crop of 1923. It is highly probable that instead of the price being held so low because of an overproduction of wheat the situation is caused by intelligent and organized buying on the part of our foreign customers.

"If the latter proves to be the case, then the governmental organization which we ask for will have the power to establish a domestic market for that part of the crop which is used in the United States, which with the tariff of 30 cents per bushel should procure for our farmers a higher price than the world level to that extent at least.

Want Higher Prices, Not Loans.

"It is not more loans that the farmer needs, but a higher price for his wheat and other products. We assume that when wheat is restored to a

Continued on Page Five.

YOU CAN NOW BUY BAYMOR CRANBERRIES. The new crop is on the market.—Advt.

Majestic Makes New Record From Here to Cherbourg

According to a radio message received at the offices of the White Star Line Steamship Company last night from Sir Bertram Hayes, Commander of the White Star liner Majestic, the Majestic reached Cherbourg, France, last night at 9:11 o'clock, establishing a new record run of 5 days 5 hours and 21 minutes from New York.

The Majestic's average speed was 24.74 knots. Her previous record run from New York, made last November, was 5 days 6 hours and 13 minutes.

LEGISLATORS SUE OKLAHOMA TROOPS

67 File Action to Enjoin Guard From Interfering With Their Session.

GO HOME TO AWAIT CALL

Sign a Pledge to Assemble if the Court Rules They Can—Troops Ordered Into Murray County.

OKLAHOMA CITY, Okla., Sept. 27 (Associated Press).—The first move to test in the courts the legality of the special session of the lower house of the Legislature called by members who hold it is their right to investigate the official acts of Governor J. C. Walton was taken in State District Court here late today. Sixty-seven House members applied for a temporary injunction restraining Adjt. Gen. B. H. Markham and all members of the Oklahoma National Guard from interfering with meetings of the House.

No order was issued by the court during the brief proceedings, and by agreement hearing on the petition was set for next Tuesday before Judge J. I. Phelps. Attorney General George Short waived the summons on record and State Senator Charles E. McPherren appeared for General Markham.

Meanwhile the House members who gathered here yesterday and attempted to convene, only to be dispersed by military authorities acting under instructions from the Governor, began to leave for their homes.

A pledge was signed by the legislators that, should the court finally decide they have authority to meet as an impeachment body, they will convene upon call of Representative W. D. McBee.

No further attempt will be made to convene, it was agreed, until the issue is decided in the State Supreme Court, and then there remains the possibility that the case will go to the United States Supreme Court. A temporary injunction, if granted by the District Court, will be made the basis for another attempt to assemble, the legislators decided.

Order Troops Into Murray County.

Expressing satisfaction with the situation, Governor Walton declared today "the fight is over so far as the House is concerned."

Troops of the Oklahoma National Guard were ordered into Murray County tonight by Governor Walton, in response to an appeal from citizens of Sulphur, who charged local authorities with neglect in apprehending the perpetrators of numerous mob outrages there recently.

There were indications tonight, however, that within the next few days the Governor would modify his martial law regulations and retire the greater part of the troops now mobilized. It was made plain that there would be no relaxation in the investigation into cases of mob violence.

The injunction petition filed by the legislators declared illegal the action of Adjt. Gen. B. H. Markham in dispersing them when they gathered at the Capitol yesterday and in continuing through force and arms to prevent an assembly.

The legislators denied in the petition that they have been guilty of any offense and disclaimed intention to commit any breaches of the peace. They asserted that it was their duty peaceably to reassemble, but were unable to do so because of Adjt. Gen. Markham's continued threat to use armed soldiers to disperse them.

The petition prayed the court to grant a temporary injunction pending a final hearing to "prevent B. H. Markham or his successors, and each officer and enlisted man under his command and their successors, from interfering with these plaintiffs as members of the House of Representatives in assemblings" and to prevent the military "from dispersing them when assembled."

The petitioners asked that the guard authorities be enjoined from "molesting or otherwise interfering with the plaintiffs in conducting the affairs of the House," and that upon final hearing the restraining order be made permanent.

The first court action to test Governor Walton's power to supersede civil authority by the military was instituted in the State Supreme Court today when Sheriff Bob Sanford of Tulsa County filed a petition asking the removal of National-Guard forces from his office.

A demurrer to the petition was filed by the Attorney General, to which attorneys for Sheriff Sanford are given an opportunity to make a reply. Oral argument was set for Oct. 5.

ENACT KILLING SCENE IN DEMAND TO JURY FOR DEATH OF WARD

Sherman and O'Neill Pose With Pistols as Slayer and Victim in Crowded Courtroom.

SEES NO BLACKMAIL PROOF

Defendant Killed an Unarmed Man and Lied About It, Declares Attorney General.

RIDICULES WARD GUN STORY

Charge to Jury to Be Given This Morning—Accused Awaits Verdict on Birthday.

Attorney General Carl Sherman, in an impassioned summing up of the case for the State, late yesterday afternoon brought Walter S. Ward to the crossroads. At noon today the case of the killing of Clarence M. Peters will rest with the jury, and by nightfall it may indicate which road Ward must travel—the one to death, or the one to home, wife and children.

Ward, in the White Plains court room, will await the word of the jury on the thirty-second anniversary of his birth, confident that the twelve men will believe his story of self-defense and that their verdict will forever set him free from prosecution.

When court adjourned, but one step to the final phase of the trial, begun sixteen days ago, remained to be taken—the charge to the jury. Supreme Court Justice Robert F. Wagner is expected to begin instructing the jurors on the law of circumstantial evidence at 10 o'clock this morning, having considered fifteen suggestions on the issues from the State and fifty-three submitted by the defense.

Exact Scene of the Killing.

The review of the prosecution, delivered by the youthful Attorney General, was the reverse of the argument made on Wednesday by former Justice Isaac N. Mills, chief of the defense legal staff. Judge Mills, elderly and of changing voice, made a frank appeal to the sympathy of the jurors. He did not overlook the law or the flaws he saw in the State's case; neither did he fail to see the advantage of his sudden call to Ward and his wife to stand before the jury box.

"Facts," said Mr. Sherman, earnestly, "cold, hard facts. Facts that haven't been contradicted. That's what I want you to consider—nothing else; not what I say nor what Judge Mills said. Not what the Judge may say tomorrow—just facts."

Three hours were required by Mr. Sherman to survey the points he declared the prosecution had raised and proved. Only once did he deviate. That was when he and Deputy Attorney General Thomas J. O'Neill enacted the killing of Peters by Ward. Grasping the .38-calibre Colt automatic used by Ward, the Attorney General faced O'Neill, posed as Peters with the .32-calibre Smith & Wesson in his hand. They sought to show that Ward's version of the actual slaying was a physical impossibility.

Ward and Wife Calm.

Throughout the biting arraignment, the ringing denunciation, the blunt charge that Ward had conspired with blackmailers to fleece his father, George S. Ward, the defendant was impassive. Mrs. Beryl Curtis Ward, at his side, duplicated his calmness. They had shaken the hand of Judge Mills when he ended his argument the day before, and they were certain he would win.

Just once did Ward show more than mere interest. That was when Mr. Sherman discussed the murder weapons, pointing out that Ward had turned over the Smith & Wesson as Peters's gun. He recalled that Frank Cody, Chief of the New Rochelle Police Department, had testified that the smaller gun "looked exactly like" a revolver he had given to Ward.

"Why," said Mr. Sherman, "if this gun on the table before me was not the revolver the Chief gave to Ward, why—that's the question—why did not Ward produce the weapon that Cody gave him?"

The doors of the courtroom were again locked at 9 o'clock, an hour before the session began, because of the crowd that came to hear the State's closing charges. Women once more predominated, and court attendants had a constant battle to keep the spectators from overcrowding the room. Fully one hundred milled around outside the locked doors, and at the noon recess a dozen young men managed to elude a guard and get in.

Justice Wagner had no sooner taken his place on the bench, with his customary bow to the counsel and the jury, than Mr. Sherman began his address.

Continued on Page Three.

Rail Brotherhoods to Demand 12 Per Cent. More Wages

CLEVELAND, Sept. 27 (Associated Press).—General Chairmen of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen and Order of Railway Conductors will present requests for wage increases of approximately 12 per cent. to railroads in the Eastern, Western and Southern sections of the country, it was decided, following completion today of the counting of ballots in a joint referendum vote of trainmen and conductors, which was practically unanimous in favor of the wage increase proposal.

Chairmen and Executive Committee members of the three regional associations of the two organizations, headed by President L. E. Sheppard of the conductors and W. N. Doak, Vice President of the trainmen, have been counting the ballots for three days.

The increase is asked to replace the approximate 10 per cent. wage reduction handed down by the Railroad Labor Board on July 1, 1921, President Sheppard said.

BECK SAYS RADICALS IMPERIL THE NATION

Our Ascendancy Threatened by Growth of Bolshevism, Socialism and 'Direct Action.'

NEW LEGISLATION PLANNED

Bankers Told of Laws to Register Aliens and Check Anti-Government Conspiracy.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Sept. 27.—Solicitor General James M. Beck put the finishing touches on the bankers' campaign against radicalism today when he addressed the convention of the American Bankers' Association on "A Rising or A Setting Sun?" He warned that the ascendancy of the United States was threatened by the growth of bolshevism, socialism and "direct action" tactics.

Calling the Constitution of the United States the greatest hope of the world for true democracy and pleading for its preservation, he declared that it was seriously menaced by the growing tendencies of individual classes to try to seize power. Free government would come to an end, he asserted, if any group could enforce its demands by denying food or coal to the people.

Announcing a campaign of co-operation between the Federal Government and the States to stamp out radicalism, Mr. Beck said that bills would be introduced in the next Congress to register aliens and make it a crime to conspire to overthrow the Government by force or violence.

Urges Dry Law Repeal.

Waldo Newcomer, President of the National Exchange Bank, Baltimore, in a speech before the National Bank division, advocated the repeal of the prohibition amendment. He declared that the Constitution was never intended to be a code of criminal law, and that the Eighteenth Amendment had opened the way for other amendments" covering all sorts of crimes and misdemeanors." Mingled applause and hisses, about half and half, greeted Mr. Newcomer's attack on prohibition.

An open forum on the Federal Reserve system resulted in general agreement that it should be maintained in principle for the sake of sound money conditions and the prevention of panics, subject to the changes recommended by the session the other day. Some of the small country bankers, however, voiced their objections to the par collection of checks, the failure to pay interest on Federal Reserve balances, and the failure to count the cash in their vaults as reserve.

Thomas R. Preston, President of the Hamilton National Bank, Chattanooga, Tenn., was elected President of the National Bank Division. J. Elwood Cox, President of the Commercial National Bank, High Point, N. C., was elected Treasurer of the Association at a meeting of the Executive Council.

A telegram from President Coolidge was read at the close of the day's session. It reads:

"I congratulate your association on its strength and high standing and wish you prosperity and success."

Mr. Beck began his address with an analysis and history of the Constitution and cited the principle features of the philosophy of free Government as laid down by the Constitution.

Principles Challenged.

In the last quarter century, Mr. Beck said, every fundamental principle of the Constitution "had been challenged by political parties and leaders, and many Americans were now calling the Constitution antiquated and an obstacle to progress. He continued:

"The representative principle has been challenged in twenty-two States of the Union by the initiative and the referendum.

"The principle of home rule has been subverted by a steady submergence of the States, which has now made of them a little more than glorified police provinces.

"The guarantee of individual liberty has been violated by many socialistic measures, while property rights are destroyed from time to time by confiscatory legislation.

"The independence of the judiciary is menaced by many provisions for the recall of both Judges and of judicial decisions and the fatal impairment of the power of the Supreme Court.

"The system of Government checks and balances has been disturbed by the persistent subordination, in the practical workings of the Government, of the legislative to the executive, while the concurrent power of the Senate over the foreign relations of the Government has

Continued on Page Three.

DR. HUMPHREYS' "SEVENTY-SEVEN" is for Colds, Grip, Influenza.—Advt.

RICH WOMAN DIES IN BILTMORE CLUB; POISON SUSPECTED

Toxicologist Summoned Following Collapse of Mrs. Charles Webb at Rye.

RELATIVES WANT INQUIRY

Physician Refuses to Issue Certificate Owing to Doubt as to Cause of Death.

HUSBAND WITH HER AT END

He Says Pneumonia Developed Into Kidney Disease—Expresses Grief Over Death.

Mrs. Charles Webb, daughter of S. Jennings Gorman, wealthy in her own right and member of the Westchester social set, died in the Westchester Biltmore Country Club at Rye, N. Y., on last Tuesday night under such circumstances that her physician refused to issue a death certificate.

The physician, Dr. William J. Meyer of White Plains, reported to Coroner Edward F. Fitzgerald of Westchester County, who communicated with an aunt and uncle who were present when Mrs. Webb died. These relatives joined Dr. Meyer in demanding an investigation.

As a result of their corroboration of the physician Coroner Fitzgerald summoned several medical experts, including toxicologists, from New York. These men went to White Plains Wednesday, removed Mrs. Webb's viscera and turned them over to Dr. Goettler, a toxicologist of New York. Dr. Goettler is examining them to determine whether or not there was poison in lethal doses in Mrs. Webb's system. His report is expected either today or Monday.

Coroner Fitzgerald in conversation with a Times reporter last night said that the examination of Mrs. Webb's viscera was being made because there was a suspicion that she might have been poisoned.

"Or, to put it in other words," he added, "there was a doubt as to whether or not she died a natural death."

Dead Woman Worth Millions.

What further action, if any, is taken by the Westchester officials depends upon the nature of that report. Meantime they observed extraordinary reticence as to the precise nature of the suspicions in the matter of the death of a woman said to be worth several million dollars in her own right. Efforts last night to communicate with members of the family who it was believed shared the secret guarded so carefully in official quarters were unavailing for the most part.

The only member of the family who was reached who consented to discuss the mystery at all was Charles Webb, the husband, known to his intimates as "Carl." Mr. Webb, who is about 50 years old, has been dividing his time since his wife's death between the Yale Club, where he made his home before his marriage, and the German house at 226 Madison Avenue, where he lived with his wife, who was the fourth generation of the German family to occupy that place. He has been a broker for 20 years.

When he was interviewed at the Yale Club late last night, Mr. Webb took issue with those who have cast doubt on the cause of his wife's death.

"She was taken ill about a month ago with a mild case of pneumonia," he said. "I can't describe it better than that, because I'm not a professional man. After that I understood her kidneys became affected."

News of the autopsy appeared to come as a surprise to Mr. Webb. "I knew there was something in the wind," he exclaimed. Asked what he meant by that, he answered:

"Give me time. My head's running around."

He dropped the subject for a moment, but later returned to it, saying:

"The old man (Mrs. Webb's father S. Jennings Gorman) has been trying all day to get in touch with me to tell me something in a friendly way."

His father-in-law, he added, was at the Hotel Morehouse in Bridgeport, Conn. Efforts to communicate with him there, however, brought the response that Mr. Gorman was not expected back at the hotel last night.

Continuing the interview, Mr. Webb at first contradicted a reporter who told him that the physician attending his wife had refused to issue a death cer-

Continued on Page Two.

GESSLER MADE DICTATOR OF GERMANY WITH BAVARIA KEPT CALM BY VON KAHR; SAXONY AND RHINELAND ARE RESTIVE

Communists Start a Strike of Ruhr Miners and Cologne Hears a Putsch is Impending

Copyright, 1923, by The New York Times Co.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

DUESSELDORF, Sept. 27.—News of Chancellor Stresemann's abandonment of passive resistance has created a somewhat confused situation in the Ruhr. On the one hand the Government employes show a good disposition and seem willing to co-operate with the forces of occupation as soon as definite orders arrive from Berlin. But the Communists and Bolshevist elements among the working classes, who are always ready for an opportunity to create trouble, are making full use of the chance to stir up a revolt or even, if possible, foment a revolution.

The extremists today declared a general strike of miners. The union leaders seem to have lost practically all control over the men. Work has already ceased in many mines in the Recklinghausen, Gelsenkirchen and Wanne districts. It is expected the strike movement will spread.

In contrast with their previous policy of siding against their own Government rather than against the French, the extremists say:

"Now that passive resistance is abandoned it is necessary to adopt a policy of direct action to throw the French out of the Ruhr by force."

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COLOGNE, Sept. 27.—According to messages from the Ruhr, the Gelsenkirchen Communists enforced the general strike in their area by going into the mines and forcing three shifts, which had descended, to come out. Twenty thousand miners attended open-air protest meetings against the cessation of passive resistance. The separatist leader, Herr Mathies, has denied the existence of plans for a putsch in Duesseldorf on Sunday, but red placards posted by separatists in Duesseldorf confirm the story of the proposed outbreak. They say:

"The Berlin Government has surrendered unconditionally. The break-up is already here. Your only refuge is a Rhineland republic, which alone can give you food and work. The population is called upon to turn out en masse on Sunday."

The protest strike was a failure in the British zone. Several thousand men, mostly unemployed, marched in a procession with revolutionary banners through Cologne, but were dispersed without difficulty by the police.

BALDWIN PROCLAIMS RESTORED ENTENTE

Discord Was Removed by Conference With Poincare, British Premier Declares.

BEST HOPE FOR EUROPE

Importance of Working Together Is Now Recognized in Paris and London, He Adds.

Copyright, 1923, by The New York Times Company.
By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Sept. 27.—Premier Baldwin, speaking this afternoon at Philip Stot College, near Northampton, gave his own explanation of what he had accomplished at his meeting with Premier Poincare. He had restored confidence between the two Governments, he declared, "no more and no less," but he also made it plain that he had not subordinated British to French policy and that it was still possible that their political views might diverge.

The Premier's statement came at the end of a speech addressed to the students of the college. He declared that it was a spirit of peace he was endeavoring to deal with the situation in Europe. Then, after explaining that with the imperial conference meeting next week he could say only a few words, and speaking very slowly, evidently weighing each word, the Premier said:

"When this Government came into office there was an atmosphere of restraint, almost of distrust, between France and ourselves. I have no doubt that if Bonar Law had been spared to us as Prime Minister a little longer, he would have dissipated that atmosphere once and for all. It was my good fortune, in an interview which I had last week with the President of the Council in Paris, to help, as I believe, to restore that atmosphere of confidence which had for some time been lost, no more and no less.

"But I think there is now both in Paris and in London a recognition of the importance of the Entente in this way, that without it the European settlement would be far more difficult. Indeed, events of the last two or three weeks have pointed out to those who have eyes to see that the best hope of a settlement lies in the intimate relationship between France and this country."

"And if anything occurs that might keep our two countries apart, then I fear it would make all these problems which we have to face incomparably more difficult than they are today."

The rest of the day was a holiday for the Premier. With his big cherry wood pipe in his mouth—he confided to THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent his regret at being able to get only English and not the American tobacco—he mixed with tenants and joked with them.

ITALIANS HAND OVER CORFU TO GREEKS

Salute the Greek Flag as It Is Raised After Invaders' Evacuation.

BUT FLEET RETURNS LATER

Inhabitants Perturbed by This Move — Mussolini Awaits Final Settlement.

Copyright, 1923, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ATHENS, Sept. 27.—The Italians evacuated Corfu this morning. The Italian flag was lowered in the fortress at 8 A. M. and the Greek flag was hoisted immediately. Honors were rendered in both cases by the Italian squadron and Greek destroyers. The Greek flag was also hoisted over public buildings and a platoon of carabinieri rendered usual honors in front of the Prefecture.

The Italian squadron weighed anchor at 8:30 A. M. and sailed away. Later it suddenly returned, anchoring in the harbor at 1 P. M.

Up to a late hour the Greek Government was without any explanation of the reason for the return.

The bells of Corfu pealed merrily at the time of the morning ceremonies. As soon as the last Italian warship left the harbor the crowds proceeded to the British and French Consulates and gave cheers for Great Britain and France.

The decision of the conference of Ambassadors to pay Italy the full amount of 50,000,000 lire which the Hellenic Government deposited as guarantee in the Swiss bank was received here with considerable surprise and caused a painful impression.

LONDON, Sept. 27.—An Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Athens, mentioning the gathering of an Italian fleet in the harbor of Corfu, which dispatch from that city said had mystified the inhabitants, says the fleet probably was awaiting Greece's acceptance of the decision of the conference of Ambassadors over the payment of the indemnity to Italy.

BRINDISI, Italy, Sept. 27.—Several ships from Corfu today landed returning troops, machine guns, artillery, camp equipment, horses and mules. The soldiers were welcomed heartily. They reported their stay at Corfu as most pleasant.

NAPLES, Sept. 27.—Two vessels bringing Italian soldiers from Corfu have arrived here and were the object of an imposing demonstration. The troops marched to barracks accompanied by great crowds who strewed flowers before them. The soldiers said the people of Corfu treated their uninvited guests with courtesy, even sympathy, and gave them a cordial farewell when they left the island.

TARANTO, Italy, Sept. 27.—Three transports have reached here loaded with troops and war material from Corfu. They were received with great enthusiasm. The regimental band played the Fascista hymn "Giovinezza." The soldiers were received triumphantly by the great crowds that gathered at the military port, cheering for Mussolini and Italy.

Deputy Attorney General Ryan Out.

ALBANY, N. Y., Sept. 27.—Deputy Attorney General M. Vincent Ryan, formerly of Buffalo, tendered his resignation today, effective Oct. 1. Mr. Ryan, who has been connected with the Attorney General's office for fifteen years, will resume the practice of law in Albany.

Mattress for Nothing, sold on money-back guarantee by mattress maker. Shops.—Advt.

HITLER COUP FORESTALLED

Political and Open-Air Meetings in Munich Are Prohibited.

LOCAL TROOPS REINFORCED

Assurances of Loyalty to Berlin Given by Bavarian Premier Over Telephone.

ALLIES NOTIFIED ON RUHR

Decree Rescinding All Passive Resistance Orders Also Published in Official Gazette.

By CYRIL BROWN.

Copyright, 1923, by The New York Times Company.
By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Sept. 27.—After the proclamation issued at an early hour this morning by President Ebert declaring a state of emergency in view of the appointment of Dr. von Kahr as Dictator in Bavaria, the Bavarian Minister President von Knilling, called up Chancellor Stresemann on the telephone from Munich.

He assured him of the absolute loyalty of himself, the Bavarian Government and the "Dictator," von Kahr, to the Reich.

The Berlin Government on its side assured the Bavarian Government that President Ebert's proclamation of a state of siege over all Germany was not meant as a declaration of war against Bavaria or even as affront.

At the request of Dr. von Kahr, Munich's Reichswehr garrison was reinforced by Bavarian Reichswehr troops drawn from Kempten and Landau, and in a conference with General von Lossow, Commander of the Reichswehr, and Colonel Seisser, Commander of the Bavarian State Security Police, Dr. von Kahr was told that the Government could rely implicitly on both forces.

After a conference with the National Socialist Leader Hitler, who refused guarantee that there would be no trouble Dr. von Kahr forbade all fourteen of the projected Hitler mass meetings in Munich's biggest beer halls tonight, while the official publicity bureau of the Bavarian People's Party launched a scathing personal attack against Ludendorff.

President Ebert's proclamation has been ready several weeks for any emergency. It goes considerably further than any similar ordinance ever promulgated by the President. Under authority conferred by Paragraph 48 of the Constitution of the German Republic it temporarily suspends articles 114, 115, 117, 118, 123, 124 and 153.

President Ebert's proclamation accordingly suspends or limits all constitutional rights, including those of freedom of speech and assembly. Theoretically dictatorial power is vested in the Minister of National Defense, Dr. Gessler, who delegates it regionally and locally to Reichswehr commanders. The military authorities ordinarily can suppress newspapers, forbid meetings, make preventive arrests and exercise powers of search and confiscation without recourse to any court or authority except personal appeal to the Minister of National Defense.

Civil Commissioners can be appointed to co-operate with the military dictators. The Socialist Prussian Minister of the Interior, Severing, has been appointed Civil Commissioner for Prussia. Socialist Police President Richter is Civil Commissioner for Berlin, and it is likely that the "Dictator" von Kahr will be appointed Civil Commissioner for Bavaria, thus solving the delicate dilemma of prestige between Berlin and Bavaria. Saxony will be the most dangerous danger spot in view of the bitter feud between Saxony's radical Minister-President, Dr. Zeigner, and Minister of Defense Gessler.

There is general agreement that the political situation actually is not so acute as to necessitate or warrant setting state of siege machinery in motion. It is interpreted, first, as a precautionary measure by an over-nervous government laboring under the strain of giving up passive resistance; second, as a purely a measure of prestige designed to supersede Bavaria's private state of siege by the Reich's authority, and thirdly, for effect both at home and abroad, on the one hand tending to distract German attention from the giving up of passive resistance and on the other hand tending to call the attention of the world particularly France, England and America, to Germany's "critical" situation.

The Bavarian Government's proclamation of a practical state of siege for Bavaria and the appointment of Dr. von Kahr as Dictator are believed to be directed not against Berlin but against Hitler and Ludendorff and their followers.

Situation Has Complications.

BERLIN, Sept. 27 (Associated Press).—With a state of emergency having been proclaimed by both the Stresemann Government and the Bavarian Government, presided over by Premier von Knilling, the situation in Germany for the moment is a complicated and uncertain one.

No indication is manifested around Government quarters tonight, however, to take an unduly tragic view of the turn of affairs created by the latest exchange of amenities between Berlin and Munich and the appointment as dictator in Bavaria of Dr. von Kahr, who during his days as Premier of that State was the especial bane of the Berlin Chancellor.

Although Herr Stresemann and his associates were visibly nettled at the precipitate manner in which the Bavarian action was carried out, the Berlin Government heads tonight professed the belief that they thought more harm than

Druggist Says Liquor Sales Curse His Trade; Suggests State Stores to End Bootlegging

BOSTON, Sept. 27.—"The greatest curse visited on the retail druggists of the country was putting whisky and alcohol into their hands," said G. Schmeirer, of Kansas City, at the convention of the National Association of Retail Druggists here today. Mr. Schmeirer's statement was made in reply to one by Charles F. Mann of Detroit favoring tax free alcohol.

"We can't afford to have tax-free alcohol in drug stores," Mr. Schmeirer said. "The time is coming when you will be ashamed to say you are in the retail drug business. We must legislate liquor out of the drug business. It is a failure, handled as it is. Liquor is going to be made and sold by bootleggers.

"We can go to the Government and suggest that it establish dispensaries all over the United States to sell liquor at $2.50 or $3 a quart. The consumer will get good liquor and the bootlegger can't live. The Government will make its revenue and will cut down our taxes."

Describing conditions in Kansas City, Mr. Schmeirer asserted that there were 400 drug stores and that one rule only was demanded, that the druggist must be a law-abiding citizen and run his drug store according to the laws of Missouri.

"We were not able to find seventy-five of the 400 who were law-abiding citizens," he said.

Mr. Mann, in the address which precipitated the discussion, said he felt that the drug trade of the country was committed to the high price of alcohol and that the average jobber and manufacturer liked the enormous tax placed upon it.

He said the tax was about $4.40 per gallon for 100 per cent. test. He then declared himself in favor of tax-free alcohol.

TAKE BELL-ANS AFTER MEALS. Gives Amazing Benefit. Start Today.—Advt.

Pinchot Not Ready to Decide on Presidency; Takes Up Coal Charges Again After Holiday

Special to The New York Times.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Sept. 27.—Governor Pinchot is not yet ready to take the State or the nation into his confidence regarding his Presidential aspirations, if he has any.

The Governor returned to the capital today after a vacation which started soon after he had induced the operators and the miners to accept his terms of settlement of the anthracite coal strike. Since that time his name has been mentioned frequently as a possible candidate for the Republican nomination for President. He was asked today if he would have a statement relative to the matter, and he said he would make a very careful reply. He then dictated the following:

"Certain of my friends have been exceedingly courteous in their references to me and I am duly appreciative. Further than that, I have nothing to say."

The Governor seemed much more interested in talking about his suggestions, made at the time of the coal conference here, regarding the absorption of added costs of anthracite by the operators, the distributors and the transportation companies.

"I am here to take up the coal question at once," he said. "I have this morning consulted with Secretary Walsh of the Department of Mines, Chairman Ainey of the Public Service Commission, the Attorney General and others, and am proceeding as vigorously and as rapidly as I know how with the matter of prices of anthracite coal. It is only proper, however, to add that this question is complicated and far reaching, and that it will take some time to work out."

The Governor consulted twice during the day with Chairman Ainey, and he said that he would call in any one who could throw light upon the subject of price reduction under existing conditions. He said he would try to learn all the facts connected with the situation before attempting to do anything.

How did your gesture look this morning? When you feel the need for suggestion something, think of "Bestone."—Advt.

the victims of Bavarian "Kikeyhearsies," and seemingly realized their own inability correctly to appraise Munich psychology, despite their past experience with Bavarian diplomacy.

Secession Talk Scouted.

The talk of revolt and secession by Bavaria is scouted in official circles in Berlin, where the impression is given that the two Governments are in complete accord with respect to common aims and that their proclamations in no way collide. At the Chancellery it was stated that Herr Stresemann was convinced that Premier von Knilling was sincerely desirous of co-operating with the Central Government in the present perturbed internal situation, but that the Bavarian Premier naturally was forced to take full cognizance of the conflicting currents which complicate the Bavarian situation, and which in no event could be controlled by the Berlin Government.

The Central Government's proclamation takes precedence over the Bavarian manifesto and also establishes that General von Lossow of the Reichswehr, who has been appointed military commander in Bavaria, has superior authority to von Kahr, in that he represents Dr. Gessler, who has been virtually created military dictator for all Germany by the terms of the Government's proclamation.

The two Governments, it was added, are closely co-operating, and the political leaders here are confident that Chancellor Stresemann's adroitness as a negotiator will avoid any ruffling of Bavarian sensibilities.

There are about 12,000 Government troops permanently garrisoned in Bavaria, and they are at the immediate disposal of Von Lossow and von Kahr. They are augmented by the Bavarian police, and it is believed these can be relied upon in an acute emergency.

There is, nevertheless, partially concealed satisfaction in political quarters in Berlin over what is termed the predicament in which von Knilling and von Kahr are now finding themselves, and which is viewed here as retribution for the leniency which permitted Adolph Hitler and kindred super-patriots to gain a dangerous ascendency over the more moderate Nationalists led by Dr. Von Kahr.

Swiss Think von Kahr Is Plotting.

BERNE, Sept. 27.—The appointment of Dr. von Kahr as virtual dictator in Bavaria is regarded as of great significance by persons in Berne in close touch with the Bavarian situation. They assert that von Kahr is hostile to both the German republic and the existing Berlin Administration.

He is an intimate friend of Prince Rupprecht, the former Crown Prince of Bavaria, and the recent events are believed to be the first steps in an attempt to bring about a monarchist separatist revolution in Bavaria.

Bavaria's Teeth Had Been Drawn.

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BERLIN, Sept. 27.—That Bavaria was forestalled was admitted by Chancellor Stresemann at a press meeting today. The Chancellor said that weeks ago when giving up the passive resistance was first discussed it was decided to prepare a martial law proclamation. Now that Bavaria had declared a dictatorship a proclamation had been issued with an order to prevent the Right wing radicals everywhere from uniting and following the action of Bavaria.

Chancellor Stresemann emphasized that Bavaria was doing the utmost against Herr Hitler's Fascisti and that the Fatherland Nationalist unions had divorced themselves from Herr Hitler today, joining Herr von Kahr and leaving Herr Hitler only with his storm troop followers.

Most of the troops from Kempten and Landau, Bavaria, were called into Munich by General Lossow, which Chancellor Stresemann hoped would prevent Herr Hitler's Fascisti from starting a revolution, inasmuch as the Government was relying on the Reichswehr.

The Bavarian Government has informed Berlin that Herr von Kahr was selected on account of his power over the Nationalist elements.

War Minister Gessler and Commander-in-Chief von Zeeckt, however, may have saved Germany from immediate civil war through their great coup recently executed three weeks ago. That is why General von Zeeckt virtually is dictator of Germany, although Herr Gessler officially is Commissioner.

These two men now will be able to establish a military dictatorship at a moment's notice, but for the time they will protect the national coalition Government. Their coup, according to a member of the military régime, consisted of withdrawing the Bavarian troops from Bavaria on the pretext of manoeuvres and replacing them with Würtemburgers, Saxons and Baden divisions.

Counter-Coup Prepared.

Three weeks ago it was learned that there was reason to fear Bavaria would break away at the first opportunity, so Herr Gessler, himself a Bavarian, the former Burgomaster of Nuremberg, and a son of a Sergeant in the former Kaiser's army, and General von Zeeckt, former Chief of Staff and brains of the Austrian Army of Archduke Joseph and General von Ludendorff's greatest rival, got together.

Company by company the Bavarian troops upon whom they could not rely, should Bavaria strike loose, were withdrawn. Within the last week the manoeuvres in Württemberg kept the Bavarians busy while Herr Gessler and General von Zeeckt poured in reliable Württemberg and other troops from Protestant, anti-monarchist or socialistic States of Germany.

Today, according to military advices, there are 25,000 Württemberg, Saxon and Baden troops in Bavaria and only a handful of native sons.

It is reported here that Dr. von Kahr has set a special guard over General von Ludendorff, fearing that he will lead a pan-German military movement against both Munich and Berlin. It is reported that Dr. von Kahr has declared the intention of arresting General von Ludendorff and Herr Hitler in case a revolt against him is threatened.

Berlin today is watching Saxony and the Rhineland as well as Bavaria. Premier Zeigner, sworn enemy of Herr Gessler, stands between Munich and Berlin, hurling Socialist threats against the Bavarian monarchists and warning Berlin that Red Saxony will break loose the moment the Reichswehr attempts to desert the republican form of government.

On Sunday a Rhineland republic will be proclaimed at Düsseldorf if the German militia and the Nationalists prove powerless against the separatist movement.

Kahr Prohibits Meetings.

MUNICH, Bavaria, Sept. 27 (Associated Press).—Dr. von Kahr, the Bavarian military dictator, has prohibited meetings of the followers of Adolph Hitler, the Fascist leader, and all other political gatherings.

The situation throughout Bavaria at present is reported quiet.

An official communiqué was issued stating that at a meeting held this morning Dr. von Kahr and General von Lossow, commander of the Bavarian Reichswehr, declared they would execute the orders of the Bavarian Government without question in the maintenance of order in Bavaria.

The leaders of the Nationalist associations who were present also promised to obey the Government's orders, with the exception of Adolph Hitler, who reserved the right to act as he saw fit and demanded that Dr. von Kahr authorize the holding of the fourteen meetings the Hitlerites had called. Dr. von Kahr, however, declined to accede to this demand.

The meeting was followed by an order from Dr. von Kahr prohibiting all political gatherings and open air meetings in Munich.

The Reichswehr troops have been reinforced by contingents from Lower Bavaria.

Premier von Knilling today notified the Berlin Government that Dr. von Kahr had been appointed to his present post owing to his influence with the Nationalist organizations and because the Bavarian Government was convinced of his absolute loyalty. The central Government thereupon appointed General von Lossow as military commander in Bavaria, and gave to him instructions to co-operate with Dr. von Kahr. Von Lossow has been in command of the Bavarian Reichswehr.

Hitler Virtually Eliminated.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MUNICH, Sept. 27.—The appointment of Dr. von Kahr as dictator is generally approved. He is considered the only man capable of filling the position and enjoys the support of the majority of the population.

His regime will probably mark the beginning of a new era in the relations between Bavaria and the Reich. It would seem from the powers conferred upon him that Dr. von Kahr's authority over the railway and postal service supersedes that of the Reich. Bavaria perhaps hopes to attain that degree of Federal independence desired by a large section of the population.

Any prospect of Hitler playing a leading part in Bavarian politics appears to have vanished, and though in the remote prospect of Communist aggression his storm troops might be used, their immediate activities are probably at an end.

TELLS OF END OF RESISTANCE.

Germany's Decision Is Communicated to Allied Ambassadors.

BERLIN, Sept. 27 (Associated Press).—Chancellor Stresemann received the Entente Ambassadors today and formally notified them of the Government's decision to cease passive resistance. Tonight a decree rescinding all passive resistance orders was published in a special number of the Official Gazette.

The German Minister for the occupied territory has been instructed by the Government to take all necessary measures in the new situation, and he will accordingly represent the Government in all the negotiations.

Passive resistance in its latest stages fully failed to exert "moral pressure" on France and Belgium and became so weak that it had shriveled to a mere shadow of its former self, said an official of the German Government in discussing the psychological phases of the Ruhr situation.

Athletic meets held in the occupied cities, he said, were so generously patronized by the natives that the admission tickets gave out, and it was necessary to fling open the gates to accommodate the clamoring spectators.

The enforced idleness of hundreds of thousands of resisters engendered a state of demoralization which the official believed would promptly assert itself when work was resumed. He questioned whether the individual capacity of the average Ruhr workman would again attain its previous standard of efficiency.

As for finances, this official asserted that new levies of taxes to support the Ruhr fight were wholly out of the question, inasmuch as Bavaria was already officially protesting against the Government's existing tax program, which did not provide for the Ruhr subsidies.

Nothing short of drastic confiscation of private fortunes would have been necessary to continue the policy of passive resistance, in the opinion of this official. That would have meant the squandering of national wealth without achieving anything tangible at home or abroad.

PARIS, Sept. 27 (Associated Press).—The authorities of occupation in the Ruhr are said to be prepared to meet any emergency which may arise there as a consequence of today's proclamation in Berlin. The extreme measures reported to be regarded as partly in response to the action of the Bavarians in setting up a dictatorship, and in any case as solely related to the requirements of interior politics, entirely independent of the foreign situation.

Neither President Ebert's proclamation announcing abandonment of resistance in the Ruhr nor today's action in giving the control over to the military authorities is considered as changing the situation so far as concerns the Allies. They will wait watchfully for events to take a decisive turn, without intervening in any way unless action by the troops of occupation in the Rhineland and the Ruhr is absolutely necessary to prevent grave disturbances there.

It was said in official circles that it had been fully expected that the Germans would move in some direction to make their capitulation in the Ruhr "invisible."

Whether a military dictatorship or even a monarchy shall replace the so-called republic in Germany is considered in many French political circles as quite immaterial, as it is still thought in these circles that the great majority of the German people is reactionary at heart and no more disposed to resist allied measures under a reactionary régime sailing under its real colors than under a nominally republican form of government.

In an case, recent events are regarded here as wiping off the slate all negotiations that have occurred since Jan. 11, when the Ruhr occupation began, and as clearing the field for a new deal, starting from such time as the Germans are ready to say they want to talk seriously with the Allies.

MONARCHIST RISING CHIEF FRENCH FEAR

Paris Is Inclined to Stand Aside Unless German Militarists Win the Upper Hand.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Sept. 27.—The attitude of Paris toward the German convulsions is strictly one of laissez-faire. The French feel that what is happening across the Rhine is the exhibition of an evil disposition and that they are called on to play no rôle except to hold on to the Ruhr until Germany gets tired of fighting and settles down to meeting her obligations, or until it becomes plain she intends to try something else—and that will be another bridge to cross.

However, the German troubles have undoubtedly shaken French assessment of the worth of their victory in forcing the cessation of the Ruhr passive resistance. Evidently there is no big feeling in Germany that the best way out is to meet the French reparation terms. Yet the French point out if Germany no longer pays workers in the Ruhr to be idle, they will probably soon be glad to work for some one who will pay them, that some one being the Franco-Belgian régie.

The strike of Communists in the Ruhr announced today does not worry the French deeply because they have troops enough to take care of any disturbances which may begin.

The French do not believe there is danger of communism in Germany, but they are watching closely the Bavarian development and movements of von Kahr, the Munich dictator, who is an avowed Monarchist.

There probably is only one possible development which could send the French army further into Germany and that would be a monarchical restoration of the program of rebuilding Germany's military prowess. If that were to happen, the fat would be in the fire.

The Temps tonight thinks France should turn all her attention to Munich. It doubts the Reichswehr would ever oppose the Bavarian monarchists and sees danger in the possibility that volunteers may flock to the Reichswehr eventually under Bavarian leadership to make it safe against communism. A strong Reichswehr led by men who declare the Treaty of Versailles dead might bring the situation almost beyond today's imagination, thinks the Temps.

As for France, says the Temps, she only remains calm and takes precautions against any eventuality.

Any one in touch with the Paris Government would be blind not to see that Germany's behavior today is likely to cost her dearly. Ebert's proclamation, it is held here, not only antagonized the French but gave ammunition to the German Nationalists in picturing Germany as imposed upon in a highly unjust fashion by cruel France.

Two days ago the Matin, which often speaks for Poincaré, hailed the cessation of passive resistance as perhaps opening the way to an amicable settlement with Germany. Tomorrow morning the Matin will say:

"France and Belgium will wait. It is not up to them to take any initiative. Germany pretends to have stopped resistance only for the motive of internal finance and her proclamations say her change of front has nothing to do with her foreign relations.

"In these conditions, since Germany feigns to ignore the results of our action, we have only to ignore her own troubles and await proposals which will permit the Allies finally to reach a reparation settlement."

WORLD COURT RULING ON LEAGUE ASSURED

Council Votes to Submit to It the Long-Mooted Questions of Competency.

DR. NANSEN FORCES ACTION

Small States Under His Leadership Present Demands for Interpretation of Covenant.

GENEVA, Sept. 27 (Associated Press).—The Council of the League of Nations after a two hours' debate tonight agreed to submit two questions covering the general aspects of the League's competency in international complications to the Permanent Court of International Justice at The Hague. This was brought about by the action of the smaller States, which sent a collective note to the Council relative to the interpretation of the covenant.

A dozen of these smaller members, including Norway and Holland, sent a collective note to the Council asking when it intended to make a report on its activities concerning interpretation of the covenant and expressing sincere hope that the report would be delivered before the adjournment of the Assembly on Saturday.

This warning, which resulted partly from the initiative of Dr. Fridtjof Nansen, arrived at the Council table in the midst of a lively private discussion on the question of interpretation of the covenant, which question a majority of the members want referred to the Permanent Court of International Justice.

The Council also provisionally decided that two other questions should go before a special commission of eminent jurists rather than to a permanent court because they were deemed to be of a political rather than a legal nature. One concerns the right of States to adopt coercive measures, while the other endeavors to obtain the fixing of a country's responsibility for crimes committed in its territory.

Members of the Council tonight tried to induce Signor Salandra, the Italian member, to consent to the Permanent Court's passing upon the question whether other matters, such as incidents affecting national honor, were also to be excluded from the competences of the League; but Signor Salandra was obdurate. He said he did not want such incidents to go before the Permanent Court and was not sure that he wanted them to go anywhere.

The French are seeking to act as conciliators, believing that eventually Italy will agree to a full examination of the covenant.

M. Lebrun, a former member of the French Cabinet, who helped Lord Robert Cecil draft the proposed treaty of mutual assistance, said tonight that the world should realize that the chief aim of the treaty was the reduction of armaments, which was only possible in most countries when their security was established. He emphasized the fact that Great Britain, France and Italy must ratify the treaty before it could be made operative in Europe.

The Disarmament Commission decided definitely tonight that in view of the divergency of opinion on its contents, including the clause authorizing supplementary defensive alliances, all the Governments should be requested to send to the League their opinions of the treaty. Therefore action on the treaty has been postponed until next year.

The Assembly of the League held meetings today both in the morning and afternoon, considering chiefly humanitarian problems and measures to organize relief for countries in distress. Dr. Nansen, who will soon tour the United States, was praised for his heroic efforts in this direction.

The leadership of the United States in the opium fight was the subject of warm tributes, many of the delegates laying stress on the deep importance of the proposed opium conference. The general view was that the world, through the co-operation of all nations, must arrest the rapidly spreading poisoning of the human race.

Expression of appreciation for the action of the United States in taking the lead in the struggle against the opium evil were given by several delegates at a plenary session of the Assembly today.

The Assembly adopted a series of resolutions providing, among other things, for two conferences, one to reduce opium smoking in Far Eastern lands and to suppress the illegal production and use of opium in China, and the second to be a general conference, with representatives of all countries attending, to limit the manufacture of narcotic drugs derived from opium and the coca leaf to medicinal and scientific purposes, as advocated by the United States.

The Assembly also adopted a resolution today that membership on the permanent Committee on Intellectual Co-operation be increased so that a professor of the University of Vienna should represent Germanic culture, and the cultural standards represented by Rumania, Yugoslavia, Czechoslovakia, Ireland and Finland would be recognized by a system of rotation in choosing delegates. Members of the League of Nations should be urged to make arrangements for children and youth "to be made aware of the existence and aims of the League of Nations and the terms of its Covenant."

SOUTHAMPTON PLANS BERTH FOR LEVIATHAN

Dredging Project to Be Undertaken if Shipping Board Ratifies Agreement to Pay.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

SOUTHAMPTON, Sept. 27.—A big scheme of dredging is to be undertaken by the Southampton Harbor Board, if an agreement made with the British representatives of the United States Shipping Board is ratified in Washington. Hitherto the Leviathan has occupied one of the deep water berths usually allotted to Cunard or White Star vessels, and the scheme will give the Leviathan an adequate berth of her own.

The Southern Railway and the Harbor Board have been willing to provide accommodation, but they have asked for a guarantee of an adequate monetary return from the Leviathan. A conference has taken place between all the parties concerned, and at today's meeting of the Harbor Board the terms of a provisional agreement were revealed.

According to this agreement the United States Shipping Board is to contribute the sum of £7,500, payable in dues on the Leviathan at the minimum rate of £1,500 per annum for five years. The agreement will take effect as from the first sailing of the Leviathan last July.

SEEK TO STOP 'PLAIN JANE.'

Johnstone and Cook Say They Are Owners of Copyright.

An action for a temporary injunction restraining the production of "Plain Jane," a new musical comedy, which Arthur Hammerstein recently announced would go into rehearsal early in October, was begun in the Federal Court yesterday by Thomas A. Johnstone and Phillip Cook, residents of New Jersey. The complaint states that they are the owners of the copyright of the idea and plot of a similar comedy which they originated in 1922.

Arthur Hammerstein's announcement concerning the play was joined with the statement that it was the work of Oscar Hammerstein and William Cary Duncan, with music by Oscar Stothart and Vincent Youmans. All of these four are named as defendants along with Mary Bartholmes or Mary Hay, as she is better known to theatregoers, who was to take the leading part.

RICH WOMAN DIES; POISON IS SUSPECTED

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

tificate. "We have the body down here," he said.

"Yes, but the autopsy has been performed," he was told.

"Do they usually issue a death certificate afterward?" he inquired.

"Yes," he was informed, "after the vital organs have been taken out for examination in a case of this kind, there is no further reason to hold the body."

Mr. Webb turned to expressing his own grief at his wife's death. "We worked together and played together for ten years," he said.

He went on to say that Mrs. Webb had been devoted to her mother, the late Mrs. Gertrude A. Gorman, and that the two women had been inseparable until the mother died. "My wife didn't want to marry," he exclaimed. "She waited two years before she would consent."

"My wife was wealthy in her own right," Mr. Webb continued, in a somewhat rambling discourse, obviously due to the distress incident to his misfortune. Then he resumed discussion of his own state, exclaiming:

"Oh, my God, I worked my life away to save my wife's life! I sat beside her bed for ten days. Why, I'm sick now."

He clutched at his heart as he went on:

"Why, I had to call in one of the very doctors that was with her at the last. He was here last night and again early this morning. I'm all upset; I can't sleep."

The husband held up a bottle of pills, allowing the inference that the doctor had given them to him to make him sleep.

Webb Calls Up His Lawyer.

When Mr. Webb first was informed of the suspicions relative to his wife's death, he seemed inclined to discuss the case freely. But before doing so, he declared he would have to communicate with his lawyer and cousin, Howard Thayer Kingsbury, of Coudert Brothers. He telephoned to Mr. Kingsbury in the reporter's presence, saying:

"This matter was taken a new angle. The press is on my shoulders now. They want me to make a statement. Will you talk to THE TIMES reporter who is here?"

Mr. Kingsbury evidently said he would not talk to the reporter and rang off, for Mr. Webb hung up and turning to his visitor, said:

"I'd like to tell all I know about my wife's death, but I must abide by my lawyer's instructions."

The funeral at the Gorman home tomorrow is to be followed by services at Central Laurel Hills Cemetery in Philadelphia. William T. Hunter, an uncle of Mrs. Webb, and Mrs. Hunter, who were present when she died, returned yesterday to their home in Devon, Pa., of which city Mr. Hunter formerly was Mayor. It was said that the Hunters would be in Philadelphia for the funeral. It was they who backed up Dr. Meyer in his demand for an autopsy. But since they had set official machinery in motion, they sealed their lips and it was predicted that they would say nothing further unless examination of the vital organs should show that further proceedings were in order.

To Seek Cause of Death.

When efforts were made to communicate with the Hunters in their Devon home last night, telephone connections were broken at the other end before any questions could be asked. From sources close to the authorities of Westchester it could be gleaned as to what either the Hunters or Dr. Meyer had told that led the Coroner to assemble an impressive galaxy of pathologists and autopsists to seek to learn beyond controversion the immediate cause of Mrs. Webb's death. This much, however, can be told.

The Webbs, who spent much time in fashionable hotels in Westchester and in Greenwich, Conn., came to the Westchester Biltmore Country Club about a month ago. Not being members themselves, they bore a card of introduction from someone who was. They engaged an expensive suite and lived quietly and mostly to themselves.

About a week after they came to the hotel Mrs. Webb became ill. Dr. Meyer was summoned. After his first examination of the patient he called in two trained nurses and thereafter the patient never was alone day or night. Although Dr. Meyer treated Mrs. Webb for three weeks before she succumbed, he is known to have told an official of Westchester County that she "was dying when I was called in."

Midnight Call on Coroner.

When Mrs. Webb died late on Tuesday night Dr. Meyer, after some hesitation, sought out Coroner Fitzgerald. It was obvious to the Coroner that his caller, who did not arrive until after midnight, was laboring under some excitement. The Coroner suggested to Dr. Meyer that he think over all the circumstances, and that if he still were persuaded that Mrs. Webb had died from unnatural causes he should return later in the morning and discuss the case further.

Dr. Meyer, however, insisted, and finally, at 3 o'clock in the morning, the Coroner telephoned to the Hunters, who had gone to the Gedney Farms Hotel on the outskirts of White Plains. It was learned that Mr. Hunter answered the telephone and that when he was asked whether he thought there was anything suspicious in Mrs. Webb's death, he answered: "I certainly do. And Mrs. Hunter, who is standing right here beside me, thinks so too."

Without further hesitation Coroner Fitzgerald ordered the body removed to an undertaker's and directed that it be not buried until after a post-mortem had been held. He then called to his assistance Dr. Thomas S. Gonzales of the New York Medical Examiner's office, Dr. Otto Schultze, toxicologist attached to the New York County District Attorney's office, and Dr. K. Sellars Kennard, Medical Examiner of Bronx County. In the presence of Coroner Fitzgerald and these three physicians the organs were removed, sealed in sterile containers and sent to Dr. Goettler.

Married Last November.

Mrs. Webb, who was 38 years old, was the daughter of S. Jennings Gorman and the late Mrs. Gertrude A. Gorman. She was married on Saturday, Nov. 4, 1922, at the home of her father, 226 Madison Avenue.

Her attendants were Mrs. Charles Hill, Mrs. Gladstone McElhiney, Mrs. Irving E. Burdick, and Master Edward Livingston Johnstone. Mr. Webb's best man was William S. K. Wetmore, and his ushers included his cousin, Colonel Howard Thayer Kingsbury, and the bride's cousin, Edmund A. S. Hunter of Devon, Pa., also A. Rene Moen and George A. Taylor. Their engagement was announced in October of that year.

Mrs. Webb was of the fourth generation that has occupied the family home in Madison Avenue. Her grandfather, the late Edmund A. S. Smith, was a banker and left large holdings of real estate that are still held by the family. On her father's side she descends from the Jennings and Price families of Fairfield, Conn.

Mr. Webb's father, the late Charles Henry Webb, "John Paul," was known as an author and journalist. For three years he was literary editor of THE NEW YORK TIMES under Henry J. Raymond and was also affiliated with The New York Tribune under Horace Greeley and with The New York Herald. He was the founder of The Californian, which was the first literary journal of that State, and publisher of Mark Twain's first book. His wife was a lineal descendant of Levi Holden, a lieutenant of Washington's body guard, and, with his brother, a founder of the Order of the Cincinnati.

Mr. Webb was graduated from Yale, class of '97, and is a member of the Sons of the Revolution.

TAMMANY NOW BUSY ON JUDICIAL SLATE

Governor and Murphy to Confer Today on Choice of Supreme Court Nominees.

HITCH OVER TWO OR THREE

Shearn Appeals for Non-Partisan Support in Picking Candidates.

With its judiciary convention but four days away, Tammany began yesterday to give serious consideration to the nominees it will select to fill the ten places on the Supreme Court bench this year. The Republican and anti-Tammany forces have practically agreed upon their list of candidates to go before the convention on Monday and this selection may be made public today or tomorrow.

Ignoring the efforts of the Bar Association and the County Lawyers' Association for a non-partisan ticket, Tammany has insisted upon putting its own group of candidates in the field. Seven or eight of these will be straight organization men and the hitch has occurred over the other nominees. According to authoritative information obtained at Tammany Hall yesterday, Leader Charles F. Murphy has turned thumbs down on the candidacy of Charles D. Donohue, minority leader of the Assembly.

Friends of Donohue have been working hard to get Murphy to accept him, and at one time his name had practically been agreed to, but a switch came yesterday, and he may now have to be satisfied with a place on the City Court bench, in place of Peter Schmuck. No reason for Donohue's elimination was given, but Justice Schmuck has the energetic backing of the leader of his district, Peter J. Dooling. Murphy is also said to have definitely agreed to the renomination of Supreme Court Justices Edward J. Gavegan and Nathan Bijur.

Tammany, upon the advice of Governor Alfred E. Smith, has also consented, it was said, to the nomination of Justice Joseph M. Proskauer and Jeremiah T. Mahoney, recess appointments of the Governor. Judge C. T. Crain is also being seriously considered by Tammany for a nomination.

Governor Smith came to New York yesterday afternoon and is expected to have a conference with Murphy and other leaders today. The judiciary tangle will probably be unravelled at this meeting, while plans for the Assembly fight also will be made. The Governor will address the Women's State Conference at Town Hall tonight, and tomorrow night he will make the keynote speech at a State Committee meeting at the same place.

The joint committee of the Bar Association and the New York County Lawyers' Association continued yesterday their process of receiving the names of non-partisan candidates and checking out the names of candidates already submitted. The complete list will be turned over to the Republican County Committee on Saturday.

Clarence J. Shearn, chairman of the Judiciary Committee of the New York County Lawyers' Association, made a plea yesterday for the citizens of New York to make their influence felt in the judiciary situation now instead of waiting until the nominations are actually made.

"It is high time to wake up to the importance of the judiciary situation," said Mr. Shearn. "Next Monday night the party conventions will make their nominations. After that the role of the citizen will be confined to a mere choice among the twenty candidates selected by the party bosses for the ten judgeships.

"All that can be done now is for the press and civic organizations to arouse public sentiment and make the party leaders aware that the nomination of party hacks and political favorites without due regard to qualifications, will lead to a determined and stirring campaign against such nominees, regardless of party lines.

"Here is where a vigorous public interest will prove effective. Let it be known that either a partisan refusal to continue in office Justices Bijur and Gavegan after their faithful service of fourteen years or the nomination of any unfit candidates will result in a serious campaign against the party responsible for playing politics with the bench, and the bosses will hesitate to raise such an issue. Its danger was demonstrated in the Newburger campaign two years ago.

"Here are ten Judges to be elected for fourteen years. The character of a great court is to be determined for a long time to come. Never before has there been an election when practically one-third of all our Supreme Court Justices were to be chosen at one time. Never before has this community faced such a responsibility. The liberties and the property rights of three millions of people and the virtual determination of many great questions of public policy will be in the keeping of these men for half a generation. In this situation it is inconceivable that the public interest will not assert itself. The task cannot be left to the Bar associations. The press, civic bodies and public spirited citizens must do the rest."

Amster Denies Quoting President.

Nathan L. Amster, President of the Citizens' National Railroads League, in a statement made public yesterday denied that he had said, as he had been quoted as saying after a visit to the White House last week, that President Coolidge was in favor of railroad consolidation. "In my conference with the President," Mr. Amster said in his statement, "I did not ask him whether he favored railroad consolidation, and he did not volunteer to state that he did."

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1922	Standard 8 Tour.	$1,200
1921	Stutz 4 Sport	$700
1918	W. K. 5-Pass. Sedan	$350
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$5,000 FOR PROOF OF COAL PROFITEERING

Retailer Offers Reward for Evidence That Any Dealer Is Holding for a Rise.

$14.25 CALLED A FAIR PRICE

Mrs. Welzmiller Is Told Situation Is Improving and Will Be Normal on Dec. 1.

The investigation of the coal situation in New York by the Department of Public Markets advanced a stage yesterday when representatives of the leading retailers met Mrs. Louis Reed Welzmiller, Deputy Commissioner, in her office in the Municipal Building, to answer the charges of profiteering which New York housewives have brought and to explain why four out of five households are without coal when the railroad yards are choked with deliveries from the mines.

After a hot dispute over the conference table, in which the biggest retailer in New York denied that one ounce of fuel was held back with a view to boosting prices, it was admitted by the dealers that $14.25 a ton was a fair charge and any advance over this would be profiteering. This figure is 15 cents per ton over the price which the investigating committee of the Women's Market Committee recently declared "logical." It was understood that $14.25 a ton is acceptable to the Department of Public Markets.

In explanation of the varying prices a prominent dealer explained that coal was being sold from $8.75 to $13 a ton at the mines. The last figure would mean $19 coal here. He said that some smaller operators had large overhead expenses and could not profitably produce under $13 a ton. But he emphasized that the majority of the big retailers had no excuse for adding more than 75 cents a ton to the pre-strike figure of $13.50.

Small Consumers Must Wait.

Big retailers, it was brought out, are filling orders from hotels, apartments and institutions and letting the "little people" wait until the last. This, the coal dealers declared, was natural, inasmuch as they were forced to look after their most profitable customers.

A heated argument between Mrs. Welzmiller and the representative of a concern which is said to supply 65 per cent. of the needs of this city developed over the statement that the tracks of the Lehigh Valley Railroad at Perth Amboy were overloaded with coal. This was denied by the coal dealer, until a telephone message verified the assertion. Two miles of tracks at Perth Amboy are occupied by cars filled with 40 to 60 tons each.

According to the coal interests the situation is improving every day. There will be no trouble, they say, in getting coal by the time Winter sets in. All that the public has to do is to remain patient. One dealer offered to give $5,000 to any charity if a single case were brought to his attention where coal was being held for a rise. Pressed for a definite statement as to when the situation would become normal, he said around Dec. 1. By that time the leading companies could comfortably deal with 20,000 orders a day, he declared.

Coal From Wales Available.

During the meeting it was learned that anthracite brought from Wales was on sale in New York at $14.50 a ton. A representative of a Cardiff concern said there were 4,000 tons for immediate delivery with unlimited quantities to follow should the demand warrant it.

Mrs. Welzmiller said that yesterday's talk with the coal dealers indicated that the big dealers would stabilize the price around $14.25. What the women wanted to get after, she said, was the profiteering among the small retailers, who, it had been clearly demonstrated, were selling up to and over $20 a ton, she added.

A report from the field force of the Investigating Committee of the Women's Market Committee came yesterday from Mrs Henrietta Morgenroth, Chairman of the Bronx Committee. She wrote that sixty householders had been interviewed. They ordered coal in April but had not received any yet. She said it appeared many would pay $17 to get the coal.

While New York housewives are fighting high coal prices, they are keeping an eye on sugar prices also, but no active steps can be taken until the coal investigators have completed their work.

Refined sugar advanced yesterday from 9.15 cents a pound to 9.60, the largest increase for a single day in many weeks. Among the refiners who quoted this price were E. Atkins & Co., Pennsylvania, and McCahan Sugar Refining Companies. Federal Sugar Refining Company quoted 9.15 cents, compared to 9 cents on Wednesday, and later withdrew from the market.

This advance was simultaneous with an increase in price by Pacific Coast refineries of a quarter of a cent to 9.35 cents a pound. Beet sugar advanced to 9.15 at San Francisco.

News Condensed

GENERAL.

Giant Plane Will Tour—Officers at McCook Field, Dayton, Ohio, will send the Barling bomber, world's largest airplane, on a country-wide tour, starting Sunday. The first stop will be St. Louis, scene of the coming international air races.

Too Many Liquor Cases—Because an increasing burden of hearing prohibition cases interferes with his law practice, L. Earl Higbee resigned as United States Commissioner at Syracuse, N. Y.

Troopers Raid Hotel—Responding to a telephone "tip," two State troopers left a dinner of their organization in Northampton, Mass., sat in a game in a hotel in West Cummington long enough to get evidence of gambling and arrested sixteen men who were fined $170.

Gasoline Price Inquiry—At the request of the Charleston (W. Va.) Automobile Club, Governor Morgan is investigating whether gasoline prices are higher in West Virginia than in neighboring States.

British Foresters Here—Major R. D. Furse, of the Colonial Office in London, and Professor Fraser Story, of the British Imperial Forestry Commission, are visiting the Yale School of Forestry at New Haven, the former to discuss closer relations between the tropical woods department of the school and the Colonial Office and the latter to study New England forests.

Child Found—Sheriff's posses, after an all-day search around Broadalbin, N. Y., for Walter Rohbeck, 2, who disappeared from his parents' home on the Saratoga Road on Wednesday, found the boy exhausted three miles from home.

Survives Safety Pin—William W. Johnson Jr., 5, rushed to Philadelphia two days ago with an open safety pin in his esophagus, was operated on at Jefferson Medical College and is minus the pin and well.

Heads Canal Conference—The New York State Barge Canal Conference at Syracuse elected George Clinton Sr., of Buffalo, Chairman, and went on record against international canalization of the St. Lawrence and in favor of deepening the Hudson at Albany.

Get Davison Scholarships—Two English university students are expected at Harvard College under the provisions of the Henry P. Davison scholarships, established by the banker's widow at Harvard, Yale and Princeton.

Government Loses in Court—Modification of an order requiring the Government to file a bill of particulars in its $3,000,000 suit against the James Stewart Company of New York, original contractor for building Camp Pike, was denied in Federal Court in Little Rock, Ark.

FOREIGN.

Japanese Minister Resigns—An Associated Press dispatch from Tokio announces the resignation of Tokichi Tanaka, Vice Minister of Foreign Affairs and Director of the Intelligence Bureau. His successor is Tsuneo Matsudaira, who has been Director of the European and American Affairs Bureau of the Foreign Office. Matsudaira is succeeded by Koki Hirota, recently Deputy Chief of the Bureau of Information, whose place is taken by Marquis Kinichi Komura, Secretary of the Foreign Office. Baron Tanetaro Megata has been appointed Privy Councillor.

WASHINGTON.

Republicans Meet—At the call of C. H. Huston of Chattanooga, Tenn., Chairman, a number of members of the Ways and Means Committee, including Fred W. Upham, Treasurer, and John T. Adams, Chairman, of the National Republican Committee, met to discuss plans for financing the Republican pre-convention campaign.

Urges Cadet Appointments—Because there will be vacancies at West Point for the year beginning in July, 1924, Adj. Gen. Davis has asked all Senators and Representatives to name their candidates for the March entrance examinations as soon as possible.

Resume Bulgar Money Orders—Under a recent agreement between this country and Bulgaria, money order exchange, discontinued during the war, will be resumed Oct. 1, according to an announcement of the Post Office Department, which said orders to Bulgaria would be limited to $25.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

Held as Hospital Thief—Charged with the theft of trinkets made by convalescent ex-service men in Reconstruction Hospital for their support, as well as jewelry of physicians there, Jack Heredia, hospital orderly, called "the meanest thief ever arraigned before me" by Magistrate Levine, was held in $5,000 bail.

Charged He Beat Child—When his 7-year-old son failed to return home promptly after an errand, it was said in court, Utichna Kukiawsky, 209 East 100th Street, severely beat him. The father was held in $2,000 bail for felonious assult.

Urges Trade Facilities—Ernesto C. Peres, Argentine Consul General, at a luncheon in his honor at the Whitehall Club, advocated the establishment of special offices in American factories to increase trade with his country.

Killed in Elevator—Harry L. Baldini, a manager for the Pogo Company, 202 Greene Street, was killed by the fall of a packing case as he was trying to liberate a stalled elevator.

Rabbis Organize—Twenty-two rabbis of this city organized themselves as "minute men" in the campaign to raise $1,000,000 for the Jewish Theological Seminary. The campaign will be launched at a national conference to be held at the Hotel Astor Oct. 7.

New Bibles for Japan—The American Bible Society, its director and entire force of 700 to 1,000 persons employed on its presses in Yokohama having been killed and its stock of Bibles destroyed, announced that it had arranged to print 500,000 copies in Japanese on presses running 24 hours a day.

Importers Meet—Directors of the National Council of American Importers at luncheon at the Pennsylvania Hotel announced that for the first time their organization would appoint delegates to take part in the American Marine Conference here in November.

Federal Bureau to Move—The U. S. Department of Internal Revenue in Brooklyn will move from the Brooklyn Post Office Building to its new quarters at Court and Schermerhorn Streets over the week-end, it was announced by John T. Rafferty, collector.

NO OCTOBER RACE OF ALIENS TO PORT

Steamship Owners Agree Upon a Plan to Avert the Monthly Quota Scramble.

ADOPT REGULAR SCHEDULE

Commissioner Curran Pleased With Ten Minute Interval Between Arrival of Liners.

Although eleven liners with about 10,000 immigrants aboard are now on the way to America in readiness for the opening of the October quota, there will be no race up the Narrows to cross the imaginary line at Quarantine as has occurred in other months, Commissioner Curran announced yesterday. He said that following a series of conferences with steamship lines a plan had been workout whereby the order of arrival at Quarantine will be determined from the time the liners pass Ambrose Channel Lightship. There will be ten-minute intervals thereafter between the time of arrivals of vessels at Quarantine.

Joseph Mayper, in charge of immigration for the Transatlantic Steamship Conference Lines, issued a statement yesterday after a conference between the Pilots' Association and his organization. The statement said, in part:

"That each vessel should proceed to the Ambrose Channel Lightship and there pick up its pilot, who will then inform the master of the numerical order of his vessel's arrival at the Lightship and of its approximate expected time of arrival at Quarantine. This procedure will enable the first vessel to arrive at Quarantine about five minutes after midnight and each succeeding vessel about ten minutes after the one preceding it. The pilot ship will be anchored inside the lightship.

"The pilot will notify the master of the exact time his vessel is due at Quarantine, based on the ten-minute intervals between vessels. Therefore if for any reason a vessel is unable to arrive at Quarantine at the time so designated such vessel must give right of way to the succeeding vessel in accordance with the latter's regularly scheduled order and time of arrival. All questions relating to the exact place of anchoring the vessels, while waiting for its scheduled arrival at Quarantine, are to be determined by the master and the pilot in joint discretion."

Commissioner Curran commended the steamship lines for co-operating with the immigration authorities.

ATTACK EXPULSION OF JEWS

Paris Delegates Appeal to League Against Rumanian Order.

PARIS, Sept. 27 (Jewish Telegraphic Agency).—An appeal has been lodged with the League of Nations against the expulsion of several thousand Jews from Bessarabia across the Dneister into Russia.

The appeal, forwarded to Geneva by the Committee of Jewish Delegations here, sets forth that the expulsion of the Jews, who are refugees from the Ukraine and Russia, is in contravention of the Bucharest Government's agreement to stay the expulsion pending arrangements for the voluntary departure of the refugees.

Deportation of the refugees across the Dneister to Russia began on the Jewish Day of Atonement, when 4,000 were seized and held by the authorities. Since Sept. 20 hundreds have been sent across the frontier daily, it is declared.

ITALIAN ENVOY RETURNS.

Prince Cattani Praises Mussolini for His Action Against Greece.

Prince Gelasio Castani, Italian Ambassador to the United States, returned from a vacation in Italy yesterday on the Conte Rosso of the Lloyd Sabaudo line, saying that he had been in almost daily conference with Premier Mussolini and members of the Cabinet. He said that he considered the principal aim of his mission as representative of his country to aid the American people in understanding Italy, her aims and her ideals.

"The necessity of this has been proved by recent events," he said. "Erroneous news and malevolent interpretations have been flashed all over the world.

"The Italo-Greek incident is closed now. The Mussolini Government has acted with lightning rapidity and with a firmness that has caused some astonishment; it has even caused apprehension because some people thought Italy had cleverly concealed purposes. Others talked of warlike intentions. There was nothing of the kind; events have proved it. Italy has acted in the same way as the United States, France or Italy would have acted under similar circumstances.

"Mussolini has defended our national honor and does not admit any dodging of responsibilities. The occupation of Corfu was not an act of war but the obtaining of a necessary security. The Italians are going to evacuate Corfu in strict accordance to the declarations made by Mussolini. Italy has come out of this incident stronger and more respected than ever before. All ranks and and all parties have stood with Mussolini as one man.

"The Fiume question is still hanging fire, but I am confident it will be settled in a satisfactory manner before long."

Ugo D'Annunzio, a son of the Italian poet, was also an arrival on the Conte Rosso. He said his father was quite misanthropic at present and did not care to see any one. He has washed his hands of the Fiume affair and is interested only in the improvement of conditions among seamen, his son said.

STOKES WITNESSES HEARD.

Taken Before Chicago Grand Jury to Force Statements.

CHICAGO, Sept. 27.—Two witnesses who had refused to tell what they knew concerning charges by Mrs. Helen Elwood Stokes that her husband, W. E. D. Stokes of New York, was conspiring to injure her reputation, were taken before the Grand Jury today and their statements taken under oath.

Charles S. Wharton, Assistant State's Attorney, said the investigation had not been placed formally before the Grand Jury, the two witnesses being taken before the jury to force them to talk. The witnesses were Tillie Phillips, a negro hairdresser, and Richard B. Westbrook, an attorney.

The woman is said to have told the jury that she signed a statement that she had dressed Mrs. Stokes's hair while the latter was in the New York apartment of a man named in the divorce case as co-respondent given by some one else. When pictures of Mrs. Stokes were shown to her she said she did not know whether they were pictures of the woman in question.

Letters and telegrams in which Westbrook is alleged to have offered attorneys for Mrs. Stokes the information he had gained for Mr. Stokes were reported to have been read to the jury.

Denies Writ to Hylan's Cousin.

Justice McCook in the Equity Term of the Supreme Court denied yesterday the application of Agnes Birmingham for a writ of mandamus to compel the Board of Examiners to place her name on the list of teachers eligible for appointment as Principals of elementary schools. She is a cousin of Mayor Hylan and it had been charged that she had been denied a place on the eligible list because of politics.

BECK SAYS RADICALS IMPERIL THE NATION

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

been challenged by many thousands of well-meaning but misguided men.

"The taxing system has been perverted to redistribute property.

"The commercial power of the Union has been utilized to attain unconstitutional results which were clearly outside of the sphere of the Federal Government.

"The Fifth and Fourteenth Amendments have largely broken down as bulwarks against confiscatory legislation. The Fifteenth Amendment is a dead letter.

"Under more than one administration the control of the Senate in the selection of diplomatic representatives of the Government has been nullified by the appointment of extra-constitutional diplomats.

"Even the concurrence of the Senate in the treaty obligations of the country has been impaired under many administrations by protocols, informal treaties and latterly by methods of treaty making which make the free decision of the Senate difficult, if not impossible.

Menace to Supreme Court.

"Still more amazing and menacing are the propositions of some of our leading public men to destroy the balance wheel of our constitutional system by impairing the power of the Supreme Court to preserve our form of Government in its integrity. The Supreme Court has been the most admired feature of our institutions. No one can read our history and fail to recognize that without that court the Constitution would probably have long since perished.

"It is now gravely proposed by some capable and patriotic leaders of thought that this unique and indispensable feature of our institutions should be impaired if not practically destroyed, so that the Legislature of State and nation may have greater power to pass statutes in violation of the wise limitations of the Constitution.

"Thus it is proposed that a law whose constitutionality is assailed shall not be invalidated unless at least seven of the nine Justices are of opinion that the law is unconstitutional. It would thus be within the power of three Justices to prevent the court from taking an action which two-thirds of that great tribunal regarded as essential to the preservation of the Constitution.

"Some day we may have a radical President, and in the four or eight years of his power he may well have the appointment of three Justices of the Supreme Court. Thus a radical faction could be formed in the Supreme Court which would make it impossible for many years for that court to discharge its great duty of preserving the Constitution.

Organized Classes.

"Alarming as are these tendencies, infinitely more portentous is the shifting of power from the Government to organized classes—and this tendency of our time is so grave that it threatens the very existence of organized society. When any class becomes so numerous or powerful that it can force its will upon the Government, not through the ballot-box, but through its control over the necessities of life, then the Government in that respect exists in form and not in name, and such a nation has been bolshevized.

"No one now questions the right of labor to organize, to act collectively, even to strike by concert of action to compel the employer to recognize the demands of the employed. But this right, as all rights, is not absolute, and Government would indeed be impotent if it could not prevent the arbitrary use of such power. An equal power must exist to prevent the right to strike from degenerating into an exercise of tyranny subversive of the equal rights of other people and of the States.

"Who can underestimate the peril? If the labor leaders who control mining and transportation can deny to the people coal and food, unless their arbitrary demands are met, there is an end of free government.

"Since 1919 a well organized Communist Party has existed in this country whose avowed aim is to overthrow the Government by force or violence. It is well financed by the Soviet Government. The last two years have witnessed a remarkable and portentous growth in its activities.

"The agencies used to propagate the baneful ideas of the Third International have even reached into some of your schools and colleges. There are now published in this country 567 radical papers which are printed in 25 languages. And, what is more significant, 302 are printed in foreign countries. It is believed that their joint circulation in this country is not less than one million issues a day.

Funds Sent From Moscow.

"And I am reliably informed that a sum of over $400,000 was sent from Moscow for use this year in alienating the negro portion of our population with the Third International. While attempts at open violence would promise little success, an incalculable injury can be done to this country by the widely circulated proposals to follow the canny policy of taking wages but shirking work.

"The Federal Government has not been indifferent to the spread of such propaganda and only the last week the Attorney General has taken steps by co-operation with the State authorities to establish a more effective supervision of the revolutionary and criminal elements in this country.

"Nor is the next Congress likely to be indifferent to the danger which too many men have hitherto minimized. Two bills will be urged for passage—one to register all aliens in the country, and the other to make it a crime to conspire to overthrow the National Government by force and violence. Today it may be doubted whether there is any specific Federal statute which enables the Federal authorities to arrest an alien even though he is carrying a bomb to blow up a custom house. The registration of aliens, if adopted, will probably cause a speedy and welcome begira of alien Communists who are now under cover and who are ceaselessly plotting day and night to destroy the ordered principles of liberty for which the Constitution stands."

Mr. Beck said that the Constitution could not maintain itself but that the American people must support it. The trouble was, he said, that there was a question whether the American people today had the same capacity for self-government as in previous generations. The future of so many people to take an active interest in the Government and in politics, the spread of "the moving picture mind's and the world-wide revolt against authority, he declared, made him pessimistic over the future.

ENACT KILLING SCENE FOR THE GRAND JURY

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

He spoke in a conversational tone for a few minutes, and then launching into his case his voice lifted to a high level that occasionally slipped into false notes.

Accepts Mills's Challenges.

"I have listened," he began, "to the criticism of myself and my staff and to the wholly irrelevant matters that were submitted as an answer to the State's damaging evidence. Of course, when a lawyer has no defense he must seek propaganda, a smoke screen, or camouflage. But I'm here to talk to you, as he challenged, about facts—evidence, cold, hard facts. I'm in Westchester County, and I am confident that Westchester County wants justice, clean justice, fair to the man on trial.

"I am not here by virtue of circumstances that I created. I am not here because I want to be here. When I came to the conclusion that Walter S. Ward should be brought to trial on the evidence against him, it is true that I did then recommend so to the Governor. But remember that prior to that, a year before that, a Grand Jury of your own fellow citizens in this county decided that Ward should be brought to trial.

"This man," suddenly pointing a long forefinger at Ward, "is guilty of murder in the first degree. His story is still unexplained.

"I deny that there is no new evidence. There is more evidence, conclusive evidence. I've been criticized here for failing to bring all of the Grand Jury witnesses before this trial jury. Judge Mills knows as well as I do that some of the witnesses were for rebuttal only, and could only be used in the event that the defendant put in some sort of defense. That defense is not here.

"What is the issue before you? It is: Did Walter S. Ward, with this gun, fire a shot through the heart of Peters, striking him dead? Did he do that? It is conceded that he did."

The Attorney General paused at this point, and, after glancing slowly around the room, he repeated, "It is conceded that he did." He then picked up Ward's automatic pistol.

"Sometimes a jury, on circumstantial evidence, hesitates to convict," he continued. "Is there anything circumstantial about this gun? His attorneys have admitted that their client pulled the trigger that sent Peters to his death—that is established beyond reasonable doubt.

"The only issue here is: Did Peters have a pistol against Ward's side as he claimed? Is that a true or untrue statement? We have his story, but it has been changed, changed and changed again before you in this court.

"Where else is that blackmail? Nowhere else. There is no other proof of it. Ward did not take the stand; that's all right. But as his counsel gave some explanation of it, I am permitted to comment upon it. Ward was free to bring in proof of this blackmail, but where is it? Where is the proof of it? "You don't want to know the details of that secret, and neither do I, but don't you want some proof of how these alleged blackmailers operated; don't you want to know how he gave $40,000, and don't you want to see some of these terrible letters he says they wrote to him? He simply says, 'I've been blackmailed; you've got to take that as a fact.' If this had been going on for months, why didn't he produce his checks and his bank accounts? They could have shown something.

Allan R. Campbell of defense counsel leaped up with an objection. He said that there was nothing in the evidence about $40,000 or "letters." The Court directed Mr. Sherman to "go right on."

"Isn't there some evidence about the blackmail that you'd like to see?" Mr. Sherman asked the jury. "Who else besides Ward ever saw the blackmailers?"

Mr. Sherman again took up the Smith & Weston pistol, and as he waved it the white hair of Judge Mills was fanned by its breeze. He ducked his head to avoid the gesticulating and thoroughly absorbed Attorney General.

"If I can convince you that this gun was a 'plant' and not Peters's, will you know that Walter Ward lied?" he asked the jury. "Let's take his story:

"'After I drove a mile I decided to come back.' That was after the killing. Why would a man come back to the scene of crime at dead of night—to pick up a pistol? Is that credible, can that be accounted for? How does his lawyer account for it? Why, on the ground that Ward was afraid that the Coroner, finding the revolver, might issue a certificate that Peters was a suicide."

Mr. Sherman then introduced his reference to Chief Cody's alleged identification of the Peters weapon. Mr. Campbell joined Judge Mills in an objection, which was denied. Judge Mills then objected twice in succession and was overruled each time. The objections broke the thread of the Attorney General's argument for a few seconds, but he finally resumed his attack with greater emphasis.

"I charge that Ward killed an unarmed man," he said, "and lied about it."

Mrs. Ward, seemingly not at all interested in the proceedings, was reading a letter which she later passed to her husband, when Mr. Sherman, with the Smith & Wesson in hand, strode over to the jury box. He grasped the wrist of Juror No. 3, Henry Benke, a mechanist of Pleasantville, and demonstrated the manner of Peters's death. Mr. Campbell again objected and succeeded in getting part of Mr. Sherman's remarks stricken from the record. Turning to Judge Mills's charge that witnesses had been coached and bulldosed by the State, Mr. Sherman said:

"We have this charge of coaching witnesses, and I don't resent it. I am callooned to it, this vilification started months ago. Judge Mills wants to see you believe that I went into a Grand Jury room and browbeat a Grand Jury. He insults not me but the members of these two Grand Juries. I stand with Colonel Weeks on that; he didn't apologize and neither do I.

"The Ward detectives, who couldn't produce a single witness, had lunch near two State's witnesses and report that they talked about the case. That's the 'bulldozing' they speak about. Well, Judge, I hope you never do worse. If that is the only bulldozing you can establish, Judge, you are welcome to it.

"In view of the damaging evidence we have produced, I cannot ask you for anything but a verdict of murder in the first degree. Either he is exonerated or he is guilty of first degree murder."

Mr. Campbell then objected to Mr. Sherman's narrative of the events at Ward's surrender to the authorities on May 22.

"The question of the surrender will be covered in my charge," said Justice Wagner.

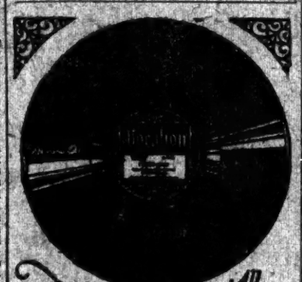
"I object to the Attorney General's statements about the glass, broken glass, in Mr. Ward's coupe," said Mr. Campbell.

"That is a matter for the jury to decide," replied the Court, who then cautioned the jurors against discussing the case with others or among themselves, and announced an adjournment until this morning.

You Should Have Better Woolens in Your Clothes

Here, better woolens cost no more than "average" woolens. My prices for suits, $30, $35, $40 to $50, while the same as others, you will find better woolens in the suits. I can furnish them because I make my ready-made clothes, thereby saving you from $5 to $10.

G. N. VINCENT, 524-526 Sixth Ave., 21st St.



New VOCALION Records out today

All Vocalion Records are Red

Play On Any Phonograph

WHEREVER people dance this coming Winter, you will hear the new Waltzes and Fox-Trots which have been recorded by famous Orchestras for Vocalion *Red* Records. At your dealer's today you may also hear Rosa Raisa's lovely voice in "*La Paloma*," the rich baritone of John Charles Thomas in a sympathetic solo, and Giulio Crimi's wonderful tenor notes in "*Il Sogno*" ("*The Dream*")—all rendered in the *clear, brilliant tones* which distinguish Vocalion *Red* Records from all others.

Dance

Where the Ganges Flows—Fox-Trot (from "Adriana")

In the Land of Shady Palm Trees—(Fox-Trot) The Aeolian Orchestra 14642 10-inch $ .75

The Waltz of Love (Come Let Us Dance)

Al. E. Short and His Tivoli Synopators

Just for Tonight—(Waltz) The Aeolian Orchestra 14643 10-inch $ .75

Old Favorite Medley Waltz—Intro.: "My Bonnie," "Annie," "How Can I Leave Thee," "Good-Night, Ladies" Aeolian Dance Orchestra

George M. Cohan Medley Fox-Trot Intro.: "Grand Old Flag," "So Long, Mary," "Give My Regards to Broadway," "Mary is a Grand Old Name," "I'm A Yankee Doodle Dandy" Aeolian Dance Orchestra 14639 10-inch $ .75

Sacred

Where Is My Boy To-Night—Baritone Solo John Charles Thomas—Aeolian Orchestra Accompaniment 35179 10-inch $1.25

Instrumental

Pere de la Victoire (Father of Victory March)

French National Defile March (Accordion Solos, A. Pelet Cattarini) 14638 10-inch $ .75

Standard

La Paloma (The Dove)—Serenade (*Tradier*) Rosa Raisa, Soprano—Aeolian Orchestra Accompaniment 35181 12-inch $1.75

Operatic

Il Sogno (The Dream) from "Manon" (*Massenet*) Giulio Crimi, Tenor—Aeolian Orchestra Accompaniment 35176 10-inch $1.25

You'll know them by their Color
You'll buy them for their Tone

Ask your nearest dealer to let you hear the new Vocalion Red Records

The AEOLIAN COMPANY
NEW YORK, MAKERS
Recording Studios—New York and London

Is It Your Move?

Are you moving October First—anywhere in Greater New York, or up Pelham Way? If so, you can count on Knickerbocker Ice Service.

Knickerbocker now has 27 plants in the Metropolitan District and a Service as regular as clockwork, covering almost Everywhere.

Knickerbocker ICE Company

"Too! We Have No Bananas"

Still gazing, amazed, at the no-song and a fortune! But have you heard Fanchon and Marco sing it w' the Louis Orchestra swing it into a captivating dance on Columbia Records? If you're one of the few who haven't, just ask for—

The Song, A-3673
The Fox-trot, A-3234
at Columbia Dealers

75c Columbia New Process Records

Admirable

Seasonable weight fall slipon overcoats in favored fabrics, modeled attractively and priced low for high service.

All proofed to shed moisture, all tailored for long-time wear.

$45 to $75

Men's and young men's Fall sack suits, $45, and upward

BROKAW BROTHERS
BROADWAY AT FORTY-SECOND STREET

FOUNDED 1856

The Tailored Woman
622 Fifth Avenue at 50th Street

SALE

Misses Wool Jersey Dresses

Sizes 14 to 20

18.50

200 *POGO* Dresses tailored in our regular superior quality of Wool Jersey in navy blue, brown, rust, taupe and black. On sale Friday and Saturday.

Third Floor

Fur Collared Coats

48.50

Coats for young women for warmth and service. All wool mixtures in warm winter colorings with large raccoon collars.

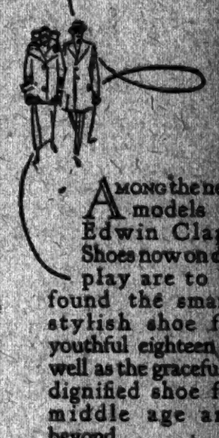
Main Floor

EDGERSTOUNE

To be sold at a fraction of its value, this magnificent country estate situate at Princeton, New Jersey, forty-eight miles from New York City—within commuting distance. Aristocratic neighborhood. Tudor mansion, modern appointments. Park with rare trees. Wonderful gardens and greenhouses. Many excellent tenant houses. Garages, barns, stables, poultry plant. Everything that makes up a perfect estate and all in perfect order.

Send for beautifully illustrated Booklet
EDGERSTOUNE FARMS Princeton, New Jersey

The Edwin Clapp SHOE



Among the new models of Edwin Clapp Shoes now on display are to be found the smart, stylish shoe for youthful eighteen as well as the gracefully dignified shoe for middle age and beyond.

But varied as the shoes are in style design and leathers, they all possess this single characteristic—they represent the best that New England craftsmanship working with the finest leathers can produce. And there are over seventy years of shoe manufacturing experience behind them. The Edwin Clapp name on a shoe is your guarantee of quality.

The "Ritz-Carlton"

The EDWIN CLAPP STORE
6 East 42nd Street
"Headquarters for the Finest Footwear"

The Edwin Clapp Shoe ESTABLISHED 1853

Roomy Comfortable
WING CHAIRS
in Leather, Velour, Tapestry, and Mohair Combination
32.50 to 65.00
in a variety of designs

KOCH & CO.
125th Street West

3 DIE IN EXPLOSION OF GASOLINE TANKS

Eleven Men Blown Out of Building Wrecked by Blast at Bayonne Plant.

EIGHT HURT, ONE DYING

Workman Flees With Clothing Aflame—Fire Checked After All-Day Fight.

Three men were killed and eight others were injured, one of them seriously, early yesterday morning when two tanks of gasolene exploded in the plant of the Baker Castor Oil Company, 61 Avenue A and Second Street, Bayonne, N. J. All of the victims were at work in a one-story building in which the tanks were, and were blown through the window and doors of the structure, which was wrecked.

The explosion shook half of Bayonne and blew in the windows of many factories in the vicinity. When the firemen arrived they feared that the flaming gasolene would spread to the plant of the Texas Company, a block away, where there are twenty large tanks of gasolene, but the flames were confined to the vicinity of the wrecked building.

One of the victims of the explosion, Theophil Pepetit, foreman, 32 years old, a French war veteran, was instantly killed when his body was blown through a door to a ditch thirty feet away. John Zotthles, 50, fireman in the plant, and Vito Tomatis, 25, laborer, died within an hour in the Bayonne Hospital. Tomatis ran three blocks through Hudson Boulevard, with his clothes aflame, before a taxicab driver quenched the burning garments and took him to the hospital. Milford Hight, who went to work in the plant less than five hours before, was so badly burned that it was said at the Ambulance surgeons from the hospital attended the other victims, and they were removed to their homes.

The cause of the explosion, according to the police, is a mystery. Chief Alfred Davis of the Bayonne Fire Department said that investigation indicated it might possibly been caused by the flame of a gasoline torch coming in contact with a leak in one of the tanks.

It was not until 4 o'clock in the afternoon that the fire was put out. Repeatedly up to noon sheets of flame crept along the gasoline supply pipes leading from the demolished guilding to large tanks beside other buildings in the plant. In each instance the spread of the fire was checked with the aid of barriers of sand and moist clay.

GAS CO. BUYS BRONX TRACT.

Consolidated Acquires 230 Acres of Vacant Land for Future Use.

The Consolidated Gas Company announced yesterday that it had purchased 230 acres of vacant land in the East Bronx, taking in forty city blocks. The tract is on the extreme end of Hunt's Point, running from Halleck Street and East Bay Avenue to the Bronx River and along the river to Long Island Sound. It also fronts on the East River. And it is said to be the largest holding ever acquired by an individual in the Bronx.

Purchase of the property began more than a year ago when representatives of the Consolidated started to buy lots from several hundred individual owners who had bought sites at auction sales conducted on the Hunt's Point Terminal and the Simpson estate. George F. Johnson and associates bought the Hunt's Point Terminal several years ago for a railroad and water terminal.

Officials of the gas company denied a report that the purchase would mean the removal of the large plant in Astoria to the site just acquired. The Astoria plant is the largest in the world, producing 90,000,000 cubic feet of gas a day and representing an investment of several millions of dollars. The site just purchased will be held for future use, officials of the company said.

ACCUSED OF MURDER.

Police Say ex-Sailor Confessed Killing Notion Shopkeeper.

After investigating about 200 men who had been discharged from the navy service at the Brooklyn Navy Yard since the war and who lived in this city or vicinity, detectives of the Bergen Street Station, Brooklyn, yesterday arrested John J. Sullivan, a former service man, living at 348 Twelfth Street, Brooklyn, and charged him with the murder of Mrs. Elizabeth Berry. Mrs. Berry kept a little notion store at 5 St. Marks Place. She was found murdered in the small room back of the store on Friday. Her skull had been crushed in and her hands tied with strips torn from her apron.

A neighbor told the police that she had seen a man dressed as a sailor about the shop. The detectives found that the murderer had tied the knots of Mrs. Berry's bonds in sailor fashion.

Sullivan not only confessed, they said, but was taken to the store, where he re-enacted the killing. The prisoner is 28 years old. He enlisted in the navy in 1919 and was dishonorably discharged in 1921 after little more than a year. Since his discharge he had worked as a motorman in Brooklyn and street cleaner in Manhattan. He said he was married and had two children, but was separated from his wife.

According to the police, Sullivan said he entered Mrs. Berry's store to get a cigarette. He wore his uniform, he said, because it attracted women. When Mrs. Berry resented his talk, the detectives said he had confessed, he dragged her into the rear room and killed her with a flatiron.

HEARING ON 42D ST. SPAN.

Elevated Will Demand Compensatin for Easement.

The extraordinary term of the Supreme Court designated by Governor Smith to determine the value of the span of the Third Avenue elevated railroad in Forty-second Street, which is to be demolished, held its first meeting yesterday morning.

J. Osgood Nichols, representing J. L. Quackenbush, counsel for the Manhattan Railway Company, owner, and the Interborough Rapid Transit Company, lessor of the elevated railroads in Manhattan and the Bronx, told the court that his client would demand compensation for easement in addition to the $500,000 which they actually expended on the span. Assistant Corporation Counsel Lamotte said that the city would oppose any award for easement. Justice O'Malley adjourned the matter until Nov. 12.

NECKTIES that wear best have ECCO Re-inforced Bands

Add nothing to price—much to value. Ask for them at better shops.

Church, Webb & Close Inc.
Over-Knit Neckwear, 35th St. New York

ANDREW ALEXANDER
548 FIFTH AVE. ABOVE 45TH ST.

Graceful Pumps at $14.00

SMART, correct style distinguishes each of the many new Alexander models in Women's Strap Pumps for Autumn wear, which we are now showing.

The one-strap style illustrated is in ooze leather, in brown or the new "log cabin" shade, with the effective strappings in a harmonizing shade. Thin turned soles and Spanish Louis heels complete a style that is both good-looking and comfortable for street wear.

Quality, of course, goes hand in hand with most moderate price.

McCutcheon's
Fifth Avenue, 34th and 33d Streets

Hand-made Decorative Laces

For Laces—as for Linens—McCutcheon's is New York's greatest Treasure House. And from Italy, Belgium and France have just been garnered new selections of beautiful, decorative Filet, Point Milan and Cluny laces. They were made specially for McCutcheon's, and McCutcheon's extends to you a special invitation to see them.

Very Special

Filet Antique Chair Backs	$1.10 each
Venise and Filet Medallions, 25c each or	2.75 a doz.
Filet Banding, 12 to 20 in. wide	1.95 a yd.
Linen Filet Banding, 30 in. wide, formerly $15 a yard, but now	8.50 a yd.
Antique Banding, 13 in. wide	1.95 a yd.
Antique insertion, 5½ in. wide.	.85 a yd.
Antique Edging to match, 2½ in. wide	.40 a yd.
Antique Medallions to match, 10 in. square, at	.25 each

Illustrated

McCutcheon Daily
A particularly effective and exclusive design in hand-made Filet Antique Banding. It comes appropriately wide, for use as table runner, scarf, bureau cover, etc.

10 in. wide at $8.75 a yard

20 in. wide at $15.00 a yard

Also similar effects in Filet, Sardinian, Russian and Point Milan Bandings, at $2.95 to $15.00 a yard.

Fringes are sold separately

Jay-Thorpe Inc.
24-26 WEST 57th STREET

DAYTIME COATS

The spirit of Paris is suggested in these new coats for autumn and early winter. Soft wool fabrics are topped with kit fox, opossum, caracul, monkey fur, viatka and gray squirrel—and youthful lines are expressed in the straight models and the new bloused backs. Some have fur bands at the bottom—others are unique with peasant embroidery.

Specially priced for the day

125.00

B. Altman & Co.

An Important Offering of
Men's Fancy Pajamas

every suit an extraordinary value at
$1.85
will be continued to-day (Friday)
on the First Floor

The materials used for these Pajamas are of excellent quality, in white and plain colors (showing self-tone stripes or Jacquard designs) and with contrasting trimming

(First Floor)

Madison Avenue - Fifth Avenue, New York
Thirty-fourth Street Thirty-fifth Street

EIGHTY YEARS OF FAITHFUL SERVICE
GIMBEL BROTHERS
32ND STREET—BROADWAY—33RD STREET—NEW YORK CITY

Spectacular—Such Large Reductions on
SEAMLESS AXMINSTER RUGS

Down in Price Because of Slight Weaving Imperfections

9x9 ft. Rugs	9x12 ft. Rugs	9x15 ft. Rugs
If Perfect $60	If Perfect $73.75	If Perfect $101.50
Now $43.50	Now $54.50	Now $73

All new, fresh rugs, just received direct from one of the most famous mills in America. We are not permitted to use the name of the maker owing to drastic reductions from regular prices. Nor can we reveal the name of these rugs that are known the country over to represent RUG QUALITY, and are a popular choice by leading hotels everywhere.

The identity of these rugs can easily be determined as the name is woven in the back of every rug. As regards the weaving imperfections, they are so slight in almost every instance as to be scarcely discernible and do not impair the wearing qualities. In fact we maintain, as does the maker, that these rugs will give as satisfactory LONG SERVICE as those pronounced perfects.

GIMBELS RUG SHOP—Sixth Floor.

McCREERY HISTORY

Consequently, a Man's Shop should be near at hand, yet far removed from the feminine sections of the store. Such a location has been wisely chosen for the McCreery's Man's Clothing and Shoe Shop, Fifth Avenue and 35th Street, provide convenient entrances to the Balcony where elevators are always at hand to take passengers to the Second Floor Annex, the headquarters for McCreery conservative clothes for Men.

This Shop will be an important feature in the final event in this 66th Chapter which takes place soon.

The McCreery Men's Furnishing Shop is conveniently located on the Main Floor at 35th Street.

The 66th Chapter

The Nearly 50 Years
CARDANI Caterer
... the hostesses' best investment!
33rd Street at 6th Avenue

HOTEL CLAMAN
TIMES SQUARE
43d St., West of Broadway.
World's Largest Hotel for Men.
Most Conveniently Located.
1,000 Rooms—1,000 Baths
Daily $2 to $3.00 Weekly $12 to $18
TEL. LACKAWANNA 7146.

Smoky Fireplaces Made to Draw

Also expert service on general chimney work, heating and ventilating.
No payment accepted unless successful
Frederic N. Whitley, Inc.
Engineers and Contractors
217 Fulton St., Brooklyn

The MUN-CEY

For Fall Wear
The real shoe of today
Whitehouse & Hardy's Lasts and Patterns Exclusively our own design.
BOTH SHOPS
The Jay-Mee Shoe
WHITEHOUSE & HARDY
BROADWAY at 40TH STREET 144 WEST 42ND STREET
Metropolitan Opera House Bldg. Recommendation Building
NEW YORK

Good value means high quality at reasonable cost

Flint's Fine Furniture

This attractive dining group consists of ten pieces in walnut. The buffet is 72" long and the chairs have tapestry seats. The price is $530.

The most important thing to know about your furniture

THE SAME WOOD can be tortured into a wretched design by a witless cabinet maker, while an artist dreams a design that is copied for generations.

We spend all our time searching out the right designs and the best workmanship. And the surprising thing is that, though they sometimes mean long search, rarely do they cost any more than the poorer designs we passed by. You benefit doubly by our long observation. You see nothing here but the best designs of modern cabinet makers, and you pay less than is asked elsewhere.

Bedroom groups . $218 to $3935
Dining groups . . $268 to $4890
Upholstered sets . $238 up

Flint & Horner Co., Inc.
20-26 West 36th Street
A few yards from Fifth Avenue

D. M. Fleming & Co., Inc.
THE ENGLISH SHOP
10 East 44th ST., NEAR 5th Ave.

500 Fall Suits
For Men and Young Men
at $37.50

The Models
3 Button Conservative Sack Suits.
2 Button English Lounge Suits.
4 Piece Golf and Norfolk Suits.
Straight Back Golf Models.

The Fabrics
Imported Irish and Scotch Tweeds.
English and Scotch Suitings.
Blue Unfinished Worsteds.
Silk Lined Tuxedos.

Direct from London, England
400 English Topcoats & Overcoats
from $40 up

Open Saturday till 6 P. M.

40 MASKED BANDITS RAID DISTILLERY

Armed Band Handcuff and Gag Guards, Steal $30,000 in Liquor.

BUSINESS RIVALS ACCUSED

Warehouse Near Philadelphia Containing Whisky Worth $2,500,000 Has Been Raided Twice.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 27.—A band of about forty men, some of them masked and armed, bound and gagged the guards at the warehouse of the Philadelphia Distilling Company at Eddington, near here, at 2 o'clock this morning and escaped with from seven to ten truckloads of whisky.

This was the second raid on the distillery within a month, a large number of men being driven away at the first after they had bound several guards but before they were able to obtain any whisky. Whisky valued at $2,500,000 is stored in the warehouse, and a legal battle is now in progress in the Federal court here over its ownership.

There were three night guards and two engineers in the building when the bandits appeared today. Some of them carried sawed-off shotguns. The five men were handcuffed and assembled in the engine room and held under guard while others of the robbers rolled out barrel after barrel of whisky to trucks. How many barrels were taken cannot be determined until an inventory is made.

The guards believe they were held in the engine room for an hour after the troops had gone, so that they could not give the alarm. When the last of the bandits had fled, the handcuffed men freed themselves with a key left by the robbers.

An alarm was immediately sounded and the police of Bucks County and Philadelphia were notified. The State police were also summoned and a systematic search of all roads leading away from Eddington was begun.

A search of the warehouse showed that at least liquor worth $30,000 had been stolen. A revenue officer believed that a thorough investigation would reveal that fifty barrels had been taken.

Leo A. Kearns, a stockholder in the company, expressed the opinion that the robbery was prompted by business rivals who wanted to discredit the distillery company in the eyes of the Government. He at first reported that no liquor had ben stolen.

MAINE NEWSPAPER INDICTED

Lewiston Sun is Accused of Advertising Sale of Home Brew Ingredients.

PORTLAND, Me., Sept. 27.—The Lewiston Daily Sun, a corporation publishing a morning newspaper in Lewiston, has been secretly indicted by the Grand Jury of the United States District Court on a charge of violation of the Volstead act, it has become known through the arrest of Frank A. Murphy, a Lewiston shopkeeper, on a similar charge.

The indictment against the newspaper alleged that it published an advertisement by Murphy, announcing that hops, malt, and other ingredients for the manufacture of home beverages, were for sale in the Murphy shop.

The District Attorney's office will make this a test case, in which a decision can be made that will govern the sale of home brew ingredients in Maine.

MOB DEPORTS NEGROES.

Spruce Pine, N. C., Enraged Over an Attack Upon an Aged White Woman

SPRUCE PINE, N. C., Sept. 27.—Enraged over an attack upon an aged white woman by a negro, supposed to be an escaped convict, an armed crowd of 200 citizens of this town today was rounding up all male negroes employed in Spruce Pine and the neighborhood and deporting them on freight trains.

CALL ON COOLIDGE TO STABILIZE WHEAT

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

proper level other small grain crops will respond to that higher level.

"We believe that there is nothing unsound about the plan which we propose. There will be no looting of the treasury. There will be no attempt to buy at a fixed price all of the wheat which farmers may be able to produce. The plan seems to be economically sound and one which any business man need not be afraid to indorse."

Those in the delegation visiting the White House were:

Senator Norbeck of South Dakota; A. D. Stephens, banker, Crookston, Minn.; J. A. Buchanan, farmer, Bozeman, M. D.; P. V. de Nault, banker, Jamestown, N. S.; J. J. Easley, banker, North Dakota; Former Governor C. N. Herried, South Dakota; Representative G. M. Young, North Dakota; A. Lopergel, banker, Webster, S. D.; L. J. Welch, Secretary of the South Dakota Bankers' Association; G. H. Harnett, banker, North Dakota; N. J. Holmberg, Secretary of Agriculture, Minnesota, and Senator Lynn J. Frazier of North Dakota and Representative Royal C. Johnson of South Dakota.

Secretary of Commerce Hoover, Secretary of Agriculture Wallace and Eugene Meyer Jr., managing director of the War Finance Corporation, accompanied the party to see the President. This afternoon the committee held a hearing before Mr. Wallace and tomorrow they will confer with Mr. Hoover.

YOUNG MEN'S FOUR PIECE LOUNGE-SPORT SUITS

The practicability of these suits for business wear and for golf and general sports wear in the country over the week-end has led to their complete acceptance by young business men who enjoy membership in the leading Clubs about New York.

The loosely draped lounge jacket made without plaits when worn with the long trousers provides the wearer with a distinctive and smart business suit. When the jacket is worn with the full English knickerbockers it becomes a typical English sport suit for out-door wear in the country.

The sizes range from 33 to 42 chest measure.

DE PINNA

5th Avenue at 50th Street

CHANGE

A STRAIGHT BACK AND REASONABLY SHORT BODY LINES DISTINGUISH A NEW FALL FINCHLEY BUSINESS SUIT.

FORTY-FIVE DOLLARS *AND MORE*

READY-TO-PUT-ON

TAILORED AT FASHION PARK

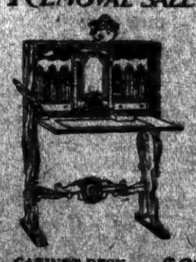
CUSTOM FINISH WITHOUT THE ANNOYANCE OF A TRY-ON

FINCHLEY

5 West 46th Street NEW YORK

Geiger & Braverman

REMOVAL SALE



CABINET DESK Italian Walnut Polychromed $63 From $85

An example of reductions including every item of a superb assemblage of furniture prior to removal to 45th Street.

Over 30 Years a Place of Beautiful Furniture

Geiger & Braverman

Furniture Company

49-51 WEST 23rd STREET

Clarke's GALLERIES

42-44 East Fifty-eighth Street • New York

EXHIBITION *and* UNRESTRICTED PUBLIC SALE *of*

Interesting Artistic Furnishings

Comprising the Estates of the Late

CHARLES G. GATES *and* MARY F. CROUCH

By Order of the Executors

Consisting of

Drawing, Dining and Bedroom Suites, Fine Crystal, Bric-a-brac, Oriental Rugs and other objects of decorative value

EXHIBITION *Opens Friday, September 28th*

Sale Days: Thursday, Friday *and* Saturday

OCTOBER 4th, 5th and 6th, at 2:30 P. M.

The sale will be conducted by Mr. ELLIOT A. HAASEMAN

Saks

Clothes of Custom Quality

HERE'S the difference between Custom *Tailoring* and *Saks' Tailoring:* Custom Tailoring *waits* for the customer to call; Saks' Tailoring *anticipates* the call. The Custom Tailor who'll *match* our fabrics and *equal* our styles must *double* our prices. But he'll not show a whit more tailoring skill — our word for that.

TOP COATS	28.00 *to* 63.00
SUITS - -	48.00 *to* 80.00
GOLF SUITS	38.00 *to* 68.00

FIFTH FLOOR

Broadway Saks & Compa At 34th Street

MEMO

Last Two Days of the Annual

SUPRE-MACY SALES

NEW FALL MERCHANDISE SPECIALLY PRICED

HUNDREDS of OFFERINGS THROUGHOUT THE STORE.

Come and see for yourself. *Super-Savings All This Week.*

R. H. Macy & Co. Inc.

Herald Square New York

IN THE AUDITORIUM Tomorrow at 2:30 P. M.

Opening Recital

(Second Trans-Continental Tour)

by Marcel Dupre

Organist at Notre Dame Cathedral, Paris

Chevalier of the Legion of Honor

Admission by Complimentary Ticket. Apply Auditorium Office.

First Gallery, New Building.

Fine Table Linens

are very low in this sale

Double Damask Table Cloths

$6.25, $7.75 & $9.50

68x68 in.; 68x86 in.; 86x102 in.

These may be had in five patterns: rose and spot; rose and stripe; marguerite and stripe; rose, thistle and shamrock; wreath border with narrow stripe center.

Matching Napkins, $7.75 doz.

The favored 22x22 in. size in heavy damask.

First Floor, Old Building

John Wanamaker

Astor Place at Ninth Street. *Telephone Stuyvesant 4700*

Formerly A. T. Stewart

Beaver Collars on These Camel's Hair Coats—only $59.50!

Miss 14 to 20 will wonder how it is possible, for these are beautifully made coats of fine camel's hair cloth.

Beaver collars — and no fur blends so well in color with the camel's hair fabrics as beaver.

Two models—both illustrated, one has the deep raglan cut sleeves, the other the more fitted shoulder.

In taupe or natural color—both are smart in this year of the soft brown shades.

Second Floor, Old Building.

September Prizes in Housewares

$55 Electric Sewing Machines, $43.75

This Wanamaker portable sewing machine is mounted on a firm wooden base. It has vibrating shutter, disc tension, automatic bobbin winder, and self-acting take-up. A set of nickel-plated attachments is included.

Free instruction will be given. Deferred payments may be arranged.

$5 and $6.50 Irons, $4

Nickel-plated, and complete with cord and plug. 5 or 6 lb. irons.

$10 Grill, $8

A nickel-plated grill that toasts and boils and broils.

$5 Toasters, $4

Especially convenient, for it toasts two slices of bread at once.

$12 Percolators, $8

Nickel-plated, of the pot type, and holding 5 cups.

Seventh Gallery, New Building

Stern Brothers

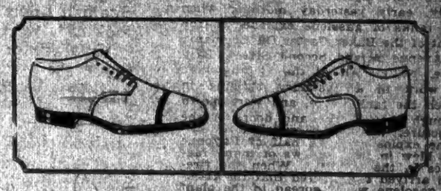
West 42nd Street —and— West 43rd Street

New Fall Oxfords

for Men and Young Men

Comfortable, sturdily constructed footwear, which will withstand the elements of damp, wintry weather.

Featured at $5.85 *pair*



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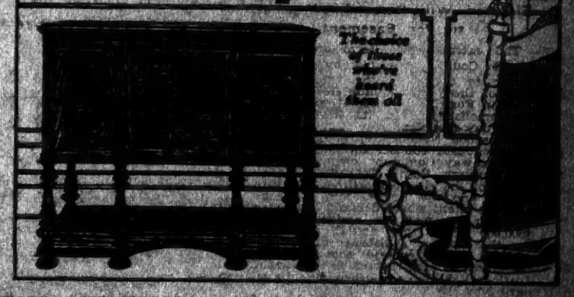

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NEW YORK, FRIDAY, SEPT. 28, 1923.

WORK, NOT WORDS.

The country will approve President COOLIDGE's motives in adhering rigidly to his plan to make no public speeches before Congress meets. The invitation to visit the Harding Memorial meeting in this city on Nov. 2 must have been hard for the President to decline. But undoubtedly the first part of his message to Congress in December will be taken up with a tribute to Mr. HARDING, and there is no good reason why he should be asked to anticipate that. Besides, the restriction which Mr. COOLIDGE has laid upon himself is for the purpose of getting as firm a grasp as possible upon the large problems that confront him. From their intense study he feels it his duty not to allow himself to be diverted by speechmaking.

As a part of his concentration upon the work in hand, the President is conferring freely with all sorts and conditions of Congressmen. He draws no line as to his advisers, and is not permitting old party quarrels to influence him in official recognition. A Wisconsin Representative, for example, has gleefully announced that under President COOLIDGE a due share of patronage will be accorded to Senator LA FOLLETTE. Whether the latter will regard this as a favor and a political advantage may be doubted. One of his great assets at home has been his "grievance" against the Administration at Washington. If the slight of official discrimination against him is removed from Senator LA FOLLETTE's little list of personal injuries, he may not be able to pose so successfully in Wisconsin as a martyr to his noble principles.

BANKERS ON THE RESERVE SYSTEM.

The report on the banking situation adopted by the American Bankers' Association calls attention to what is perhaps the outstanding fact in the year's American finance. It is that, notwithstanding the immense increase in gold holdings of the Federal Reserve and despite the rise in trade activity higher than even in 1920, "there has "been no such pyramiding of credit "as took place three years ago." Last Spring and Winter it was taken for granted by many financiers and economists that the large surplus of reserve over legal requirements in the Federal Banks would inevitably bring inflation of trade, credit and prices unless the banks were to intervene at once with a high rediscount rate.

No such advance was made in the bank rate; yet the predicted inflation did not come. We can now see the reason. In 1920, under the influence of an urgent foreign demand to replenish exhausted stocks of goods and with those foreign requirements financed by lavish extension of credit by our banks and exporters, the market fell under the illusion of limitless requisitions on our producing industries. From that it was only a step to the holding back of goods with borrowed money for higher prices, with a second illusion of abnormal scarcity of supplies. When it was suddenly discovered what a mistake this was, the break-down of the overextended structure of credit followed. But there has been no such misreading of the market of 1923. The large demand on productive industry in the Spring was again a consequence of previously depleted stocks, but the purchases were made by home merchants, on the basis of abundant resources and without excessive recourse to credit. When the supplies in merchants' hands had been restored to normal volume, the heavy buying ceased. The moral is that overflowing bank reserves do not necessarily bring overexploited credit. The matter depends upon the character of the business situation itself, which explains why the Reserve Banks rightly base changes in the bank rate not on theory or general principles but on visible signs of expansion or reduction in actual use of credit.

It cannot be said that the resolutions proposed to the bankers regarding the composition of the Federal Reserve Board show equal recognition of the facts. Recommendation that two members of the board be named by Reserve Banks instead of by the President of the United States, and that the President be empowered, without consent of the Senate, to reappoint members whose term has expired, is politically futile. The recent Congressional discussion of the Reserve system proves that Congress would never entertain either proposal. As the law stands today, at least two of the five appointed members of the board must be "persons experienced in banking or finance." If the bankers were to insist on having direct control of the appointment, we should unquestionably find other groups, such as farmers or laborers, making a like demand.

The report describes the proposal as having been "embodied in the original draft of the Reserve act." We do not know what draft is referred to; there were a score of tentative drafts proposed in Congress before the formal debate of 1913 began. But when the bill was introduced in the House, it contained precisely the existing provisions for appointment of Reserve Board members—except for the proviso, subsequently eliminated, that the Secretary of Agriculture should be an ex officio member, leaving only four non-political appointees to be "chosen "by the President of the United "States, by and with the advice and "consent of the Senate." In that respect, the amendment of the first official draft was to the advantage of banking and business representation.

FORESTALLING REVOLUTION.

It is not surprising that martial law has been proclaimed in Germany so soon after the Government's surrender to France. The admitted failure of the peace offensive, comparable to the military surrender in November, 1918, has been a severe blow to the German people. The resultant demoralization has naturally encouraged the Nationalist extremists to hope for a successful reactionary coup d'état. They can at this moment hold out the promise that they will be able to resist France and bring about a restoration of the old order in politics.

To keep such a movement from succeeding is the object of President EBERT's action in giving emergency powers to the Minister of Defense, GESSLER. His assumption of these powers, heralded as making him virtually dictator of Germany, should therefore not be taken to indicate an alarming change in internal conditions. Rather should it be interpreted as a precaution, showing the preparations of the Government to put down a possible revolt.

These are undeniably trying days for the German nation. It was not to be expected that the forces of reaction, seeing in Germany's capitulation the ultimate defeat of their ambitions, should quietly accept the inevitable. The blindness of reactionary Nationalists was well shown in the two unsuccessful attempts to restore the late Emperor CHARLES to his Hungarian throne. Yet the mentality of the people who organized those fiascoes is the same as that of the German extremists who are mad enough to believe that they can help Germany escape the consequences of the war by a "Fascist" coup d'état. President EBERT, therefore, in taking extreme measures to preserve order is acting wisely and sanely. Only by preserving German unity unimpaired during the present crisis can he hope to enable the nation to receive the help it needs to re-establish its position in the world.

THE CONGRESSIONAL ELECTION IN WASHINGTON.

The horn-blowers of the Democratic National Committee need not waste wind over the result of the special election of a Representative in the Fifth Washington District. In 1922 the Republican candidate, J. STANLEY WEBSTER, got nearly 27,000 votes, SAMUEL B. HILL, Democrat, nearly 25,000, the Farmer-Labor candidate a little more than 3,000. Mr. WEBSTER subsequently contributed to Republican harmony by opposing the re-election of MILES POINDEXTER to the Senate and helping to send there CLARENCE C. DILL, who calls himself a Democrat but isn't. That Republican feud is still unhealed.

What kind of Democrat is Mr. HILL this year? He stands nobly for "Democratic principles." He has added a Government-fixed price for wheat, the election of Federal Judges, the repeal of the Esch-Cummins act. He threw out bait for the Farmer-Labor vote, and got it. The losing Republican candidate solemnly remarks that "the producers are more or less desperate." The voters of the district must, indeed, be in the last stages of despair. They were so excited that only 42 per cent. took the trouble to go to the polls. By this abstention the Republicans lose a Representative, the Farmer-Labor Progressive-Radical "motley" group gains one.

Mr. HILL's call for a special session of Congress, like his cry for a Government-fixed price of $1.75 for wheat, is sheer moonshine. Even among the farmers' organizations and the professional friends of the farmer, these prescriptions have been largely given up. Mr. HILL can't but disappoint the Farmer-Laborites, who bit at his promises. In Minnesota the Democratic Party has been swallowed by the Farmer-Laborites. In this Washington Congress district, its candidate has swallowed Farmer-Labor doctrine. Republican losses so sustained are not a subject of Democratic congratulation.

OUR SUCCESSORS' SUCCESS.

Probably no schoolmaster in America is more ebulliently, entertainingly, alliteratively and helpfully hopeful concerning the success of our successors, the school children, than Dr. WILLIAM MCANDREW. He is now beginning in The World's Work a series of articles setting forth the reasons for the faith that is in him. In order to prepare for this series, he has not only fortified himself by a rehearsal of the "faith of the founders," but he has traveled with open eyes and ears and a good-humored tongue through forty States, seeing the best that has anywhere come to be in the schools. He has searched not only the scriptures of our political creed, but he has found even in this year's newspapers refutation of the pessimistic statements of shadow-seeing prophets of the past.

He has found in the Declaration of Independence and the Constitution of the United States the nine ends of our original American ideal, and he proposes to show what the schools are doing to promote each one of them. They are the familiar abstractions: equality, life, liberty, happiness, union, justice, tranquillity, defense and general welfare. Even when personified, they are not like the nine Muses, who were academic in character and presided each over some specific art or discipline; for these nine modern Muses are all civic in their attributes, as is to be expected with such a parentage. They have the common purpose of "teaching "men what is going on in the world "and leading each to desire to make "his part of it go on right."

We get so frequently discouraged over the statistical story of our educational shortcomings, repeated Fall after Fall, and the record of the failure of school legislation in City Halls and Assembly chambers, repeated Winter after Winter, that it will be heartening to see Dr. MCANDREW's "practical patriotic panorama," as he calls his picture, of what America is, after all, doing when she is doing her best. Of this panorama is given in his first article, beginning with the "dream school" of Chazy, N. Y. It is "not in mortals to command success," but they have upon them the obligation to teach their successors to deserve it. To this extent their success is in our hands.

CASH FOR HONOR.

The Italians evacuated Corfu yesterday. The Greeks had gone through the formalities of apology for the killing of the Italian officers on the Albanian frontier, as prescribed by the Council of Ambassadors—formalities not so humiliating as MUSSOLINI had demanded, and no more than Greece would probably have offered spontaneously. In place of MUSSOLINI's insistence that Italy must supervise the hunt for the criminals, an international investigation is being carried out. Even in the matter of reparations the Italian dictator has got less than he demanded; for while the Council of Ambassadors has turned over to him the 50,000,000 lire deposited by the Greeks as a forfeit, on the ground that the Greek Government had not been active enough in its efforts to find the criminals, he apparently is not to recover the cost of the occupation of Corfu.

From the international point of view this is a much more satisfactory settlement than had seemed possible. Financially it leaves something to be desired; the indemnity is exorbitant, and the Greeks have a counter-claim for the killing of women and children by the Italian bombardment of Corfu. Nevertheless, the neutral world may reasonably be content. But what will the Italians think? MUSSOLINI beat the drum and rattled the saber and laid down his unalterable minimum conditions; and every one of them has been reduced. All he has got is the 50,000,000 lire. National honor was held for a higher price, but MUSSOLINI finally decided to make a quick turnover and take what he could get. If there were any free expression of public opinion in Italy, we might hear complaints. Not only has he failed to get all that, according to his own statement, national honor demanded, but he has failed to keep Corfu, which a great many Italians want.

It may be argued that MUSSOLINI deserves credit at least for the prompt evacuation which proves that he had no imperialistic designs. But the announcement, a fortnight ago, that he would evacuate Corfu on Sept. 27 followed immediately prolonged interviews with the British and French Chargés d'Affaires in Rome. What they said is a State secret, but it is not hard to guess that MUSSOLINI was reminded that Italian bottling up of the Adriatic was an act of expansion which neither England nor France could regard with equanimity. The leap across the Adriatic not only offended the public conscience of the world, but it threatened the interests of two strong Powers. Consequently MUSSOLINI has nothing to show for his adventure but 50,000,000 lire.

THE CRADLE OF THE DINOSAURS.

It seems fitting that a treasure-house of paleontology, containing reptilian remains millions of years old, should have been found in the deserts of Mongolia. What a theme for the Opium Eater, who saw in his dreams the Chinese as a race incalculably old! When DE QUINCEY wrote he had probably never seen the restored duck-billed dinosaur, Trachoden annectans, clothed in its leathery hide, a monster more terrible than any imagining. Dinosaurian relics have been excavated in Europe as well as in America, but the most modern field of discovery, until the Andrews expedition reported its amazing finds in Mongolia, was in our own Western country, principally in Wyoming and Colorado. There was dug up the petrifaction known as Triceratops Elatus Marsh, with a head like that of the rhinoceros and a trailing tail almost as long as the appendage of the duck-billed dinosaur; also the skeleton of the immense walking lizard Thescelosaurus Neglectus Gilmore, so called because for years the parts of it lay untouched in a box in the National Museum, and then were assembled for mounting. The plated lizard, that hideous creature with its small head and unwieldy carcass, one of the most grotesque of dinosaurs, must not be forgotten; nor the Giant Spined Reptile, Dimetrodon Gigas, that carried what looked like an immense fin on its back, which must have been, says Professor CASE, "a nuisance in getting through the "vegetation and a great drain upon "the creature's vitality."

The Andrews collections made by the third Asiatic expedition of the American Museum of Natural History are so abundant and rich that paleontology should now become almost an exact science. There may be other worlds to conquer, but years must pass before Mongolia is exhausted. The discovery of eggs of the dinosaur is hailed as the greatest triumph of the American explorers. It had been indeed supposed that the reptilian creatures were, like the alligator, hatched from a shell, but the evidence was lacking. The American expedition is returning with twenty-five dinosaur eggs, believed to be 10,000,000 years old, as well as with "seventy-two skulls and twelve complete "skeletons."

From the profusion of dinosaur relics in the Mongolian desert as compared with their rarity in the Western United States and in Europe, it may be inferred that the monsters, like the human race, originated in Asia. Most of Mongolia for centuries has been an arid land which might be described as the abomination of desolation, but when the dinosaurs roamed there it must have abounded in swamps, thickets and meadows. The tooth structure of many of the beasts indicates that they subsisted on water plants and shrubs. It is manifest that the geologists will also be interested in the story that Dr. HENRY FAIRFIELD OSBORN and ROY CHAPMAN ANDREWS will have to tell.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Do Matadors Fight Maimed Bulls?

In "The Lengthened Shadow," WILLIAM J. LOCKE's new book, he describes a bull fight at some length, and in the course of his description makes a man highly sophisticated and well informed about this peculiarly Spanish form of amusement say something which, if true, takes from bull fighting about the last scanty trace of its claim for toleration by civilized people.

The statement is to the effect that a bull cannot be slain with a sword until after the muscle in the animal's neck which enables him to toss his head has been cut. And to do this—thus to prepare the bull for receiving the death stroke from that hero of the arena whom the Spaniards call the espada—best known to readers of English as the matador—is the special task of the man on horseback with a lance—the picador. He inflicts this disabling wound, according to Mr. LOCKE, while the bull is eviscerating his wretched nag, and until this has been effected, the last act in the sanguinary drama cannot be played.

If Spaniards can deny this they should, at once and vehemently. Probably they can do so with truth. For one thing, bulls always charge with head lowered, so that the maiming thrust seems to be unnecessary, and, for another, matadors not infrequently are themselves killed, so that there must be some reality in the "fight" which they have with a supposedly dangerous animal.

There's Hope for Man Ultimately.

It is a hopeful though long-distance view of mankind that Sir OLIVER LODGE presented in a Presbyterian pulpit in Liverpool. He does not, as a spiritualist, question the "animal ancestry" of man, but neither does he, as a scientist, question his divinity.

He recognizes the "hampering" of many relations on the bodily side. "Evil and ugly" the human creature sometimes appears; but he is young yet, immature. He is a comparatively recent comer on the planet. He is still in the making, in body, mind and spirit. He has in him, however, the "seeds of majesty," and though he may appear insignificant in the immensity of the universe, he has "infinite possibilities of development."

Man is indeed puny and lives on a planet whose sun we see as "as a dwarf among the stars," but his mind is able to travel on the one hand to the outer borders of the universe, count its hundreds of millions of stars and take their measure, loose the bands of Betelgeuse in Orion and know the "sweet influence" in the heart of one of the Pleiades. On the other, it can and does descend with Sir ERNEST RUTHERFORD into the infinitesimal cosmos of the atom and see the electrons travelling from four to four hundred times faster than the "navy racer." And man does it with a freedom of the will that, though it gives him this all but infinite range, leaves him the choice of going back to associate with his "animal ancestry."

It is a nobler course that science marks out for man in this sermon preached in a Presbyterian pulpit than Mr. ERTAK and his followers insist upon of their near-sighted view of man's genesis and destiny.

EXPLAINS REJECTION OF CONTROL OF ARMS

State Department Says Action Was Based on Conditions Imposed by the League.

ALREADY BAR EXPORT HERE

Authorities Are Opposed to Both Public and Private Sales to Warring Nations.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 27.—The State Department made public today the text of its note to the League of Nations, rejecting the traffic in arms proposal, and states that the rejection was based upon conditions in the convention and not upon the idea itself.

It was said that the refusal to ratify the convention did not indicate that this Government was less anxious than other powers to control the traffic in arms. The position of this Government is quite the contrary, as shown by the action of the Executive under existing legislation and by the policy which has been adopted in taking measures for the proper restraint of this traffic.

This Government's rejection of the convention was made known in a note to the American Minister in Switzerland on Sept. 12, which instructed him to transmit informally to the Secretary-General of the League of Nations the following communication:

"The Secretary of State of the United States of America has given careful study to the communication from the Acting President of the Council of the League of Nations, dated May 1, 1923, asking the views of the United States regarding the control of the traffic and private manufacture of arms set forth in the convention of Saint Germain, and to inform you that the Government of the United States is in cordial sympathy with efforts suitably to restrict traffic in arms and munitions of war.

Says Sales Are Restricted Here.

"As evidence of its interest in the matter, it may be recalled that by a joint resolution approved April 22, 1898, as amended March 12, 1912, the following provision was made with respect to the regulation of the shipment of arms from the United States: 'That whenever the President shall find that in any American country conditions of domestic violence exist which are promoted by the use of arms or munitions of war procured from the United States, he shall make proclamation thereof, it shall be unlawful to export, except under such limitations and exceptions as the President shall prescribe, any arms or munitions of war from any place in the United States to such country until otherwise ordered by the President or by Congress.'

"By a resolution approved Jan. 31, 1922, this provision of law was extended so as to include any country in which the United States exercises extraterritorial jurisdiction. It is also the policy of the Government to restrict the sale of Government supplies of arms and munitions.

"After a careful examination of the terms of the convention, it has been decided that the objections found thereto render impossible ratification by this Government.

"While the application of the convention to certain designated areas or zones, extending in effect the Brussels convention, may fulfill a useful object, the plan of the present convention is much broader. The distinctive feature of this plan is not a provision for a general limitation of armament, but the creation of a system of control by the signatory powers of the traffic in arms and munitions, these signatory powers being left free not only to meet their own requirements in the territories subject to their jurisdiction, but also to provide for supplying each other with arms and munitions to the full extent that they may see fit.

"There is particular objection to the provisions by which the contracting parties would be prohibited from selling arms and munitions to States not parties to the convention. By such provisions, this Government would be required to prevent shipments of military supplies to such Latin-American countries as have not signed or adhered to the convention, however desirable it might be to permit such shipments, merely because they are not signatory powers and might not desire to adhere to the convention.

"It should be observed also that the acceptance by the United States of an agreement of the nature and scope of the convention of Saint Germain would call for the enactment of legislation to make it operative and particularly for the imposition of penalties applicable to private arms-producing concerns as a means of establishing an effective control. This Government is not in a position to undertake to obtain the enactment of such legislation.

"Finally, it may be observed that the provisions of the convention relating to the League of Nations are so intertwined with the whole convention as to make it impracticable for this Government to ratify, in view of the fact that it is not a member of the League of Nations."

ASSIGN NEW SCHOOL AIDS.

Three Associate Superintendents to Begin Duties Oct. 1.

New assignments of Associate Superintendents, to become effective on and after Oct. 1, were announced yesterday at the office of Superintendent of Schools William T. Ettinger. Edward Mandel is assigned to Division 5, comprising Local School Board Districts 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 38 and 39. Edward W. Stitt is assigned to Division 9, with supervision of extension activities, evening and continuation schools, and community centres.

Margaret J. McCooey is assigned to Division 6, comprising Local School Board Districts 25, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45 and 46, and to Division 9, including probationary, truant and parental schools.

William McAndrew retains his assignment in Division 8. Clarence E. Meleney, A. William J. O'Shea, Gustave Straubenmuller and Edward B. Shallow continue in their present assignments.

WALES HOLDS OPEN HOUSE.

Prince Receives Cattlemen as First Guests at Canadian Ranch.

HIGH RIVER, Alberta, Sept. 27.—Open house was declared at Edward Prince ranch today by the master of the domicile, Lord Renfrew, the Prince of Wales incognito, and guests were received for the first time since he arrived two weeks ago from England for his "roughing it" vacation.

Lord Renfrew invited the members of the Alberta Shorthorn Breeders' Association, who are holding their annual picnic on the ranch grounds, to visit him.

Lloyd George to Speak in Chicago.

CHICAGO, Ill., Sept. 27.—David Lloyd George, through Sir Alfred Cope, his personal representative in America, has accepted the invitation of the Audit Bureau of Circulations and the Chicago Association of Commerce to make his first important speech in the United States under the auspices of the two associations, on Wednesday evening, Oct. 17. The Audit Bureau of Circulations will entertain the former British Premier at a dinner at the Hotel La Salle, at which he will say a few words, before leaving for the Auditorium Theatre, where he will make his principal address.

FIGHT MAINE RAIL PLANS.

Various Interests See Objections in Merger Plans Affecting State.

BOSTON, Sept. 27.—A sharp division of opinion in Maine over the best solution for its railway troubles was indicated by witnesses at the fourth day of the hearings on railroad consolidation, held here by commissioners Hall, Eastman and Cox of the Interstate Commerce Commission.

Three general plans are now before the commissioners for their consideration. One would tie all the New England roads except the Boston & Albany and the Canadian-owned lines together. The second would unite the Boston & Maine, Maine Central and the Bangor & Aroostook with the New York Central, and the New York, New Haven and Hartford and the Central New England with the Pennsylvania.

The third plan, sponsored by President Morris McDonald of the Maine Central and his directors, would join that road and the Bangor Aroostook to the New York Central, by a link formed by the Worcester, aNshua and Portland division of the Boston & Maine, and would bind the remainder of the Boston & Maine to the New Haven.

The Associated Industries of Maine, the Chambers of Commerce of Portland, Richmond, Bath, Waterville, and Brunswick; the five directors of the Port of Portland, James A. Guinas, President of the Maine State Chamber of Commerce, and six other witnesses, four of them from the Portland Chamber of Commerce, sponsored the McDonald plan.

The Bangor and Houlton Chambers of Commerce and the Boards of Trade of Caribou, Presque Isle, Limestone and Fort Fairfield came out for "no consolidation whatever now."

FORTUNE LEFT TO CHARITY.

Will of W. E. Curtis is Liberal to College, Churches and Hospital.

The will of William Edmund Curtis, former Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, who died on Aug. 20, was filed for probate yesterday by A. Henry Moele of 20 Broad Street. It places the value of Mr. Curtis's personal property at $300,000.

The will was dated June 29, 1921. Mr. Curtis left $50,000 to Trinity College, Hartford, Conn.; $10,000 to the Waterbury Hospital, Waterbury, Conn., to found a bed in memory of Mary A. Curtis, his mother; $10,000 each to Mrs. Matthew Butler of Narragansett Pier, R. I., widow of Senator Butler of South Carolina, and Mrs. Baker Hull, Baltimore.

Miss Cora P. Van Wyck of 56 West Forty-seventh Street, St. George's Protestant Episcopal Church and St. Luke's Hospital receive $10,000 each, while $20,000 is left to Christ's Church, Watertown, Conn. Numerous bequests ranging from $1,000 to $5,000 are made to relatives, friends and employes, and the residue of the estate goes to his sister, Elizabeth Curtis, of 300 Park Avenue, who also receives a specific bequest of $50,000 and the Curtis home in Waterbury.

The executors named are F. Kingsbury Curtis and Harris D. Colt of 515 Park Avenue.

AMERICAN RELIEF FUNDS.

Latest Contributions Likely to Be Devoted to Child Welfare.

A meeting of the American Relief Administration was held here Wednesday to discuss the liquidation of the affairs of the organization. No final decision was made concerning the use of available funds, as it will be impossible to complete the details of liquidation until later.

Secretary of Commerce Hoover is at the head of the American Relief Administration and attended the meeting. At a meeting of the American Child Health Association, of which Secretary Hoover is President, it was decided to have a nation-wide child welfare survey made for the American Child Health Association by Colonel Henry Beeuwkes, who was loaned to the American Relief Administration in connection with some of its work in Russia by the American War Department. When the American Relief Administration concluded its work in Russia, subscribers to its work were informed that if contributions were continued they could be turned over to the American Child Health Association.

OWLS MAY ROUT GRACKLES.

Mount Vernon Mayor Seeks Birds of Prey to Drive Off Pest.

Special to The New York Times.

MOUNT VERNON, N. Y., Sept. 27.—Mayor Edwin W. Fiske of Mount Vernon, who for weeks has been trying to find some way to drive away thousands of sleep-disturbing grackles in tall trees on Chester Hill, an exclusive residential section, is seeking several hoot owls to place in the trees to scare away the other birds.

Mayor Fiske has received scores of suggestions as to how the grackles can be exterminated, but he believes the hoot owls will do the trick. He directed Ordinance Officer McKeon today to find him a few owls.

"I have tried roman candles and skyrockets," said Mayor Fiske, "but the grackles returned after bombardment. What is bothering me now is how to keep the owls in the trees where the grackles are. That is up to Officer McKeon."

ACQUIRES FAMOUS VIOLIN.

American Expert Buys the "Betts Strad." and 20 Others for £56,000.

LONDON, Sept. 27.—A famous Stradivarius violin known as "The Betts Strad." is going to America, according to The Daily Mail.

The instrument, together with twenty other old violins, has been bought by the American expert, J. C. Freeman, from H. C. Waddell, a Glasgow meat packer. The purchase price for the lot is understood to have been £56,000.

Mr. Freeman has been negotiating the purchase for several months, but Mr. Waddell refused to part with the Stradivarius unless the remainder of his collection was included in the deal. The American eventually yielded and bought the lot, including the "Le Duc Guarnerius" Stradivarius, which was formerly the property of Patti's husband. Mr. Freeman sails with his treasures on the Mauretania on Saturday.

SHIPPING BOARD GROSS UP.

Revenue for July and August 35 Per Cent. Above Last Year.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 27.—Gross revenue of the Shipping Board during July and August aggregated $4,637,690, an increase of 35 per cent. over the same months of 1922, according to a statement issued today by Chairman Farley. Complete reports on expenditures were not at hand.

While the total number of cargo tons carried during July and August, 1923, varied but little from the number of tons carried in the same period of 1922, the average load per ship showed a substantial increase.

$4,000 NEEDED TO MARRY.

President of Georgetown Also Warns Students Against Love Verses.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 27.—"Don't get married on less than a $4,000 a year salary," President Creaden of Georgetown University admonished students in the professional schools today at their opening exercises.

"Above all," he warned, "don't write poems too often to young ladies."

LEAGUE DOING WELL, ASSERTS ROBINSON

Geneva Is a Clearing House for European Troubles, Says Democratic Senate Leader.

McKELLAR NOT IMPRESSED

But He Thinks American Membership Would Have Prevented the Recent Muddle.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 27.—The League of Nations is neither "dead nor dying," but is functioning effectively in many important matters, Senator Robinson of Arkansas, the Democratic Senate leader, said today. Senator Robinson, who has just returned to Washington after a two months' visit to Europe, was in Geneva during the Greek-Italian crisis, and said that there was a general feeling at Geneva that the League suffered a loss of influence and that some delegates expressed the opinion that the authorities of the League had failed to assert the right of the League to consider and determine the issues between Italy and Greece.

"Mussolini," said Senator Robinson, "was unpopular at Geneva because of the arbitrary manner in which he had occupied Corfu with Italian troops and the apparently needless employment of force, resulting in death to a number of women and children. The conviction in League circles is general, notwithstanding Mussolini's contention that the case involved the national honor of Italy and yet was not cause for war, that the dispute should have been submitted to the League.

"At the same time it was generally recognized that the allied ambassadors, under whose direction the commission was acting, could not be denied the right to investigate the murder and advise what action should be taken. As a matter of fact, the allied ambassadors received suggestions from the League and kept the organization fully informed. The League was instrumental in the settlement, especially in securing a pledge from the Italian leader for the prompt evacuation of Corfu. The limited study which I was able to make did not convince me that the League authorities had acted unwisely, but on the contrary, in view of all the facts and the outcome, that their course was prudent.

"The delegates with whom I talked about the subject were unanimous in their opinion that Mussolini's course was arbitrary, particularly considering that Italy belongs to the League. They all said that a prompt and peaceful settlement of the dispute was facilitated by the course which the organization took, notwithstanding the negotiations were actually conducted through the allied ambassadors.

"The policy adopted by Mussolini, while cordially supported by the people of Italy, is, it may be said, resented throughout Europe, and it has aroused the suspicion that his purpose was more to strengthen his own power, already very great, than to vindicate the honor of his country.

"Whatever may be an American's opinion of the League as related to our country, one cannot dwell in the atmosphere in which its proceedings are conducted without becoming conscious that Geneva, through the League, has become a centre of learning and, in a sense, a clearing house for European troubles. The criticism now heard is not that the League is a super-State, but that it is too feeble. Unquestionably, all the nations of Europe are jealous of their sovereignty and watchful that the organization may not dominate politically.

"If it be true—and it certainly seems true—that the League is not so powerful a political factor as many opponents at its inception prophesied, it would seem, it cannot be denied that in many humanitarian activities the organization provides a ready and effective method for the co-operation of nations."

Senator McKellar of Tennessee, also just back from Europe, described the action of the League in the Greco-Italian affair and also in its handling of the Ruhr situation as "puerile." Had the United States been a member of the League, the European situation, he added, would not, in his opinion, have become so muddled as is now the case. In the opinion of Europeans, generally, Senator McKellar said, "the United States has at this time no foreign policy at all."

"I have been asked," continued Senator McKellar, "what this country can do in the existing situation to help Europe. Nothing at present. We have waited too long. I think we must wait until they call on us before we attempt to do anything. In their present state of mind they would regard any such efforts on our part as officious and meddling."

DECLARES LEAGUE IS ALIVE.

Dean of Northwestern Law School Says It Cannot Be Displaced.

CHICAGO, Sept. 27.—There is no possibility of another League of Nations to replace the present one, which is more alive today than ever before, Dean John H. Wigmore of the law school of Northwestern University and a member of the League Committee on Intellectual Co-operation, declared upon his return yesterday from Geneva.

"The League is just as alive as the Congress of the United States," Dean Wigmore declared. "It has quenched the fires of several impending wars; and had not a Council of Ambassadors done effective work in clearing up the Italian situation the League would have assumed responsibility for controlling the outbreak.

"The fact that it did not censure Italy in its seizure of Corfu may have done nothing toward convincing the United States that the League is a great agency for peace, but the League is not playing for favor of America."

He declared the League is nearer the United States now than ever before, giving the recognition of the State Department by sending three persons to attend its Opium Commission as one example of this.

BOWDOIN TO CELEBRATE.

Institute of Literature to Mark Longfellow-Hawthorne Centenary.

BRUNSWICK, Me., Sept. 27.—An institute of literature will be held at Bowdoin College in 1925, President Kenneth C. M. Sills announced in an address at the first chapel exercises of the college year today.

"We are planning," he said, "to celebrate the centenary of the class of 1825, to which Hawthorne and Longfellow belonged, by holding in 1925 an institute of literature along the lines of our successful experiment in modern history last April. The press has been cordial in reminding the public of the debt which American letters owes to Bowdoin."

He referred to the fact that the late Kate Douglas Wiggin was "an adopted daughter" of Bowdoin, having received from the college the honorary degree of Doctor of Letters in 1904.

"What we need in our college, as in the country at large," he said in words of advice to the students, "is a return to industry. The American is probably the busiest person in the world, but he does not know how to work. There is a great different between being busy and working hard.

"In the modern college we are all far too busy. There is altogether too much heard of the word 'activities,' as if they were the be-all and end-all of college life."

COOLIDGE ACCEPTS HONOR.

Becomes Chancellor of Institution, Praising Good-Will Aims.

That "in the final analysis the relationship between nations depended upon the relationship between the citizenship of nations," was the keynote to President Coolidge's speech of Wednesday, accepting the Honorary Chancellorship of the Sulgrave Institution, according to a statement given out yesterday afternoon by John A. Stewart, 233 Broadway, Chairman of the American branch of that organization.

A delegation from the institution waited on the President at the White House on Wednesday and offered him the Honorary Chancellorship, a position that had been held during their terms by Presidents Roosevelt, Taft, Wilson and Harding. In conversations with members of the institution, according to Mr. Stewart's statement, the President, after announcing favorable consideration of the invitation, praised the work done by the private citizenship of America in the furtherance of good-will, and said that while Governments could do something in this direction, citizens unofficially could do much more.

Mr. Stewart is Chairman of the New York Harding Memorial Committee, which is composed of the members of the New York Committee of Welcome that purposed to receive President and Mrs. Harding on the occasion of the landing here from their trip through the Panama Canal to Porto Rico and New York. With reference to President Coolidge's decision to pay his tribute to Harding's policies by remaining in Washington in the attempt to execute them, instead of attending the Memorial Committee's commemoration of the late President in New York City on Harding's birthday, Nov. 2, Mr. Stewart announced that Judge Alton B. Parker, who is also a member of the committee, was extending an invitation to Chief Justice William Howard Taft. He added that an invitation had also been extended to Bishop William F. Anderson of Cincinnati, a warm personal friend of Harding's, to attend the memorial exercises at New York on Nov. 2.

COURT SHORTAGE ADMITTED

New Rochelle Judge, However, Declares it is Less Than Charged.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ROCHELLE, N. Y., Sept 27.—The investigation of New Rochelle city departments which C. O'D. Iselin, John G. Agar, John Troy and other taxpayers recently compelled Mayor Harry F. Scott to institute, threatens to result in a real sensation.

Failing after several weeks to agree on a report filed by expert accountants concerning discrepancies in the funds of the New Rochelle City Court, Judge Swinburn today admitted there was a shortage, but said it was $494 less than reported by the investigators.

Revenue aggregating nearly $2,700 is unaccounted for, the accountants declared. It has been disclosed that the shortage does not include $239 received by the clerk of the City Court in civil actions.

A comparison of Judge Swinburn's statement and the finding of the investigators reveals conflicting statements based on erroneous reports of attachés of the court and discloses the lax manner in which the funds of the court were handled.

Several officials of the court, including Probation Officer Harris, are censured by the investigators for the manner in which they conducted their departments.

MORE CITY HOME OWNERS.

Gain Six-Tenths o 1 Per Cent. Here Between 1900 and 1920.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 27.—Home owners in New York City increased six-tenths of 1 per cent. in the period from 1900 to 1920, according to statistics contained in "How to Own Your Home," a handbook for prospective home owners just issued by the Division of Building and Housing of the Department of Commerce.

Secretary Hoover commends the "own your home" idea in a foreword to the book which has been made available to the public through the Superintendent of Documents in Washington for five cents. It was written by John M. Gries and James S. Taylor, of the Department of Commerce and sets forth in detail the steps that the person of average means should take in acquiring a home.

Figures of the Bureau of Census embodied in the publication show that the percent

MARY GARDEN BACK; WEIGHS 120 POUNDS

Songstress Ready for a Big Season After a Summer's Rest Abroad.

EAGER TO PLAY TENNIS STAR

Invited by Tilden to Meet Mallory and John McCormack—Met de Reszke in Nice.

Mary Garden, weighing 120 pounds, with a bingle bob—"Oh, so comfortable; no hair to dry when you swim and so much better for grand opera"—has just arrived on the Olympic in fit condition for a big season's work. This is to include her first concert tour and a tennis match.

"I adore Bill Tilden," said Miss Garden rapturously in her apartment in the Ritz-Carlton, "and he insists that I shall play in a match with him. We will play perhaps John McCormack and Mallory. I am sure I could beat McCormack." The date for the match is not yet set. The concert tour will be under the direction of C. L. Wagner and will begin at Lowell, Mass., and Mike Garden will sing at Denver, Salt Lake City, Portland, Seattle, San Francisco, Los Angeles and back through the Middle West to reach New York Dec. 7 and to be ready to start with the Chicago Opera Company Dec. 23. Her concert repertoire will consist of Russian folk songs which she obtained from a Russian singer, a refugee in Monte Carlo, with some operatic selections and all the encores in English.

Miss Garden will start her opera season with "Cleopatra." Massenet's opera; followed by "Louise," "The Juggler," "Love of Three Kings" and "Salome." In May Miss Garden will sing at the Opera Comique in Paris and at the Opera in June.

Miss Garden's shingle bob is much shorter than she bob which she wore last year. It is shingled close to the head in the back. She says she never will weigh more than 120 pounds. "Nothing makes fat but eating and it is not necessary," she remarked. "I hate fat people. What would people think if I should come out to sing 'Thais' as a fat woman?"

Talking of Jean de Reszke, who has a famous school of singing at Nice, she said:

"We went over to see him. He has a beautiful home and pupils, men and women, who come to him from all over the world. He sang for us 'Romeo and Juliet.' It was beautiful. He is very fond of parrots and has many of them, magnificent birds, in his drawing room."

Miss Garden is not only interested in tennis, but in prize fights. She thinks it is a magnificent sight to see two fine specimens of physical development stand up against each other. She is particularly interested in Carpentier, whom she considers very sympathetic, and she has some money on him for his next fight.

PRESBYTERIANS MAY BUILD.

Committee to Report on Erection of Institution at Washington.

Special to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Sept. 27.—The General Council of the Presbyterian Church of the United States today appointed a committee looking to the establishment of a monumental institution at Washington. It was pointed out that every denomination except the Presbyterian Church had a fine edifice at the national capital. Dr. George B. Stewart of Auburn, N. Y., was appointed Chairman of this committee, which will report at the next session of the council.

The council also voted to hold a Presbyterian national conference at Cleveland, Ohio, Dec. 3 to awaken ministers and laymen to the opportunities for greater church endeavors.

Mrs. Fred S. Bennett of Englewood, N. J., Vice President of the Presbyterian Board of National Missions, and Miss Margaret E. Hodge of New York City, Vice President of the Presbyterian Board of Foreign Missions, were appointed as "co-operative members" by the General Council today. This action followed the receipt yesterday of their communications urging that women be given representation.

FURNITURE ON SHOW.

Second Exhibition of Art-in-Trades Club on Waldorf Roof.

With a great amount of original work and the bringing together of fine old furniture in some instances and of new made on the best lines, a series of twenty-five apartments is to be seen on the Waldorf roof in the second annual exhibition of the Art-in-Trades Club.

One of the rooms was to have been a Mah Jong room by Joseph Urban, but just previous to the opening of the exhibition everything was destroyed by fire. Mr. Urban is arranging for another rooms along different lines, which will be in place on Saturday.

Another original apartment is a small Russian breakfast room in gay colors, showing the work of a former architect and decorator to the late Czar. There are French Chippendale, Tudor and Queen Anne rooms, a French room, and two rooms show what can be done in small New York apartments. Among the chief workers who have put on the exhibition are Lorentz Kleiser, W. Frank Purdy, Harry Wearne, George E. Clarke, Harold W. Burton, Edward T. Kirby and Chester L. Greene. The exhibition will continue until Oct. 20.

UNION TO GIVE TEA TODAY.

Women Will Attend Democratic Committee Meeting Tonight.

Women from out of town attending the Democratic State Committee meeting this evening at the Town Hall are to be entertained at tea this afternoon by the Women's Democratic Union, of which Mrs. John Blair is chairman. Mrs. Alfred E. Smith and Miss Emily Smith, the Governor's wife and daughter, will attend. Miss Smith will pour tea, assisted by Miss Amy Aldrich, Mrs. Vanderbilt Webb, Mrs. Montgomery Hare and Mrs. Abram Elkus.

The tea will follow a meeting of the Women's Division of the Democratic State Committee, at which Mrs. Daniel O'Day will preside. At the meeting Robert Moses, Secretary of the New York State Association, will speak on the constitutional amendments to be submitted to the voters in the coming campaign.

The up-State women attending the committee meeting have been invited to a conference today at 99 Park Avenue. At 10:30 A. M. Miss Elisabeth Marbury, National Committeewoman, will speak on the importance of organization.

Daughter to Mrs. Eliot Wadsworth.

Mr. and Mrs. Eliot Wadsworth of 383 Marlborough Street, Boston, are being congratulated on the birth of a daughter, Nancy Wadsworth, at the Woman's Hospital, this city, yesterday. Mrs. Wadsworth was formerly Mrs. Guy H. Scull, and is the daughter of Mrs. Mathew Galbraith Butler of Washington, D. C. Mr. Wadsworth is Assistant Secretary of the Treasury. They were married on July 10, 1922.

Gives $2,000 for Social Research.

Mrs. Willard Straight has given to the Department of Economics of Mount Holyoke College, $2,000, to be used as a fund for economic and social research during the present academic year. Miss Wilhelmina M. Breed, a graduate of Girton College, England, the present holder of this fellowship, will do special research work on British immigration to the United States.

SOCIAL NOTES

New York.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Untermyer will entertain at their home, Greystone-on-the-Hudson, next Sunday at 4 o'clock. Count Albert Apponyi will be the guest of honor.

Mrs. J. Arthur Bramwell, who arrived from Europe on the Franconia, and Mr. Bramwell are at the Garden City Hotel to remain through the Autumn.

Mrs. Clarence Cary has come from Southampton and is at the St. Regis for the Winter.

Prince and Princess Rospigliosi entertained at luncheon yesterday at the Ritz-Carlton for Congressman and Mrs. Nicholas Longworth.

Mr. and Mrs. Philip Stockton and Miss Mary Stockton of Boston are at the Belmont.

William A. Slater entertained at luncheon yesterday at Pierre's. His guests included Mrs. Biddle Duke, Vincent Astor and Carroll Carstairs.

Mrs. Horatio Seymour Shonnard of Oyster Bay, L. I., is at the Plaza for a few days.

Mrs. Jules S. Bache, who recently returned from Europe, gave a luncheon yesterday at the Marguery.

Mrs. Grenville Kane entertained at luncheon yesterday at Sherry's.

Miss Ursula Squier and J. Bentley Squier Jr. returned to New York last night from a Far Eastern tour. They were in Japan during the earthquake. Dr. J. Bentley Squier, who aided in the relief work in Japan after the earthquake, and Mrs. Squier are in Los Angeles.

JANET SHEARSON WEDS E. BUFFINTON

Ceremony in St. Thomas's Chantry and Reception at Colony Club—Other Marriages.

The wedding of Eliot Buffinton of Fall River, Mass., and Miss Janet Shearson, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Shearson of 940 Park Avenue and Greenwich, Conn., took place yesterday afternoon in the chantry of St. Thomas's Church, and the reception, through the courtesy of Mrs. Edward Shearson, followed at the Colony Club.

Mrs. Kenneth B. Logan was the matron of honor and the Misses Isabel Rockefeller and Marie and Martha Keck were bridesmaids. A. T. Buffinton was his brother's best man and the ushers were Oliver S. Hess Jr., T. Reed Vreeland, Philip T. Hawes, Robert Garrett Jd, Richardson Dilworth, John T. Robertson, Tom Keck and Junior Fleischmann.

Conner—Coston.

Dr. Leila A. Coston, daughter of Herbert H. Coston of Scranton, Pa., and Dr. Lewis C. Conner of this city were married yesterday morning at 11 o'clock at the bride's home in Scranton. The Rev. Glen Walter performed the ceremony, which was followed by a reception.

Craig—Frost.

The marriage of Miss Eleanor P. Frost, daughter of Elihu B. Frost of Lake House, Southampton, L. I., and Lieutenant Arthur Burgin Craig, U. S. N., of Asheville, N. C., son of the former Governor of North Carolina, Locke Craig, took place yesterday afternoon at the Ambassador. The wedding was quiet owing to the illness of the bride's father.

Burton—King.

Miss Carol Edith King, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel J. King of 829 Riverside Drive, was married to Frederick A. Burton of this city last evening at 6:30 o'clock in the Louis XVI. suite at the St. Regis. Dr. John L. Elliott performed the ceremony.

Shaer—Goldsmith.

Miss Lucy Goldsmith, daughter of Mrs. Henry Goldsmith of 605 St. Nicholas Avenue, and Justin Ormiston Shore of this city were married yesterday afternoon at the home of the bride's mother, the Rev. Dr. Stephen S. Wise officiating. The bride is export manager of the Aeolian Company. Mr. Shore, who is an importer, was a Lieutenant with the Eighty-sixth Division in France during the war.

Schoeffler-Dwight Wedding Plans.

Plans have been completed for the wedding of Miss Helen Mary Dwight, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Dwight of Holyoke, Mass., and Oscar Edmund Schoeffler of this city, son of Mr. and Mrs. John M. Schoeffler, which is to take place in St. Paul's Episcopal Church in Holyoke on Saturday evening, Oct. 6.

Miss Laura Dwight will be her sister's maid of honor and the bridesmaids will be the Misses Estella La France, Katherine Frans, Olga Schoeffler and Gertrude Jackson. William Dwight will be best man and the ushers are to be William Skinner, Jd, Richard P. Towne, Ralph M. Cook, Karl H. Alderman, Wallace F. Smith and William H. Hertel of this city.

The bride is a graduate of Wellesley.

Miss Le Seure to Marry Today.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Sept. 27.—The marriage takes place tomorrow in London of Dorsey Richardson of Baltimore and Miss Helen Cannon Le Seure of Danville, Ill., granddaughter of ex-Speaker Joseph G. Cannon.

Angell-Grew Wedding Oct. 19.

Invitations were sent out yesterday for the wedding of Miss Jane Norton Grew, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Wigglesworth Grew of Boston, and Dover, Mass., and James Waterhouse Angell, a son of James Rowland Angell, President of Yale University, and Mrs. Angell. It will take place on Friday, Oct. 19, at 12:30 noon at the Dover Summer home of the Grews.

Jackson-Lee Engagement.

Dr. and Mrs. Charles Warren Jackson of The Green, North Watertown, Conn., announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Frances Curtiss Jackson, to Elliott Hugh Lee, of this city.

Miss Jackson is a graduate of Westover School and is a member of the Junior League. Mr. Lee was graduated from Princeton, class of '16, and is connected with the National Bank of Commerce in New York.

2,000 Ad Men to Go on One Ship.

The world convention of advertising men in London next Summer will open on July 14, according to announcement made here yesterday by Lou R. Holland of Kansas City, President of the Associated Advertising Clubs of the World. Plans are being formed for a delegation of at least 2,000 publishers and advertisers from the United States and Canada, to be led by Edwin T. Meredith, former Secretary of Agriculture. It is intended to carry the entire delegation on one boat. Expenses of the trip, from port to London and return, are estimated at less than $300, including necessary expenses on the other side.

Dates of Winter Dances.

Dates for society dances during the coming Winter season are being announced. The Junior Assembly dances, which are mainly for débutantes of the year, will be held at the Ritz-Carlton on Dec. 1, Jan. 4 and Feb. 8. The Metropolitan dance, for the sub-debs, will fall due on Dec. 28 and the Colony dance is to be held at the Ritz on Dec. 26. The tea dances at the Lorraine are to open for the season on Thursday, Oct. 4. The annual autumnal ball at Tuxedo Park is to be given at the clubhouse there on Oct. 27.

Mikado Honors E. W. Frazar.

E. W. Frazar, a partner of Frazar & Co. and a controlling factor in the Frazar interests in the Orient, has just been advised that the Emperor of Japan, by special decree, has conferred upon him the Order of the Rising Sun, Third Degree. The honor was bestowed in recognition of Mr. Frazar's efforts to foster Japanese progress and international understanding and to aid the Japanese in their recent catastrophe. His father joined Commodore Perry on the second expedition to Japan.

CARNARVON'S BROTHER DIES

Death of Aubrey Herbert Revives Superstition on Pharaoh's Tomb.

LONDON, Sept. 27.—The superstition that Pharaoh Tut-ankh-Amen still exerts a malign influence upon the disturbers of his tomb has been revived by the death in London yesterday of the Hon. Aubrey Herbert, half-brother of the late Earl of Carnarvon.

Mr. Herbert, who died following an operation, did not enjoy a world-wide reputation, but was well known in England as a traveler, diplomatist, linguist, poet, soldier and politician. He was wounded in France in 1914 and later served in the Dardanelles and in Egypt.

His friends recall that he strongly objected to the Earl of Carnarvon's activities at Luxor, believing it unlucky to interfere with the tombs of the dead. When the burial chambers of the Pharaoh were laid bare Mr. Herbert remarked: "Something dreadful will surely happen in our family."

JEROME PATRICK DEAD.

Prominent Leading Man a Victim of Heart Disease at 39 Years.

Jerome Patrick, a well-known actor whose last engagement was as leading man to Alice Brady in "Zander the Great," died in the Neurological Institute on Wednesday night of heart disease. The funeral services will be held in the Campbell Funeral Church, Broadway and Sixty-sixth Street, tomorrow morning. He was in his fortieth year.

Rev. Dr. G. L. Spining.

The Rev. Dr. George Lawrence Spining, formerly of this city and known as "the friend of the American Indian," is dead at his home in Pasadena, Cal. For some years he was pastor of what is now the Madison Avenue Presbyterian Church, this city.

Dr. Spining, who for the last seventeen years had been pastor emeritus of the First Presbyterian Church, South Orange, N. J., served in the Indian war in 1890, having charge of supply trains to Government forts on the plains and in the Rocky Mountains. He was 81 years old. While young he moved West among the Indians. When the Civil War began he enlisted under age in the First Kansas Cavalry.

Dr. Richard O. Phillips.

Dr. Richard O. Phillips, formerly for ten years chief medical officer of the Homoeopathic Hospital in Yonkers, died in the hospital Wednesday night of acute dilation of the heart in an attack of pneumonia following an operation performed Tuesday for stomach ulcer. Dr. Phillips, who was 70 years old, had lived in St. Petersburg, Fla., since 1918.

Obituary Notes.

Mrs. LUCY S. KOCH, wife of Paul A. Koch, an insurance broker, died at her home, 190 Ridgewood Avenue, Brooklyn, on Tuesday.

Mrs. ELIZABETH COBB LUDDERS, 85 years old, widow of Henry Ludders, a Scripps Bishop, died in St. Mary's Hospital on Tuesday. Her home was at 412A Sackett Street, Brooklyn.

Detective Sergeant JAMES P. MURPHY, of the Beach Street Station, died Wednesday of indigestion at his home, 601 West 150th Street. He was 45 years old.

JOHN J. LARKIN, real estate dealer of Middletown, N. Y., died there suddenly yesterday in a lawyer's office where he had called to close a deal. He was 81 years old.

CHARLES L. SMITH, an attendant at the State Hospital in Middletown, N. Y., died there suddenly yesterday while preparing to join his wife and children, who live at 312 East 103d Street, this city.

EDWIN V. GUINAN, a lawyer with offices at 115 Broadway, died suddenly yesterday of heart disease at his residence, 203 West Twelfth Street, aged 43.

WILLIAM D. MAGOVERN, a Shaler in hardwood flooring in this city for forty years, died Wednesday morning of heart disease at the age of 66 at his residence in Englewood, N. J.

KATE JEFSON, a retired actress, who had appeared in stock at many Northeastern stores during her forty years on the stage, died yesterday at the Episcopal Hospital in Philadelphia. She was 65 years old.

Born.

GINSBERG—Mr. and Mrs. Nathan Ginsberg (nee Estella Barnstein) of 201 West 92d St. announce the arrival of a son at the New York Nursery and Child's Hospital, 61st St. and 10th Av., New York, Sept. 24, 1923.

Engaged.

RICE—LETCHER—Mr. and Mrs. Harry D. Letcher, of 854 West 181st St., announce the engagement of their daughter Ruth to Mr. Lawrence Rice of New Brunswick, N. J.

Married.

SHORE—GOLDSMITH—On Thursday, Sept. 27, Lucy Goldsmith, daughter of Mrs. Henry Goldsmith, to Justin Ormiston Shore of New York.

Died.

ADLER—Harietta, in her 72d year, dearly beloved mother of Mrs. Alfred, Harry, Lester, Lewis, Norman and Dollie A. Israel. Funeral services to be held on Friday morning, at 10 o'clock, at Sol Rothschild's Funeral Parlor, 154 West 129th St.

AUERBACH—Leopold A., darling, beloved husband of Elsie (nee Stone), devoted and loving father of Henry Dewey, Hortense, dear brother of Joseph H. and Bliss Auerbach and Lottie Czechowitz. Funeral from his late residence, 970 Park Av., on Friday, Sept. 28, at 10 o'clock. Omit flowers.

AUERBACH—Temple Anshe Chesed: The congregation is respectfully invited to attend the funeral of our fellow-member, A. Leopold Auerbach, to be held from his late residence, 970 Park Av., today, Friday, at 1 P. M.

ALEXANDER U. ZINKE, Vice Pres.
SOL MUTTERPERL, Hon. Secretary.

BENDER—William H., husband of Frances O'Grady, suddenly, California, Sept. 24. Burial at Columbia, Pa.

BROWN—Suddenly, on Tuesday, Sept. 25, 1923, Sadie Hall Brown, beloved mother of Jessie Brown Dalton, at her residence, 853 East 17th St., Brooklyn. Funeral services at the Lefferts Place Chapel, 80 Lefferts Place, near Grand Av., Brooklyn, Friday, at 2 P. M. Interment Greenwood Cemetery. Jersey papers please copy.

CARO—Sept. 27, Solly, beloved husband of Grace (nee Basch) and devoted father of Harry. Funeral from his late residence, 625 W. 176th St., Sunday, Sept. 30, at 10 A. M.

COX—On Tuesday, Sept. 25, 1923, Arthur Wellington, beloved husband of Eleanor and son of William and Martha L. (nee Sharp). Funeral services at his late residence, 460 East 187th St., New York, on Friday evening, Sept. 28, at 8:30. Interment private.

Died.

CUNG—Margaret Preston, beloved wife of John D. Cung and daughter of J. Martin and Lewis Bechtel Preston. Funeral from Church of the Covenant, Washington, D. C., Friday, 2 P. M.

DE BEVOISE—William Hayes De Bevoise, son of the late George Pine and Matilda Hoyt De Bevoise, at St. Paul, Minn., on Sept. 26, 1923. Interment at St. Paul.

FLEISCHHACKER—Delia, at Alameda, Cal., on Aug. 24, in her 84th year. Beloved mother of Mrs. Frank Wolf.

FORBES—Allen B., suddenly, at Greenwich, Conn., Wednesday, Sept. 26, 1923, age 52 years. Funeral services Christ Church, Greenwich, Conn., Saturday, Sept. 29, at 2 o'clock. Train leaves Grand Central Station 1:45 P. M. (Daylight Saving). Interment private.

GALE—Walter, Wednesday, Sept. 26, 1923, at his home in St. Mark's Av., St. Albans, Queens, in his 81st year. Funeral services at 2 P. M., Friday, Sept. 28.

GALE—Bethel Lodge No. 733, F. and A. M. Brethren: You are requested to attend the funeral of our deceased brother, Walter Gale, on Friday, Sept. 28, 1923, at 2:30 P. M., at his late residence, St. Mark's Av., near Farmer Av., St. Albans, L. I. HENRY A. MARLIN, Master.
ALEXANDER CONNELL, Secretary.

GALL—Jeannette, beloved wife of Michael I. Gall and devoted mother of Gertrude Gall, beloved daughter of Harriet Collier. Services at Meyer's Funeral Parlor, 818 Lenox Av., Sunday, Sept. 30, at 10 A. M.

HACK—Dr. Charles W., husband of Gwendolyn R. Hack, at Vera Cruz, Mexico, Tuesday, Sept. 25. Notice of funeral later.

HARRAL—Suddenly, at Bridgeport, Conn., Wednesday, Sept. 26, 1923, Edward Wright Harral. Funeral service will be held at his home, 122 Harrison St., Bridgeport, on Saturday, 29th inst., at 2:30 P. M. Burial at convenience of family in Mountain Grove Cemetery. Please omit flowers.

HEATH—Mahen, of Orient, N. Y., on Sept. 25, 1923, aged 58, daughter of the late Henry Heath of Brooklyn. Funeral services on Friday, Sept. 28, at 1 P. M., at Orient, N. Y. Interment at Southold.

HIRSCH—Sept. 26, Hannah (nee Deutsch), widow of Adolph and devoted mother of Anna, Lee and Henry Hirsch and sister of Adolph Deutsch, Gertie Aronson, Bertha Herewitz and Morris Deutsch. Funeral from chapel of Saul A. Rothschild, 162 West 120th St., Friday, Sept. 28, 2 P. M.

ISAGI—At Ridgewood, N. J., on Sept. 25, Helen, widow of Hugo Isagi. Funeral services at her late residence, 25 Walnut St., at 1:30 P. M. on Friday, Sept. 28. Which relatives and friends are invited to attend.

KENYON—Mrs. Amanda Edwards Kenyon, widow of Parson Waterman Kenyon of this city, at her home, Los Angeles, Cal., Tuesday, Sept. 25.

KINSLEY—Mary Bridges, aged 82, widow of the late Michael Henry Kinsley and daughter of the late Hall Jones and Mary Bridges, at the North Hudson Hospital, on Thursday, Sept. 27, at noon. Funeral private. St. Lawrence County papers please copy.

KLEIN—Adolph, aged 53 years, of 2,662 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn, on Sept. 26. Survived by Mrs. Pauline Klein, Emanuel and Rose. Funeral Friday, 10 A. M. Please omit flowers.

LEDERER—On Tuesday, Sept. 25, Joseph, in his 52d year, beloved husband of Anna (nee Kohn), devoted father of Blanche Rosenthal and Ruth Lederer. Funeral service at the West End Funeral Chapel, 200 West 81st St., Friday, Sept. 28, at 10 A. M.

McLAUGHLIN—Jennie (nee Humphreys), beloved wife of Thomas J., suddenly Sept. 25, at her residence, 238 West 4th St. Funeral Saturday, 10 A. M., from Holy Trinity Church, 88th St. between Broadway and Amsterdam Av. Interment private.

McVICKER—Sarah, actress. Campbell Funeral Church, Friday, 11 A. M., auspices Actors' Fund.

MAGOVERN—William D., beloved husband of Louise Barton and father of Harry, Archibald, suddenly, Sept. 26, in his 66th year. Funeral from his late residence, Hudson Av., Englewood, N. J., Saturday, on the arrival of train from Jersey City 1:30 (Daylight Saving Time). Interment at Mount Hope, N. Y.

MAGOVERN—Captain William D., on Wednesday, Sept. 26. Headquarters Old Guard of the City of New York, 207 West 81st St. Funeral on Saturday, Sept. 29, 2 P. M. Comrades of the Old Guard will assemble at Headquarters on Saturday, Sept. 29, at 12 noon sharp in fatigue uniform.
Captain PHILIP S. TILDEN, Commanding.

MAGOVERN—W. D. The Veterans' Association, 71st Regiment, announces with deep regret the death of our late comrade, Captain W. D. Magovern, Sept. 26, 1923. Funeral services Saturday, Sept. 29, at 2 P. M., at his late residence, Hudson and Highland Av., Englewood, N. J.
WALTER J. JOYCE, President.
HENRY L. BRYAN, secretary.

MALONE—On Wednesday, Sept. 26, Patrick A., beloved husband of Anna Malone (nee Cartland), and Funeral from his late residence, 148 West 68th St., on Saturday, Sept. 29, at 9:30 A. M. Thence to Church of the Blessed Sacrament, 71st and Broadway, where a solemn mass of requiem will be sung for the repose of his soul.

MAYER—Charles A., at his home, 9 Fort Washington Av., Wednesday, 8 P. M. Services Friday evening, 8:15.

MURPHY—Jamie F., beloved husband of Grace, father of Edward and son of Mr. and Mrs. M. C. Murphy, 501 West 180th.

PHILLIPS—At Yonkers, on Wednesday, Sept. 26, Dr. Richard Oliver Phillips in his 70th year. Funeral services at the residence of Dr. Sidney A. Beckwith, 340 Park Av., Yonkers, Saturday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock.

PIEFFER—George F. Suddenly at his residence 235 West Englewood Av., West Englewood, N. J., Friday. Funeral services at 1 o'clock Saturday, Sept. 29.

SELMES—On Thursday morning, Sept. 27, 1923, Mary A. Sharp, widow of John H. Selmes. Funeral services at her late residence, "The Dakota," 1 West 72d St., on Saturday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. Interment private.

SMALLEY—Harry D. Suddenly, Sept. 26, at Phoenix, Ariz. Funeral notice later.

ULMAN—Leon. Noah Benevolent Society officers and members are requested to attend the funeral of our late brother on Friday, Sept. 28, at 3 P. M., from Rothschild's Funeral Parlor, 272 Lenox Av. HERMAN GRAND, President.

WASHBURNE—At Bridgeport, Conn., Sept. 27, 1923, Sheila Washburne, widow of the late D. Bishop Jr. and daughter of the late Hon. Elihu B. Washburne and Adelia Gratiot Washburne, in the 65th year of her age. Funeral from the late home, 199 Cortlandt Hill, Saturday morning, Sept. 29, at 11 o'clock.

WASHBURN—On Sept. 26, Marcus, husband of Marietta Holmes Washburn. Services will be held at the Church of the Divine, 1,906 Bathgate Av. (near Tremont Av.), on Friday, Sept. 28, at 8 P. M. Interment private.

WHITMAN—Mortimer, age 62 years, beloved husband of Annie Fullman Whitman, at 7 P. M., Sept. 26, at his residence, in Cairo, N. Y. Funeral services at 11 A. M., Saturday, Sept. 29, at the residence of his son, Mortimer Whitman Jr., 28 Mitchell Av., Flushing, L. I. Interment Flushing Cemetery.

WHITSON—Suddenly, at Westfield, N. J., on Sept. 16, 1923, Andrew J. Whitson, in his 57th year.

YEWELL—On Sept. 25, 1923, at Diamond Point, N. Y., George Henry Yewell, in his 84th year.

In Memoriam.

ALLAN—In memory of our beloved grandmother, Helen M. Allan, who departed this life Sept. 28, 1921.
ALLEYNE AND MILTON WEISMAN.

ALLAN—In sweet and loving memory of our devoted mother and, grandmother, Helen M. Allan.
MARGARET, JACOB AND MARGOT SWEEG.

GINSBERG—In loving remembrance of Rose, devoted wife (Morris and dear mother of William, Clara, Solomon, Morris and Sarah, and grandmother of Vera, died Sept. 28, 1922. May her soul rest in peace.
GLASER.

GLASER—In loving memory of Adolph M. Glaser, passed away on Sept. 28, 1922.
WIFE AND DAUGHTER.

McNALLY—In memory of our beloved son and brother, Corporal Richard J. McNally, Co. M, 107th U. S. Inf., killed in action Sept. 29, 1918, at Guillemont Farm, France. Anniversary mass at the Church of the Incarnation, Sept. 30, at 8 A. M.

STOUT WOMEN

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FIFTH AVENUE AT 39TH STREET

SARAZEN CONQUERS BARNES AT PELHAM

Advances in P. G. A. Tourney by Victory on Final Hole of Thrilling Match.

CRUIKSHANK ALSO WINS

Gains Semi-Final Round, With Hagen and McLean, Defeating Macfarlane on 19th.

Gene Sarazen, fighting to retain his last crown, gained a notable victory at the Pelham Country Club yesterday when he defeated "Long Jim" Barnes, home club pro, on the thirty-sixth green and thus earned his place in the semi-finals of the Professional Golfers' Association championship. The match was one of the most spectacular ever fought in the P. G. A. event and it thrilled the largest gallery that has yet turned out for the 1923 match play classic of the pros.

Although defeated, Barnes went down with colors flying, his struggle against odds being a superb one and one that will long live in the memories of those who watched the fortunes swing first to Sarazen, then to Barnes, and finally perch on the shoulders of the defending champion. "Long Jim," himself a two-time P. G. A. champion, left behind what looked like an insurmountable handicap when he quit the field of battle at noon three down to the little Italian-American star.

Undaunted, however, Barnes started out in the afternoon round to make a match of it. He did that and more. Four down and seven holes to play was the situation that faced the lanky Cornishman when he stepped to the tee going to the twelfth hole, having just hit the back of the cup on his try for a birdie 3 at the hole just left behind. He played the next six holes in two under 4s, winning four of them back from the fast-cracking Sarazen and just missing putts for birdie wins at the other two by hair-line margins.

Sarazen Drives Green.

All square going to the home hole, Barnes's tee shot started for the trees that border the fairway, stopping in a bad lie in the rough on the face of the hill just short of the green. Sarazen, no longer holding the whip hand, threw caution to the winds and lashed with all his strength with his tee shot. His ball caught the slope of the hill, rolled onto the green and stopped five yards from the hole. Barnes had a difficult approach shot, due to his bad lie, it played his ball a trifle too strong. It caught the down slope of the hill, rolled over the green into the fringe of short rough back of the cup. Sarazen, away, putted weakly, his ball stopping a yard from the hole. "Long Jim" studied the next shot for a long time. Then he chipped, lofting a big bald-faced cup and stopped three inches away. Sarazen still had a mean putt to get down, but he made sure of it, and when it hit the back of the cup it left him still in the race for the title he now holds—the last of his possession—and it snuffed the hopes of Barnes, who, in losing, had a round of 70, four below par.

Gene today will get another chance at Bobby Cruikshank, the near hero of Inwood, for the Shackamaxon pro eliminated Willie Macfarlane of Oak Ridge in a tense 39-hole struggle, in which the Shackamaxon Scot did not take the lead until the twenty-first hole of the match. The other semi-finalist will be Walter Hagen and George McLean, who won by 5 and 4 margins over Freddie McLeod of Washington and Joe Kirkwood, Australian trick-shot star, respectively.

The cards of the Sarazen-Barnes match follow:

MORNING ROUND.

Out—									
Sarazen	4	4	5	3	4	5	5	3	—37
Barnes	4	4	5	3	4	4	4	4	—36
In—									
Sarazen	3	4	4	5	4	2	5	3	—34—71
Barnes	3	4	5	4	4	3	5	3	—35—71

AFTERNOON ROUND.

Out—									
Sarazen	5	4	5	3	4	4	4	4	—33
Barnes	4	3	5	3	4	4	5	4	—37
In—									
Sarazen	3	4	5	5	4	3	5	3	—37—70
Barnes	3	4	4	5	5	3	4	3	—35—70

Macfarlane Takes Lead.

The Cruikshank-Macfarlane match was a zip-and-tuck struggle all the way. By going out in 35, two under par, Macfarlane was 3 up at the end of the first nine holes, but Bobby, with six 4s, two 3s and only one 5, came home in 35 and reduced his deficit to one hole. The Oak Ridger then stuck a dead patch of 4s on the first three holes in the afternoon, while Cruikshank, one under par, gained four holes, reaching the turn 2 up. Macfarlane won the twelfth with a birdie 3 and came near winning the fourteenth, where his ball hung on the lip of the cup, leaving his opponent almost a dead stymie. The latter holed his two-yarder, however, and by so doing gave him his two-hole lead.

Cruikshank lost the fifteenth, 5 to 4, and the sixteenth was halved in birdie 2s. The Scot then made a long drive and Macfarlane, a two-yarder for his half. By getting down his putt for a birdie 4, Macfarlane squared the match at the home hole. After halving the drive hole in 5s, Macfarlane saved the second, but his chances were flickering when his shot going to the third hole, played with an iron in order to make sure of not reaching the brook, dropped in. He tried to play it out, but it was lying close to the bank and the ball embedded itself in the mud. After taking one more stroke, Macfarlane surrendered the match to Cruikshank, who was home on his third and sure of a 5.

Kirkwood started off in whirlwind style against McLean in the morning and was 1 up at the turn. After that, however, his game went all to a smash and he was never again in the running against the Grassy Sprain pro, who had a 73 in the morning, finishing 5 up.

McLeod succeeded in holding Hagen to even terms in the afternoon session, but feeble putting by the Washington pro spelled his doom in the morning when he finished 3 down. Hagen had a 73 in his morning round against McLeod's 78.

The summary:

Bobby Cruikshank, Shackamaxon, defeated Willie Macfarlane, Oak Ridge, 1 up (20 holes); Gene Sarazen, Briarcliff Lodge, defeated Jim Barnes, Pelham, 1 up; Walter Hagen, Inwood, defeated Freddie McLeod, Washington, 5 and 4; George McLean, Grassy Sprain, defeated Joe Kirkwood, Australia, 5 and 4.

R. A. JONES WINS MEDAL.

Leads Qualifying Round of Invitation Play at Arcola.

R. A. Jones Jr. of Westchester Hills was the medal winner in the qualifying round of the annual club invitation tourney yesterday at the Arcola Country Club, Arcola, N. J., with a card of 74. Par for the Arcola course is 36, 36 respectively. N. M. Keeler and John C. Berrien, both of Upper Montclair, were tied for second place, each getting a 76, and H. F. Fenn of Ridgewood finished fourth with a 78. Jones's card:

Out	4	4	5	4	4	3	4	4	—36
In	4	4	4	3	4	3	5	4	—38—74

The first sixteen were:

R. A. Jones Jr., 74; N. M. Keeler, 76; John C. Berrien, 76; H. F. Fenn, 78; R. D. Tyng, 80; H. R. Gaillard, 80; A. L. Ben-rice, 80; Frank J. Dantorth, 81; A. G. Gregson, 81; C. F. Eddy, 81; Ray Thompson, 81; C. F. Kohler, 82; A. E. Pierson, 82; C. Feigson, 82; G. F. Lansing, 82; G. D. Cooke, 82.

GOLF BODIES MAY CLASH.

W. G. A. Officials Favor Clubs Barred by U. S. G. A. Association.

CHICAGO, Sept. 27.—Possibility of friction between members of the Western Golf Association and the United States Golf Association is hazarded as likely to result from the action of the latter in ruling that all slotted and punched clubs would be barred after Jan. 1, 1924. Many officials of the Western body are said to favor the clubs deemed objectionable by the higher organization.

Chance to Leave Red Sox At Close of This Season

BOSTON, Sept. 27.—Frank Chance will not manage the Boston Red Sox in 1924, Robert Quinn, President of the club, announced tonight. The announcement followed a conference between the two earlier in the day. In his announcement Quinn stated that he intended to build from the ground up in restoring the Boston club to its former place of prominence in the American League. Quinn said he has two men under consideration for the managership, but added that he would approach neither until after the world series had been played. Chance will finish the season as the Red Sox pilot, however.

MEUSEL IS INJURED AS YANKS WIN, 8-3

Wrenches Knee in Slide to the Plate—Pipp Turns Ankle Alighting From Train.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Sept. 27.—The Yankees regained their winning stride today when, with a recruit pitcher on the mound and three substitutes playing in the infield, they defeated the Red Sox, 8 to 3, in the opening game of a series of four. George Pipgras, who previously had started only one game, pitched the entire contest and kept the hits well scattered except in the sixth inning, in which four consecutive hits and a sacrifice fly accounted for three runs.

Gehrig, formerly of Columbia and recently with the Hartford Club, covered first base instead of Pipp and scored or batted in three of the champions' eight runs. Pipp wrenched his right ankle this morning while leaving the train which brought the Yanks from New York to Boston, and probably will be out for three or four days.

McNally again played third instead of Dugan, who injured one of his thumbs in a play at third base at the Stadium on Tuesday, and Johnson substituted for Scott at short when the veteran retired at the end of the second inning. Another emergency player broke into the game in the eighth when Smith relieved Meusel, who wrenched his left knee sliding into the plate.

Gehrig made his home run in the first, the hit following an error by Piercy and a triple by Ruth.

Piercy walked both Ruth and Gehrig in the third and three more runs resulted when Meusel singled, Ward tripled and Schang singled. Fullerton followed Piercy in the third and did not yield a hit until the eighth.

In the eighth, however, Ruth led off with a double, went to third on Meusel's infield single and scored on Ward's sacrifice fly. Schang singled, sending Meusel to third, but Wally overran first and was trapped between the bases. Meusel made a dash for the plate, however, and a masterly hook slide carried him safely under Mitchell's throw to Picinich. Unfortunately, Meusel wrenched his knee in making the slide and had to be helped off the field.

Boston's three runs were scored in the sixth on doubles by Donaghue and Burns, singles by Fullerton and Collins and a sacrifice fly by Shanks.

The score:

NEW YORK (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	BOSTON (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Witt, cf	5	1	0	6	1	Mitchell, ss	3	0	0	4	1
McNally, 3b	4	0	1	0	0	Picinich, c	4	0	0	5	4
Ruth, lf	4	2	2	0	0	Meusel, rf	1	0	0	1	0
Gehrig, 1b	4	1	1	9	0	Ward, rf	3	0	1	2	0
Meusel, rf	4	1	2	1	0	Harris, lf	1	0	0	1	0
Smith, rf	0	0	0	0	0	Fullerton, p	2	1	0	1	0
Ward, 2b	4	1	1	2	0	Scottmon, cf	4	0	2	3	0
Schang, c	4	0	2	5	0	Shanks, 3b	3	0	1	2	2
Scott, ss	1	0	0	0	0	McMillan, 2b	4	0	0	2	3
Johnson, ss	3	0	0	3	4	Piercy, p	0	0	0	0	0
Pipgras, p	3	0	0	1	0	Menosky, lf	3	0	0	1	0
Total	38	8	10	27	9	Total	31	3	5	27	13

Errors—New York 0; Boston 3 (Collins, McMillan, Piercy).

New York	0	3	0	0	0	0	2	3	0	—8
Boston	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	—3

Two-base hits—Ruth, Donaghue, Burns. Three-base hits—Ruth, Ward. Home run—Gehrig. Sacrifices—McNally, Ward, Shanks. Double plays—Witt and Ward; Johnson, Ward and Gehrig; Ward, Johnson and Gehrig; Shanks, McMillan and Burns. Left on bases—New York 4, Boston 4. Bases on balls—Off Pipgras 6, Piercy 3, Fullerton 1. Struck out—By Pipgras 2, Piercy 2, Fullerton 1. Hits—Off Piercy, 6 in 5 innings; Fullerton 4 in 4. Losing pitcher—Piercy. Umpires—Rowland, Connelly and Dinneen. Time of game—1:37.

AT PHILADELPHIA.

BOSTON (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	PHILADELPHIA (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Powell, cf	2	0	0	0	0	Sand, ss	4	1	1	1	2
Bannerich, cf	2	0	1	0	0	Williams, cf	4	0	0	1	0
Felix, rf	4	1	0	0	0	Williams, rf	1	0	0	0	0
S'thworth, rf	4	1	1	1	0	Lee, rf	2	1	2	1	0
McInnis, 1b	5	1	2	11	0	Tierney, 2b	3	0	1	3	0
Bockel, 3b	4	0	0	0	0	Metz, 2b	0	0	0	1	1
R. Smith, c	3	0	0	2	0	Mokan, lf	3	0	0	2	0
Ford, 2b	4	0	0	6	7	Holke, 1b	4	0	2	18	1
R. Smith, ss	4	2	2	3	1	Woehrle, 3b	4	0	1	0	2
Cooney, p	3	1	0	0	0	Wilson, c	4	0	0	4	2
						Ring, p	0	0	0	0	0
Total	36	7	12	27	12	a Parkinson	1	0	1	0	0
						Head, p	0	0	0	0	0
						b Lord	1	0	0	0	0
						Bishop, p	0	0	0	0	0
						c W'gintstone	1	0	1	0	0
						Total	33	2	11	27	10

a Batted for Ring in fifth.
b Batted for Head in seventh.
c Batted for Bishop in ninth.

Errors—Boston 1 (R. Smith); Philadelphia 0.

Boston	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	—1
Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0

Two-base hits—McInnis, Bockel. Home run—Bockel. Stolen base—Felix. Sacrifices—Cooney, Powell. Double plays—R. Smith, Ford and McInnis; S'ctthworth, R. Smith, R. Smith and Bockel. Left on bases—Boston 7, Philadelphia 8. Bases on balls—Off Cooney 4, Ring 3. Struck out—By Cooney 2, Ring 4, Bishop 1. Hits—Off Ring 7 in 5 innings, Head 4 in 2, Bishop 1 in 2. Losing pitcher—Ring. Umpires—Powell and McCormick. Time of game—1:44.

AT CHICAGO.

CHICAGO (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	PITTSBURGH (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Stock, cf	5	0	1	2	0	Moore, ss	4	0	1	2	1
Adams, ss	5	2	1	1	0	Carey, cf	4	0	0	4	0
Grantham, 2b	4	2	2	2	4	Luce, lf	0	0	0	0	0
O'Farrell, c	4	1	2	4	1	Traynor, 3b	4	0	1	1	1
Fitzgerald, 3b	4	1	0	2	2	Barbare, rf	3	0	0	1	0
Miller, lf	3	1	1	1	0	Cuyler, lf, cf	3	0	1	0	0
Grimes, 1b	4	0	2	10	0	Hawlings, 2b	4	1	2	0	0
Grigsby, rf	4	0	1	3	0	Grimes, 1b	4	1	2	8	0
Kaese, p	4	0	0	0	0	Schmidt, c	3	0	1	3	0
						Gooch, c	0	0	0	1	0
						Hamilton, p	2	0	0	0	3
						a Russell	1	0	0	0	0
						Stone, p	0	0	0	0	0
Total	36	8	11	27	14	Total	31	2	6	24	5

a Batted for Hamilton in seventh.

Errors—Chicago 0, Pittsburgh 1 (Moore).

Chicago	3	0	0	0	3	2	0	0	0	—8
Pittsburgh	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	—2

Two-base hits—Stock, Bawlings, O'Farrell. Home runs—O'Farrell, Grimm, Miller. Stolen bases—Carey, Adams, Grantham, O'Farrell, Miller. Left on bases—Pittsburgh 4, Chicago 6. Bases on balls—Off Hamilton 1, Stone 1, Kaese 2. Struck out—By Kaese 2, Hamilton 2, Stone 1. Hits—Off Hamilton 8 in 6 innings, Stone 3 in 3. Losing pitcher—Hamilton. Umpires—O'Day, Rigler, Quigley and Pfirman. Time of game—1:42.

AT DETROIT.

DETROIT (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	CLEVELAND (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Blue, lb	4	1	1	9	0	Jamieson, lf	5	1	2	5	0
Jones, 2b	4	0	1	0	0	Summa, rf	5	1	0	0	0
Cobb, cf	4	0	0	4	1	Connolly, rf	3	0	1	1	0
Heilmann, rf	4	1	1	0	0	Speaker, cf	3	1	0	0	0
Fothergill, lf	4	1	1	4	0	Sewell, ss	4	0	1	3	5
Rigney, ss	4	1	2	2	3	S'phenson, 2b	4	0	1	3	3
Haney, 3b	4	0	0	2	1	Lutzke, 3b	3	0	1	0	0
Cole, c	3	0	0	3	0	Brower, lb	3	0	0	11	0
Dauss, p	1	0	0	0	0	Myatt, c	2	0	1	2	0
a Pratt	1	0	0	0	0	O'Neill, c	1	0	0	1	0
						Shaute, p	4	0	1	0	3
Total	34	5	8	27	11	Total	36	4	11	34	12

a Batted for Dauss in fifth.

Errors—Detroit 1 (Rigney); Cleveland 1 (Myatt).

Detroit	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	—2
Cleveland	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	—4

Two-base hits—Pratt, Rigney, Jones, Cobb, Speaker. Three-base hits—Summa, Jamieson. Home run—Heilmann. Sacrifice—Sewell. Double plays—Cobb and Rigney; Rigney, Pratt and Blue. Left on bases—Cleveland 10, Detroit 5. Bases on balls—Off Dauss 3, Cole 2. Struck out—By Shauts 4, Dauss 2, Cole 1. Hits—Off Dauss 7 in 5 innings, Cole 4 in 4; Hit by pitcher—By Dauss (Speaker). Winning pitcher—Cole. Umpires—Hildebrand, Owens and Holmes. Time of game—1:37.

Baseball Today, Polo Grounds, 3:30 P. M. Giants vs. Reds. Grandstand, $1.10.—Advt.

GIANTS CAN CLINCH THE PENNANT TODAY

Now Need Only One Victory, as Postponed St. Louis Game Is Called Off Officially.

HAVE FIVE CONTESTS LEFT

Four More With Robins and One With Braves—World Series Seating Plans Announced.

The outcome of the National League pennant race may be settled definitely this afternoon when the Giants meet the Robins in the first contest of a two-game series at the Polo Grounds. The champions now need only one more victory to make the winning of the pennant a mathematical certainty as it was announced officially yesterday by Secretary James J. Tierney of the local National League club that the last game of the recent St. Louis series, which could not be played on the scheduled date because of rain, has been called off definitely. This announcement came as a surprise as it had been understood by baseball men that the postponed game would be played next week.

Now that the St. Louis game will not be played, the Giants have only five more contests to play and a victory in only one of these will make them sure of the pennant, even if the Reds win all of their remaining four games. If the Giants gain only one more victory while the Cincinnati club wins all of its remaining contests, the champions would finish the season in first place by the margin of half a game. If the Giants lose all of their remaining games while the Reds are victorious for the rest of the season, Moran's team would then capture the pennant with a lead of a half a game over the Giants.

In making his announcement yesterday Secretary Tierney stated that the Cincinnati club could not force the Giants and Cardinals to play the game. If this game were still to be played, the Giants would then need two victories to clinch the pennant, but under the new arrangement, one more victory for the Giants or one more defeat for the Reds will bring another National League pennant to New York.

The Giants and Robins will clash again at the Polo Grounds tomorrow afternoon. On Sunday the champions will make their last appearance of the regular season at the Polo Grounds in a game with the Braves. Following their game on Sunday, the Giants are not scheduled to play again until a week from tomorrow when they will open the Robins at Ebbets Field. They will also play the Robins in Brooklyn on the following day, Sunday, Oct. 7, in their last game of the year.

The Reds are not scheduled to play today, but will get into action again tomorrow, when they will meet the Cardinals in Cincinnati.

In a statement given out yesterday Secretary Ed Barrow of the Yankees announced the official list of prices for the world's series. The prices, including war tax, are as follows; bleachers, $1.10; general admission, $3.30; reserved seats, $5.50; box seats, $6.60.

The entire lower grand stand will be reserved at both the Polo Grounds and the Yankee Stadium. The whole upper stand at the Polo Grounds and the whole upper stand and the whole mezzanine deck at the Yankee Stadium will be thrown open to purchasers of general admission tickets. These tickets and tickets for the bleachers will be placed on sale at the ball parks at 10 A. M. on the day of each game.

CARDS SUSPEND HORNSBY.

Star Also Fined $500 for Refusing to Play Against Brooklyn.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 27.—Rogers Hornsby, champion batsman of the National League, was suspended indefinitely and fined $500 for declining to play in yesterday's game against Brooklyn. Sam Breadon, President of the St. Louis Cardinals, who announced the fine and suspension last night, declared Hornsby refused to appear in uniform after the club physician had advised the star second baseman that he was in condition to play.

HAVRE DE GRACE RESULTS.

FIRST RACE—For two-year-olds; claiming; purse $1,200; five and one-half furlongs. Carte, 105 pounds (Lindberg), $6.60, $4.70, first; Dowry, 103 (Leyland), $11.60, $6, second; Vultilla, 105 (Callahan), $5.80, third. Time—1:07 2-5. Sligo, Lady Choco, Armour, Duelist, Lady Strawbroker, Chinoy, Vehement, Altisimo, Sun Mart, The Fenian, Wee Dear and North Breeze also ran.

SECOND RACE—For two-year-olds; the Peerage; purse $1,500; five furlongs. Sunny Sal, 103 pounds (Chalmers), $4.50, $3.60, $3.10, first; Off Color, 109 (Ambrose), $5.90, $4.60, second; Sarko, 106 (Peck), $6.10, third. Time—0:59 3-5. Donnelly, Dear Maria, King's Ransom, Golden Armor, Freedom's Call, Stage Star, Happy Night and Spartan also ran.

THIRD RACE—For all ages; the Perryville Handicap; purse $1,500; six furlongs. Sally's Alley, 117 pounds (Johnson), $3, $3, out, first; Chopin, 108 (Troy), $10.20, out, second; Comixx, 107 (Callahan), out, third. Time—1:11 3-5. Healtaps and Maintenant also ran.

FOURTH RACE—For three-year-olds; claiming; purse $1,800; one mile and one-sixteenth. Belphrixonia, 107 pounds (Lang), $6, $3.60, $2.50, first; Four Sport, 106½ (Kolanz), $4, $3, second; Unrised, 104 (Roach), $2.60, third. Time—1:45. Bandella, Felicitous, Athlete, Frankenia and Irish Pat also ran.

FIFTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; fillies and mares; claiming; purse $1,200; one mile and seventy yards. Child's Play, 105 pounds (Roach), $5.90, $3.50, $2.90, first; Jewell V. D., 114 (Lang), $4.20, $3.60, second; Bellsclair, 111 (Callahan), $3.90, third. Time—1:44 3-5. Brilliance, Day Lily, Lough Storm, Katherine Rankin and Belle Flower also ran.

SIXTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $1,200; one mile and seventy yards. Mountain Rose, 111 (Lang), 105 pounds (Schwartz), $3.70, $2.70, $2.50, first; Haldee, 98 (Lee), $3.80, $3.40, second; Explosive, 108 (Sos), $3.50, third. Time—1:46 2-5. Secretary, Dan, Smart Money, Pampas and Huckleberry Finn also ran.

SEVENTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $1,200; one mile and seventy yards. Smarty, 111 pounds (Corcoran), $3.20, $4.20, $2.30, first; Flint, 108 (Howard), $8.80, $3.60, second; Lady Zeus, 108 (Brown), $10.80, third. Time—1:46 4-5. Acosta, Cimarron, Handfull, Sea Pirate, Toodles, Belmen and Eastside also ran.

HAVRE DE GRACE ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—Purse $1,200; maiden two-year-olds; six furlongs. Suburban 115 pounds. Moon Star 115, †Snow Maiden 112, Polly Mara 112, Suppliant 118, Gold Block 115, The Hibernian 115, Memento 112, La Vegue 112, Heir at Law 118, Maltbud 115, Modest 115, Rags 112, Georgia Willard 112. †Sal Parr entry.

SECOND RACE—Purse $1,500; claiming; three-year-olds and up; six furlongs. Hattontrope 113 pounds, Prince Wales 110, Faith W. 103, Mark Twain 112, Rhingold 106, *Violet Blue 103, *Dr. Charles Wells 111, *Joseph Brant 105.

THIRD RACE—Purse $1,500; claiming; three-year-olds and up; six furlongs. Peter Piper 110 pounds, San Diego 110, Verna 105, *Round Robin 111, Rosalyn 108, Silks and Satin 103, T. J. Pendergast 110, *Feodor 105, *Blue Hawk 101.

FOURTH RACE—Purse $1,500; three-year-olds and up; six furlongs. Far East 116 pounds, *Ina Kay 108, *Gold Mount 101, Vice Chairman 116, Perigourdine 107, *Doyle 101, *Tiscony 108, Sea Tag 103, *Avalanche 101.

FIFTH RACE—Purse $1,400; three-year-olds and up; claiming; one mile and an eighth. The Roll Call 113 pounds, Sergarth Aroon 108, *Brilliance 95, *Duffer 110, Luminist 107, War Mask 109, *Vitamin 102.

SIXTH RACE—Purse $1,500; claiming; three-year-olds and up; one mile and seventy yards. *Frank Jones 108 pounds, *Irrigator 105, *Miss Filley 101, *The Lamb 111, All Fair 105, *Thriller 101, *Lady Lillian 104, *Eastside 104.

SEVENTH RACE—Purse $1,300; claiming; three-year-olds and up; a mile and seventy yards. Pampas 114 pounds, *Neapolitan 105, *Ben Wolf 104, *Slatmuch 108, *Dumbfounded 108, *Serenity 104, *Anniversary 108, *Don de Merry 108, May Buddy 108.

THE LEADING BATSMEN.

National League.

Player and Club.	G.	A.B.	R.	H.	P.C.
Hornsby, St. Louis	107	424	82	152	.358
Wheat, Brooklyn	104	402	62	125	.374
Bottomley, St. Louis	123	504	75	185	.367
Fournier, Brooklyn	126	498	83	171	.343
Roush, Cincinnati	135	512	87	180	.351

American League.

Player and Club.	G.	A.B.	R.	H.	P.C.
Hellmann, Detroit	117	399	70	120	.301
Ruth, New York	145	460	140	192	.336
Speaker, Cleveland	133	537	119	202	.376
Sewell, Cleveland	148	516	88	162	.314
Collins, Chicago	134	484	79	144	.298

BASEBALL

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Chicago 8, Pittsburgh 2.
Boston 7, Philadelphia 3.
Other clubs not scheduled.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York 8, Boston 3.
Detroit 5, Cleveland 4.
Other clubs not scheduled.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New York	93	55	.628
Cincinnati	90	60	.600
Pittsburgh	85	64	.570
Chicago	79	69	.534
St. Louis	76	72	.514
Brooklyn	71	78	.485
Boston	51	95	.349
Philadelphia	47	101	.318

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New York	93	59	.658
Cleveland	76	66	.535
Detroit	75	69	.521
St. Louis	71	70	.504
Washington	71	73	.493
Chicago	64	78	.451
Philadelphia	62	80	.441
Boston	58	87	.400

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Brooklyn at New York.
(Game starts at 3:30 P. M.)
Pittsburgh at Chicago.
Boston at Philadelphia.
Other clubs not scheduled.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York at Boston.
Cleveland at Detroit.
Chicago at St. Louis.
Other clubs not scheduled.

ANNA MARRONE II. WINS THE BABYLON

Fleet Daughter of Glencairn Easily Beats Stanwix in Aqueduct Feature.

Anna Marrone II., the fleet and consistent chestnut daughter of Glencairn and Tiara, yesterday afternoon captured the Babylon Handicap for two-year-olds at the Aqueduct track, beating seven other juveniles of class and running the six furlongs in 1:12 3-5. The filly came home cleverly two and a half lengths in front of the Rancocas Stable's Ballot colt Stanwix and earned $4,950 for her owner, the Marrone Stable. The Rancocas entry of Bracadale and Stanwix was the public choice.

Eight were named overnight for the featured number, the only one declining the issue being the Rancocas Stable's Tester. The original number stood, however, as the Log Cabin Stable sent in its bay colt Resolution as an added starter. Next to the Rancocas entry, August Belmont's Fair Play colt Lady Kin was most favored, with the filly much fancied.

Stanwix and H. C. Fisher's Mr. Mutt, which were the last to get under way at the start, were outrun in the early stages. The former came with a great rush in the last furlong to take second money. Mr. Mutt was running wide all through the race, but at the end he came on with a fine burst to take the short end of the stake, a length and a half behind the winner. Lady Kin finished in front of Ladkin. Resolution was fifth and Bracadale was sixth.

The fractional times made by Anna Marrone II. were 0:23 2-5, 0:46 3-5, 1:12 3-5. The consistency of the filly is shown by her racing record. She has started thirteen times in her racing career, winning on five occasions, running second five times and third three times. She has never been out of the money.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE.

For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $1,000. Six furlongs.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Whirlwind	106	L. Fator	4-1	1
Cum Sah	101½	M. Fator	8-1	2
Amor Patrias	105	Legere	4-5	3½
Caveat Emptor	104	Thurber	15-1	4½
Victrix	105	McCormack	7-2	5½
Billy Watts	109	Coltletti	20-1	6

Place and show—Whirlwind, 2 to 1, 4 to 5; Cum Sah, 8 to 5, 3 to 5; Amor Patrias, 1 to 5, out.

Time—1:13.

Start good for all but Amor Patrias; won ridden out; place driving. Whirlwind, ch. c., 3, by Ultimus-Garnis; owned by the Rancocas Stable and trained by S. C. Hildreth.

SECOND RACE.

For three-year-olds and upward; conditions; purse $1,200; steeplechase. About two miles.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
*Domingo	145	O'Connor	1-2	1½
*Bethany	138	Mahoney	1-2	2*
Grouch	135	Campbell	5-1	3 ur
Melun	135	Burgan	9-5	4
Sweet Kiss	140	McNair	5-1	†

*F. S. Von Stade entry. †Lost rider.

Place and show—Domingo, out, out; Bethany, out, out; Grouch, 7 to 5, out.

Time—4:20 3-5.

Start good; won easily; place driving. Domingo, b. g., 5, by Marathon—Edna Shannon; owned by F. S. Von Stade and trained by J. Hildreth.

THIRD RACE.

For three-year-olds and upward; conditions; claiming; purse $1,000. One mile.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Potentilla	102	Burns	2-1	1*
Trite	113	McCormack	12-1	2*
Sequel	102	Legere	3-2	3*
Scare Crow	101	Carroll	15-1	4*
B. McLaughlin	118	Rice	6-1	5*
Carm'n Pantages	102	Thurber	15-1	6*
Gex	109	Babin	15-1	7

Place and show—Potentilla, 3 to 5, 1 to 4; Trite, 5 to 1, 2 to 1; Sequel, 1 to 2, 1 to 5.

Time—1:39 4-5.

Start good; won ridden out; place driving. Potentilla, ch. c., 3, by Superman—Ponte Rosa; owned by A. J. Contento and trained by E. A. Burke.

FOURTH RACE.

For two-year-olds; the Babylon Handicap; $5,000 added. Six furlongs.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Anna Marrone II.	116	McAtee	9-2	1½
*Stanwix	120	M. Fator	9-5	2½
Mr. Mutt	109	Babin	12-1	3½
Ladkin	119	McTaggart	5-2	4½
†Resolution	115½	C. Kummer	15-1	5
†Bracadale	125	L. Fator	9-5	6
Bonaparte	118	Turner	20-1	7½
Tree Top	130	Coltletti	8-1	8

*Rancocas Stable entry. †Added starter.

Place and show—Anna Marrone II., 8 to 5, 7 to 10; Stanwix, 7 to 10, 1 to 5;

OLDER DETECTIVES OUSTED FOR ROOKIES

Graduates of Enright's School Succeed 44 Veterans in Record Shake-Up.

RESULT OF COMPLAINTS

Laxities to Which Were Laid the Recent Outbreaks of Crime Stirred Citizens.

CHANGES EFFECTIVE TODAY

Deposed Men Will Be Put Back in Uniform, on Patrol Duty.

The detective division of the Police Department experienced the greatest upheaval in its history yesterday when Commissioner Richard E. Enright announced the transfer of forty-four veterans to patrol duty in uniform and the designation of young graduates of the recently established detective school to fill virtually all of the places.

Although the real reason for the shake-up was obscured behind the usual formal departmental phrase "for the good of the service," it was learned that the wholesale transfers were the result of a flood of complaints that have reached the Commissioner concerning the work of detectives and his consequent decision that laxities in the division could be corrected by the infusion of younger blood. Many of these complaints were made following the wave of crime in this city several months ago.

During the stir which followed the outbreak of violence, Commissioner Enright announced the formation of a school to teach the young men how to detect. Admission to the detective school was granted to selected members of the uniformed force who had served not less than five nor more than fifteen years. Third Deputy Commissioner Joseph A. Faurot was made director of the school, and under him as instructors were assigned a number of officers and experts in different branches of police work.

The 100 or more candidates who matriculated in the school were put through a stiff course of training. There were classes to teach them how to deal with pickpockets, burglars, safe and loft robbers, truck thieves, sneak thieves, &c. Those who survived the course came up for examination Tuesday before a board composed of Deputy Commissioner Faurot, Special Deputy Commissioner Carleton Simon, Special Deputy Commissioner Rhinelander Waldo and two other headquarters officials whose names were not disclosed. Of the men examined forty-five were passed and were declared eligible for the position of second grade detectives.

Announcement a Bombshell.

The recommendations of the examining board were kept a secret until Commissioner Enright acted yesterday. In the meantime, however, reports of an impending shake-up had leaked from the offices of the headquarters officials concerned to the detective bureau and spread rapidly by an underground route to all the precincts in the city.

Commissioner Enright broke the suspense that had stirred the whole department when, early in the afternoon, formal announcement of the transfers was made. The changes are to go into effect at 8 o'clock this morning.

The following detectives were transferred to precinct uniformed duty: Walter Shields, Leonard Lauer, Augustine Christiano, Louis A. Fiori, William H. Kirk, Frank J. Smith, Alonzo H. Greer, Charles Dennison, Patrick Murphy, Edward Davis, John A. Hughes, Neile O'Leary, Harry J. Blondell, Lawrence J. Keelty, Peter Carter, Patrick Cunningham, Abram F. Ackerman, Joseph W. McDonough, James Kenny, Alexander B. Campbell, Eugene F. Smith, James P. Maher, Peter J. Kelly, James Pellegrino, Arsele Treasa, Frederick J. Ertola, Eugene Scrivani, Michael Orlowsky, John M. Forst, Patrick Shanley, Croato Altieri, James J. Farley, Thomas Layden, Rocco R. Bridisi, Thomas H. McGuire, Edward A. Buddemeyer, William Reardon, William J. Fallon, Thomas Lawrence, Francis Johnson, Emile Geisler, John C. Konrad, Edward Denny and Charles A. Harden.

Those who are demoted from first grade, but remain in the Detective Bureau as second-grade detectives, are Joseph Digilio, Patrick J. Flood and John H. Hauser.

The graduates of the Detective School who will take the places of the demoted detectives are: Eugene M. R. McGillicuddy, Frank Bala, Simon B. Ambras, John F. McGuire, Laurence J. Walsh, Eugene A. McNally, Alexander C. McPherson, Peter V. Mathews, Thomas A. Nielsen, John S. Conway Jr., Warren Thomas, James J. Cunningham, Thomas F. Leonard, William J. Seary, Herbert M. Wilson, John M. McCourt, Joseph F. Martin, Donald E. Casey, Richard E. Mashford, Phillip N. J. Lutz, William J. McMahon, Harry Stevens, William Latour Jr., Chester C. Boyle, Charles A. Egan, Joseph Brandreth, Charles F. McCarthy, Edward F. Loures, John J. Downey, Francis C. A. Walsh, Michael W. Hintz, John F. Mortimer, Charles A. Montjenbacker and James Higgins.

The following temporary assignments from precincts to the Detective Bureau for thirty days were also announced: John V. Spillane, John J. Coogan, John J. Baker, John S. Leonard and Frank Newkirk.

The following members of the Detective Bureau who passed the examination for the Detective Training School will be retained in the Detective Bureau: John T. Keudell, Thomas E. Dowling and John J. Hickey.

The new detectives are men who have passed a regular civil service test with a mark of 70 per cent. or higher. They will receive $2,300 a year as second grade detectives. Commissioner Enright said they were young men who had been thoroughly tested mentally and physically. In assigning them to the Detective Division the Police Commissioner placed them on probation for a period of six months. If their service is satisfactory they will be permanently assigned.

Widely Known Men Demoted.

The detectives transferred back to patrol duty include eight members of the homicide squad, two members of the truck squad and representatives from virtually every one of the sixty-one precincts in the city. All of the three first grade detectives who were demoted were widely known both in and out of the department. Digilio was a member of the Italian squad and was reputed to know all the blackhanders and other Italian criminals in the city. Hauser, who was on duty on the upper east side, figured in the investigation of many important cases. Flood was chiefly known for his work among gangsters on the west side.

The announcement of the transfer caused a widespread report that it was only the first step in a "wholesale clean-up" of the detective division. Another class for the detective school is now being formed and will be graduated in about three months.

Commissioner Enright also issued an order transferring 100 policewomen, now on duty at the Women's Prefect Station, 444 West Thirty-seventh Street, to all parts of the city. Sixty-one will go to the various precincts, thirty-six will fill the positions of matrons at various police stations, two will go to the detective division and one to the special service squad at Police Headquarters.

The order virtually abolishes the woman's precinct. The policewomen formerly were under Mrs. George W. Loft, who was an honorary Commissioner. Since her resignation several months ago there have been reports of dissension.

Mullan-Gage Indictments Under One-Half of 1 Per cent.

In discharging two of the three September Grand Juries, Judge Tuley yesterday in General Sessions called attention to the fact that during the month's term of the three bodies less than one-half of 1 per cent. of 408 complaints filed by the police under the Mullan-Gage State Prohibition law, since repealed, had resulted in indictments.

He said that statistics showed that in only two instances did the Grand Jurors return indictments, and declared that the two great menaces to law and order in the United States were Communism and the situation resulting from the prohibition laws.

Some of the jurors later were reported to have said that it was the consensus among them that the Federal Government alone should deal with violations of the prohibition laws.

It was revealed that in the two cases in which indictments were returned the defendants were alleged to have been caught operating stills in tenements.

STRIKING PRESSMEN WILL VOTE TONIGHT

Some Back at Work Already and a Larger Number Apply for Cards.

SIMONS STILL ACTIVE

Proposes an Amendment to Motion of Acceptance to Suggest 'Electing Officers' After the Return.

New York web pressmen will meet at 8 o'clock tonight at Beethoven Hall, 210 Fifth Street, to vote on the proposal of George L. Berry, President of the International Printing Pressmen's and Assistants' Union that they return to work in the pressrooms with cards of the international union and that they live up to the contract between the New York Newspaper Publishers' Association and the international.

The committee of press foremen visited Mr. Berry at the Waldorf yesterday and told him what took place at the Wednesday night meeting, at which it was decided to take a vote tonight. He was also told of various suggestions made from the floor in connection with the two points submitted by him. These were discussed and the discussion will continue today when the foremen meet Mr. Berry again.

"Mr. Simons is placing these men in an unfortunate position and making it more difficult to place anybody," said Mr. Berry after the conference. "With each hour that passes places are being filled."

It was learned yesterday that David Simons, former President of the defunct New York Web Pressmen's Union No. 25, amended the motion that the pressmen go back to work under the international contract to read that upon their return to work the pressmen elect officers and that he, Simons, would not be eligible for election.

Another suggestion at the meeting was that the pressmen should have the right to conduct their own affairs, and one of the speakers urged that international union members who came here from other cities should return to their homes after the strike and that "incompetent pressmen" who worked during the strike be dismissed.

It was learned that a large number of the pressmen who at the meeting were ready to vote in favor of returning to work with international union cards, and said so. Other speakers favored delay, and it was at last decided to "sleep on it" and take a vote tonight.

A large number of "key" pressmen made formal requests yesterday for international union cards, and some of them returned to work. Additional members of the international union also reached town yesterday from other cities in response to the call of Mr. Berry for men to "uphold the integrity of contract" as between the international union and the New York newspaper publishers.

Mr. Simons reiterated his declaration that none of the former members of Local 25 had returned to work.

CONGRESSMAN'S WINE 12 PER CENT. ALCOHOL

Dry Agents Test Home Vintage in Baltimore Representative's "Cellar Laboratory."

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Md., Sept. 27.—Prohibition agents and chemists, on invitation from Representative John Phillip Hill, "wet" leader in the House, at Washington, came here today to test the grape juice or wine he is making, and they discovered that New York grapes turned into more alcohol than Maryland grapes.

Anne Arundel County grapes, mixed with water and sugar and allowed to ferment in sealed jars, came in a close second to the New York product, registering 12.64 alcohol, two jars showing percentages of 11.8 and 8.44. Next came two jars of Anne Arundel County grapes, without sugar, which registered 3.27 and 3.16 per cent.

The chemists were taken to the historic cellar where the Carrolls made their wine for a hundred years up to a few years back, and viewed the four specimens of beverages. Incidentally Mr. Hill showed them something else that he is experimenting with, a baby's milk bottle converted into a "baby blind tiger."

The "baby tiger" was filled with baby food, to which water had been added. An alcohol lamp was burning to start the flow of what Mr. Hill thinks might be alcohol.

"Very interesting," was the comment of the testers, and everybody smiled.

NAME 'WET' FOR GOVERNOR.

But Maryland Republicans Ignore Issue in Platform.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 27.—Contrary to expectations the Republican State convention here this afternoon ignored prohibition, race tracks and Ku Klux Klan in the platform, but nominated for Governor without opposition Attorney General Alexander Armstrong of Hagerstown, who only recently came out strongly for modification of the Volstead law and the exercise of State rights on the prohibition question.

Former Governor Goldsborough presided and Senator O. T. Weller and ex-Senator Joseph I. France were present. William C. Coleman was nominated for Attorney General and J. Monroe Holland for Controller and Clayton Brewer for Clerk of State Court of Appeals.

C. G. Hagen of the Second Legislative District, a member of the Resolutions Committee, attempted to persuade that body to insert in the platform a plank approving Mr. Armstrong's stand on the prohibition question. He said votes would be lost in Baltimore City if such a plank were not adopted. Thomas Hardesty, Chairman of the committee, said votes would be lost on the Eastern shore if such a plank were adopted.

HEAD OF EXCHANGE NAMES LEGISLATORS

H. K. Pomroy Tells Grand Jury of Effort to Have Brokers' Wires Restored.

CROMWELL HEARD AGAIN

E. T. Tefft Also a Witness—Jury Is Expected to Report Findings Today.

The additional September Grand Jury which has been investigating the charges of attempted coercion made by Seymour L. Cromwell, President of the New York Stock Exchange, against at least three legislators in a speech last Monday before the American Bankers' Association at Atlantic City is expected to report its findings at 1 P. M. today in General Sessions.

The taking of testimony, it was said, would close in the forenoon with the examination of Mr. Cromwell and two secretaries of the Exchange regarding letters received by the head of the Exchange or its Board of Governors from a legislator. These were alleged to contain "covert" threats of legislative reprisals against the Exchange if tickers were not restored to concerns suspected of being bucket shops.

Mr. Cromwell and two other witnesses were questioned by the Grand Jury yesterday. It was reported that Mr. Cromwell on Wednesday had agreed to produce the letters, but yesterday he said that the secretaries of the Exchang had not succeeded in finding them in the files. The other witnesses were Henry K. Pomroy, formerly President of the New York Stock Exchange and now a Governor and Chairman of its Law Committee, and Erastus T. Tefft, also a member of the Board of Governors and Chairman of the Committee on Quotations and Commissions.

Mr. Pomroy was the first to enter the Grand Jury chamber. His examination lasted fifteen minutes. Later, when asked about his testimony, he said that while he knew that under the law he was privileged to discuss events which led up to the Grand Jury proceedings, he felt that it would not be politic for him to do so.

No Orders From Cromwell.

"Has Mr. Cromwell restrained you and other witnesses in the investigation from discussing what you know about the case?" was asked.

"Mr. Cromwell has given no such instruction," he replied.

His attention was called to the testimony of witnesses at the investigations of the failure of E. D. Dier & Co., brokers, by Referee Miller and Commissioner of Accounts Hirshfield, in which they said that the names of a Senator and an ex-Senator had been mentioned as having interested themselves in an effort to bring about restoration of the tickers of the brokerage firm, then known as Hughes & Dier, which had been ripped out by orders of the Stock Exchange.

Mr. Pomroy said that he would not comment on the testimony in the investigations of the failure. He asserted that he was only a minor witness in the Grand Jury investigation, adding: "Ask any questions you want me to answer of Mr. Cromwell."

It was learned, however, that Mr. Pomroy had a conference in June, 1921, with two members of the Legislature, who called on him when a member was present, in an effort to have the wires of a suspected bucket shop restored after the Exchange had ordered the service cut out. Mr. Pomroy admitted that such a conference took place, but said that he could not recall the identity of the other official who was present at the time. He declined to reveal the identity of the legislators.

"Are the two men still members of the Legislature?" was asked.

"I don't know," Mr. Pomroy said.

"Did you give their names to the Grand Jury?"

"Yes, I told the Grand Jurors their names."

"Was the other person present when the two men called a member of the Legislature?"

"No, he was not," Mr. Pomroy said. "But I cannot recall who he was."

Questioned by Jurors.

Mr. Tefft's examination in the Grand Jury room by Chief Assistant District Attorney Ferdinand Pecora lasted more than forty-five minutes. It was understood that several of the jurors, including Don Felhel, the foreman, questioned him. When he left the room he would not revert in his connection with events on which Mr. Cromwell based his charges in his speech at Atlantic City.

Mr. Cromwell was in the Grand Jury room but a short time yesterday. He will be called again at 10:30 o'clock this morning. Mr. Pomroy and the other two officials of the Exchange who testified were accompanied to the Criminal Courts Building by Ashbel Green, Assistant Secretary of the Institution.

It was understood that affidavits which Mr. Cromwell had mentioned to Mr. Pecora on Tuesday had been signed by Mr. Pomroy, Mr. Tefft and Mr. Green. Mr. Green will be the first witness called before the Grand Jury this morning.

Another witness to be examined is E. D. V. Cox, Secretary of the Stock Exchange. It was said that he was expected to produce the letters alleged to have been written by the legislator on the stationery of the State Senate. It was also understood that he was fully informed about the attempt of certain legislators to induce the Stock Exchange to restore ticker service to certain bucketshops.

Mr. Cromwell still refused to make public the identity of the legislators he accused, in his speech before the American Bankers' Association, of threatening reprisals on the Stock Exchange unless their demands were complied with.

"When you made your speech at Atlantic City last Monday did you expect that there would be such an aftermath?" he was asked before he entered the Grand Jury room.

"I don't know how a man could make a speech like that without there being an aftermath," Mr. Cromwell replied with a smile.

At the close of the Grand Jury investigation Mr. Pecora was informed that the names of at least five Senators or former Senators, four of them Republicans, had been mentioned in the financial district as the men accused by Mr. Cromwell. He said that he was not interested in reports of the kind and that it would be obviously unfair to the men concerned to reveal their names until the Grand Jury had acted, if then.

He indicated that there was some question whether the Grand Jury could act on Mr. Cromwell's charges because of the statute of limitations, or because the threat of a legislator to introduce or vote for a bill was not a crime. He added that when Mr. Cromwell made his allegations at Atlantic City it became the duty of District Attorney Hanson to lay the matter before the Grand Jury so the matter could be sifted to the bottom.

SEEK BOOTLEGGING PROFITS

Revenue Officials May Attach Big Connecticut Bank Account.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW LONDON, Conn., Sept. 27.—It was learned today that agents of the Internal Revenue office would attempt to attach the bank account of an alleged bootlegger said to be doing an enormous business in liquor selling in Connecticut, to satisfy the Government's claim for an income tax. The money is in New Haven banks, it is said, and amounts to approximately $100,000. Colonel Robert O. Eaton, Collector of Internal Revenue in this State, admitted this noon that his agents were on the trail of the supposed bootlegger.

Assistant United States District Attorney George H. Cohen is working with the Internal Revenue agents in an effort to attach the alleged bootlegger's account and if possible capture him. It is said the man lives in New Haven and is very well known there.

Ashokan Water Supply Cut to One-fifth, The Lowest Seasonal Level Ever Reached

The water in Ashokan Reservoir, the city's main source of supply, is at the lowest point for this time of the year that it has ever been, according to figures furnished yesterday by W. W. Brush, Deputy Chief Engineer of the Department of Water Supply, Gas and Electricity. Mr. Brush said there was only one-fifth of the full reservoir content, or 26,000,000,000 gallons of the total capacity of 130,000,000,000 gallons. The city is now drawing heavily on the Croton water shed and Long Island.

"The rainfall in the last few days has been a decided help," explained Engineer Brush, "but the precipitation was just about enough to soak the soil which was deeply parched by long intervals of dry weather. If we get additional precipitation we ought to see the water rise in Ashokan Reservoir. The content of the reservoir usually is greatly increased by snows and thaws. The water was extremely low last Summer, but was replenished by the Winter thaws."

Mr. Brush said that there should be no apprehension felt concerning a water famine in the event of a long drought or an exceptionally dry Winter. He said there was sufficient water in the reservoir to meet the city's requirements for a long time.

"We are drawing on Ashokan for 250,000,000 gallons of water a day," said Mr. Brush, "and at that rate, the supply of water at Ashokan, if not replenished at all would last for about seventy-five days. On account of the great shortage at Ashokan we are drawing heavily on the Croton watershed. We are using high pressure pumps to divert 20,000,000 gallons a day from Croton Reservoir and we are otherwise diverting at stations up the line another 20,000,000 gallons a day from Croton Aqueduct to Catskill Aqueduct. Altogether we are drawing on Croton Reservoir at the rate of 200,000,000 gallons a day and in Brooklyn and on Long Island we are pumping at the rate of 40,000,000 gallons daily."

Mr. Brush said that by drawing on the reserve sources, the City of New York could go through next Summer without suffering even if there was a recurrence of such a drought as was experienced in 1908 when the city recorded one of the greatest water famines in its history.

CLAMOR FOR ARREST IN DICKSON MURDER

Neighbors of Slain Jersey Girl Threaten to Appeal to Governor for Action.

ANOTHER AUTOPSY ORDERED

Coroner Acts After Citizens' Meeting in Port Elizabeth to Discuss the Case.

Special to The New York Times.

MILLVILLE, N. J., Sept. 27.—While the Cumberland County authorities are trying to determine whether Emma Dickson, 15-year-old high school girl, whose body was discovered last Saturday in a clump of bushes along the Port Elizabeth Road, was murdered or killed by a passing automobile, residents of the surrounding towns are clamoring for an arrest and threatening an appeal to Governor Silzer.

Coroner Kenneth Carll announced tonight at a meeting of the Progressive League of Port Elizabeth that the body of Emma Dickson would be exhumed at 10 o'clock tomorrow morning and that an autopsy would be performed by Drs. Millard F. Sewell and Franck C. Wainwright of Bridgeton and Dr. Charles E. Butcher of Port Elizabeth.

The meeting was called to discuss the Dickson murder. Two committees were formed—one to call upon the Town Council to offer a reward for the arrest of the slayer and another to defend the reputation of the murdered girl.

During the afternoon Coroner Carll notified Davis Wilson, foreman of the Coroner's jury, that the reopening of the inquest, scheduled for 10 o'clock tomorrow morning, had been postponed for one week. It was rumored that the postponement was ordered to delay action threatened by the jurors as soon as the inquest is reopened.

Despite the Coroner's orders, Wilson announced that the jury would meet to discuss the case at the appointed hour tomorrow.

Wilson promised that if nothing else transpired the jury would have an interesting statement to make public after tomorrow's meeting.

In discussing the theory advocated by Prosecutor Rosco C. Ward, that the girl was killed by a passing automobile, Wilson said that it was impossible.

"The fact that her underclothing and shoes were discovered forty-five feet from the body is a positive indication, to my mind, that she was killed along the road and that a struggle took place before she was overpowered," Wilson declared.

Prosecutor Ward, while favoring the automobile theory, said today that the police have not slowed up in their activities.

Judge William A. Logue of the County Court, in a conference with members of the Millville police force ordered them to spare neither effort nor expense to find the slayer of the girl.

"I am satisfied that the girl was murdered in cold blood," he said.

Thompson Dickson, the girl's father, was taken to the home of the Rev. Walter Pine in Port Elizabeth last night and questioned for two hours by the police. Stories of alleged abuse of the girl by her father have been circulated. Soon after the end of the questioning the police said that they were satisfied that Dickson had told all he knew concerning the disappearance of his daughter.

Dan Tribbets, an employe of the State Highway Commission, was also questioned by the police. Tribbets said that he went to the home of a friend at 10 o'clock that night and remained until near midnight. The police say they have a witness who saw Tribbets in his automobile near the Henderson home about 1 o'clock on the evening the girl disappeared.

TENANTS OWE 3 YRS. RENT.

And Now, It Appears, All They'll Have to Do Is Move.

The apparent outcome of the unprecedented landlord-tenant case in which Charles Hagelweide of 958 104th Street, Richmond Hill, L. I., is suing the tenants of his apartment house at 607 East 140th Street, the Bronx, because they have not paid their rent for three years, will be a moving out by the tenants while Hagelweide tries his best to collect. Justice Fitzgerald, in the Bronx Second District Municipal Court, yesterday intimated that all he could do would be to order the tenants out, but he reserved decision in the hope that an agreement might be reached.

Hagelweide alleges that while he was out West looking after his coal and oil interests his agent was unable to collect the rent from him and that his tenants owe him $20,000. Paul Brunne of 1,336 Third Avenue, the Bronx, former agent of the property, testified that he stopped collections in August, 1920, after the people in the house became so belligerent that he was afraid to enter the premises. He said that they went on a rent strike, hung red flags from the windows, threw chairs at him, told him that all landlords should be hanged from lamp-posts, cut the ropes on dumbwaiters, tipped over the water tank on the roof and threw water in his face. He said that after he gave up the job "a fighting Irishman", who took his place was "chased out."

As a result of the case being brought to court, six tenants against whom actions were brought already have moved out and five have settled with the landlord and remain.

WOMEN'S WORK IS SHOWN.

Fashion Show an Added Attraction to Activities Exhibit.

Women's work is shown in many ways at the big Women's Activities Exhibit at the Hotel Commodore daily from 11 A. M. to 11 P. M., under the auspices of the New York League of Business and Professional Women.

There is not a business or profession of women that is not represented in some way, and the league, in addition, is giving a fashion show.

SAYS FORD'S TAXES ARE MUCH TOO LIGHT

Representative Green Declares Company's Purchases Pay No Income Tax.

SO LAW IS DEFECTIVE

He Doubts If There Will Be Any Reduction of Taxation by the Coming Congress.

WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS, W. Va., Sept. 27.—The outlook for a reduction of the national tax burden at the next session of Congress is not favorable, Representative Green, Republican of Iowa, declared here today in addressing the National Tax Association. Certainly there can be no reduction if the soldiers' bonus bill and a public building measure are passed, in the judgment of Mr. Green, who is in line for the chairmanship of the House Ways and Means Committee, which passes upon all tax matters.

Beyond measures for simplification, Mr. Green looks for a few changes in the tax law, but says there will be a strong effort, supported by a considerable popular opinion, for the reimposition of the excess profits tax. He told his audience, however, that the absence of need for additional revenue probably would be a detriment sufficient to prevent this or other new taxes, such as a levy on undistributed profits and a sales tax.

The Iowa representative declared the present system of corporate taxation presents an easy way of avoiding taxation, adding that he did not believe the American people would permit this state of affairs to continue indefinitely.

In this connection, Mr. Green said Henry Ford was popularly supposed to have the largest income of any citizen of this country and that while no one knew what income tax he paid, it is certain that it cannot be at all in proportion to his income.

"The Ford Company," he added, "is continually adding to its investments by buying coal fields, building railroads, erecting new factories and constructing more and more of the parts of the automobile that has made Mr. Ford famous. While technically no income has passed thereby to the stockholders, as a matter of fact their riches have been increased to the amount of these investments and yet they pay no income tax thereon.

"Besides this it is perfectly easy for any corporation to issue stock dividends and thereby for all practical purposes put the surplus under the control of the stockholders in such a manner that they use it as they see fit. In this way an enormous amount of dividends has, in effect, been distributed to stockholders without the payment of income tax.

"At present there is little prospect of a change in this respect, for the adoption of a tax on undistributed profits would render necessary sweeping change in other parts of the law. Also it should be said that there are difficulties in framing a measure of this kind so that it would work out fairly."

Mr. Green advocated an additional inheritance tax on tax-exempt securities and a denial of deductions of income from such securities. He favored also levies on gifts above a certain amount received in each taxable year and declared the law should be so changed as to prevent creations of trusts for the purpose of avoiding taxation.

BRITISH SEAPLANE SINKS IN RACE TEST

Pilot Goes Down With His Craft at Cowes and Barely Escapes Drowning.

COWES, Isle of Wight, Sept. 27 (Associated Press).—One of the two British seaplanes entered for the international races for the Schneider Seaplane Trophy tomorrow capsized and sank in deep water during the seaworthiness tests for entrants this morning. R. A. W. Kenworthy, the pilot, narrowly escaped death, being carried under by the machine, but rose to the surface and was rescued.

Kenworthy's machine, a Napier "Pelican," was later recovered and towed ashore. Lord Montagu of Beaulieu, who went to the assistance of the pilot, said Kenworthy miraculously escaped drowning. The plane had just crossed the starting line and was "taxying" when it suddenly began to dip by the head. It plunged forward twice and then disappeared under the water. Kenworthy was thrown to the bottom of the cockpit, and he was under the water thirty seconds, emerging feet first. Artificial respiration was applied in the motor boat which picked him up.

The other British competitor, Sea Lion II., winner of last years race, completed the test safely, piloted by Captain H. C. Biard.

The American Wright machine did not start in the test, owing to engine trouble. The competitors in the event tomorrow, therefore, will be confined to three French, two American and one British plane, one of the British entries having been destroyed in a previous accident.

Large crowds watched the qualifying tests. Each machine was required to taxi over the starting line and second taxi over two half-mile stretches at a minimum speed of 12 knots and then taxi across the finish line and be moored for six hours unattended.

The American cruiser Pittsburgh arrived in the Solent this morning for the races, and exchanged salutes with the British naval vessels at Portsmouth.

Accept Radiograms for Japan.

Fully addressed radiograms for Tokio and Yokohama, if referring to banking and commercial transactions, will be accepted written either in code or plain language, provided that address in Japan produce their translations or code books upon request, the Radio Corporation of America announced yesterday.

FALLON IS SILENT ON GIFT TO ACTRESS

Refuses to Answer Questions on Dillon & Co. Checks Endorsed by Gertrude Vanderbilt.

OVERRULED BY REFEREE

Former Attorney for Kastel's Bankrupt Brokerage House Takes Constitutional Privilege.

William J. Fallon, former attorney for Phil Kastel's bankrupt brokerage house of Dillon & Co., refused yesterday to permit himself to be recorded as the donor to Gertrude Vanderbilt, the actress, of moneys of that firm. Whenever, in a bankruptcy hearing held before Referee Peter B. Olney, Jr., at 68 William Street, he was assailed with questions bearing on that point, Fallon took refuge in his constitutional privilege of declining to answer on the ground that a reply would tend to degrade and incriminate him.

Fallon denounced Trustee Keyes Winter for introducing into the record a matter which Fallon heatedly declared to be "none of your business." But Referee Olney held that if it developed the checks given Miss Vanderbilt, aggregating several thousand dollars, represented funds of the firm, it might well be that it was the trustee's business.

Magistrate Francis X. McQuade, another witness, denied that he ever induced his partner in sporting enterprises, Charles A. Stoneham, to transfer accounts of Charles A. Stoneham & Co., to Dillon & Co., when the Stoneham firm went out of business in 1921.

Though he had no standing at the hearing, Eugene F. McGee, law partner of Fallon, frequently interjected protests at questions put to Fallon and engaged in several passages-at-arms with Winter.

Stoneham Excused.

Stoneham was to have been examined yesterday, but because, it was explained, he would be busy until after the world's series, he was excused until a future hearing on request of his attorney, ex-Justice Edward E. McCall.

Foundation for Fallon's examination was laid when a representative of the Hanover National Bank testified to two checks, totaling $700, drawn in July, 1921, by Fallon on Dillon & Co.

Edward Post, former member of the firm of Dillon & Co., testified that in 1921 Fallon obtained an aggregate of $8,631 from the firm. Then Post gave testimony that held those in the courtroom alert when he said he gave up his membership in the firm when he discovered it was selling stocks immediately after their purchase for customers.

"What caused you to withdraw from the firm?" asked Winter.

"The discovery that the cash assets did not equal the cash liabilities," replied Post. "They had no source of revenue at all and no earning capacity. They bought stocks, but sold most of them immediately."

"That is, they had nothing except what was in the bank and the office furniture?"

"And a few equities with brokers. They could supply the demands of a few customers, but not all. They could not supply the demands of all their customers."

When Fallon was called Winter asked Magistrate McQuade to step out of the room.

Fallon said he knew Kastel, whom he described as the owner of Dillon & Co. Of the nominal head, Daniel Dillon, he said, "He was a dummy, and I still think he is a dummy."

Q.—Do you know John J. McGraw? A.—Very well.

Q.—Magistrate McQuade and Charles A. Stoneham? A.—Yes.

Q.—Muriel Dobbs? A.—I don't think so.

Q.—Lillian Kohler? A.—Yes, a woman from California.

Q.—Isn't it a fact that you and Kastel had some arrangements with regard to gambling privileges in Saratoga in 1921? A.—You're not serious, are you? If it were so, what would that have to do with this case?

Denies Saratoga Gambling.

Winter pressed the question and Fallon replied, "Absolutely not, and you know I hadn't, and what's more, nobody else had a gambling privilege in Saratoga in 1921."

"Didn't you and Kastel and Arnold Rothstein have a gambling arrangement?"

"There isn't one grain of truth to what you're suggesting," replied Fallon. "It's ridiculously false."

Winter produced a check for $3,000 drawn on Dillon & Co. June 10, 1921, and made out to Fallon's order. It bore Fallon's endorsement and that of another person. Asked to identify the endorsement, Fallon replied, "I refuse to answer. It's none of your affair. It's nothing to you."

"What did you do with that check?" persisted the trustee.

"I won't tell you," snapped Fallon. "It's nobody's affair what I did with my own money."

The second endorsement proved to be that of Miss Vanderbilt. William Van Alstyne, attorney for the creditors, asked, "Did you not deliver this check to Gertrude Vanderbilt and is not that her endorsement?"

"I object to the question as incompetent, immaterial and irrelevant," replied Fallon. "I won't answer what I did with my own money."

Referee Olney overruled the objection. Thereupon Fallon added the further objection that an answer would tend to degrade and incriminate him.

"I borrowed that money from Kastel for four or five days and repaid him in four or five days," explained Fallon. "But what I did with that check I refuse to answer."

"Isn't it a fact that this $3,000 was given you for services you rendered Kastel in connection with the transfer of Stoneham accounts to Dillon & Co.?" went on Winter.

"No," replied Fallon.

"Winter produced a draft of $1,000 on Dillon & Co., drawn by Fallon July 7, 1921, and deposited with the Hudson Trust Company by Miss Vanderbilt. "Undoubtedly," explained Fallon, "that was $1,000 I gave Kastel. I took his check for it."

Refuses to Answer.

"And you gave the check to Gertrude Vanderbilt?"

"I refuse to answer on the same grounds as before."

Winter called again for Referee Olney, saying, "Is it obvious the answer would not incriminate him."

"But is it obvious!" argued Olney. "It might not incriminate him in the Dillon matter, but it might in some transaction with a third party if a District Attorney might use it as evidence of a crime."

Fallon said he and Kastel frequently made loans to each other. He said the fact that some of the loans to him were on Dillon & Co., checks did not mean anything, as Kastel was Dillon & Co. The witness said he never spoke to Stoneham, McGraw or McQuade about a transfer of Stoneham accounts to Dillon & Co. Reminded that directly opposite testimony had been given by Dillon, Fallon insisted, "That is absolutely untrue, no matter who made the statement. I never spoke ten words to Dillon in my life."

He was reminded of a bill of $1,419 for plumbing done by Halsted & Grosser in Miss Vanderbilt's house in West Eighty-fourth Street. Asked whether he had paid this bill, he refused to answer on the same grounds as before.

Margaret Gillen, former telephone operator in the Dillon & Co. offices, testified that Magistrate McQuade telephoned one day for Kastel, and when informed that Kastel was out, left this message with her: "Tell Mr. Kastel that Judge McQuade called and received that O. K." She said she saw McQuade in the brokerage offices.

McQuade took the stand and insisted he never had been in the brokerage offices. He denied the message quoted by Miss Gillen.

"Did you ever have a conversation with Stoneham about the transfer of accounts to Dillon & Co.?"

"I did not."

Ten Nationalities Represented In Day's Weddings in Bronx

Thomas J. McCabe, Deputy City Clerk at the Bronx License Bureau, united in marriage representatives of at least ten different nationalities yesterday, which he called a "day of variety."

First he officiated at the wedding of two natives of the West Indies, followed by one immediately by uniting a Chinese couple and then married a Hungarian to a German girl.

The last named couple could not speak English, but nodded to Mr. McCabe read the marriage vows.

WHALEN BUDGET UP $738,319 FOR 1924

Total of $7,495,956 Asked for Department of Plant and Structures.

TELLS OF MANY NEW NEEDS

Union Ferry and Cost Accounting Among Them—Wage Increases Sought for a Few.

According to an estimate furnished the Budget Committee of the Board of Estimate yesterday it will cost $738,319 more to run the Department of Plant and Structures next year than it cost this year. The total amount requested for 1924, exclusive of trackless trolleys and the Williamsburg bridge cars, is $7,495,956.22. Most of the increase is for salaries. The pay rolls amounted this year to $4,961,731.51. Next year, Commissioner Grover A. Whalen figures, he will need $5,441,852.05.

In a statement accompanying his estimate Commissioner Whalen explained that after this year's budget was made up his department was compelled to broaden its activities, including the municipalizing of the Union Ferry service and the transfer to his department of the steamboat service. These two items alone, he said, added $250,000 to his budget. If all the other items added to the 1923 budget after it had been closed were taken into consideration, the Commissioner said, his 1924 budget would show a decrease of $64,000 from this year's figures.

One item on next year's budget is for $29,540 for the creation of a cost accounting bureau. This, the Commissioner said, will be for the purpose of compiling records for his own department and various municipal organizations which require statistical data.

The only new employes asked for are for assistant engineers of the bridge division, whose wages would be placed on the same basis as those of mechanics under them. In all they total $7,000. Part of the increased cost of running this department, the Commissioner stated, is caused by the fact that 1924 is a leap year, which will entail $22,481 extra for per diem employes.

In a supplementary budget Commissioner Whalen asked for $576,706 for operating the Williamsburg bridge trolley system. Of this amount $320,870 is for personal service, and $203,931 to operate trackless trolleys, of which $113,108 is for personal service.

CRAIG CALENDAR WINS.

Recognized by Sinking Fund Board After Several Months.

With Acting Mayor Murray Hulbert in the chair, the Sinking Fund Commission yesterday disposed of two calendars, one of 104 items prepared under the direction of James Mathews, who was made secretary by a majority of the members after John Korb had been removed from that office, and the other prepared by Korb under the direction of Controller Charles L. Craig. The Craig calendar contained 398 items.

Although the Controller refused to vote on any of the items in what was known as the Hylan calendar, or that prepared by Mathews, he succeeded for the first time in months in having the other members publicly pass on a calendar prepared by him. It was only because of the adroitness of Acting Mayor Hulbert that a clash over the calendars was avoided.

The Acting Mayor avoided further controversy as to who was really secretary of the commission by assuming the double work of chairman and secretary. Mayor Hylan's temporary successor worked so fast in his dual capacity that he established a record, according to clerks in attendance. Every time the commission brought up a Hylan calendar Item the Controller told the stenographer that he was not present and therefore this vote was not recorded. After the Hylan item had been dealt with the Controller informed the stenographer that he was present again. The meeting passed off without any serious argument.

ATTACK SACCO EVIDENCE.

Affidavits of Prisoner's Counsel Impugn Prosecutor's Case.

DEDHAM, Mass., Sept. 27.—Affidavits designed to attack the credibility of State evidence in the trial of Nicola Sacco and Bartolomeo Vanzetti were filed by counsel for the defense with the clerk of the Norfolk Superior Court today, as a preliminary to the hearing Monday on the motion of the defense for a new trial.

Sacco and Vanzetti were found guilty on July 14, 1921, of the murder of Frederick Parmenter, paymaster, and Alexander Berardelli, pay-roll guard employed by the Slater & Morrill Shoe Company, on April 15, 1920, when they were held up and robbed of $15,776 in South Braintree. The conviction stirred up protests from radicals all over the world, who believed the verdict had been influenced by the known radical tendencies of the prisoners.

One of the affidavits is by Albert H. Hamilton of New York, a firearms expert, giving it as his opinion that two parallel marks that appeared on a revolver bullet which figured in the case were placed there after the bullet was taken into the jury room and before the verdict was given.

A portfolio of photographs by Wilbur F. Turney of Boston, showing the revolver, cartridges and other exhibits, was included in another affidavit.

John J. Healey of Brockton, a police officer Frank J. Burke and Edward P. Burke gave affidavits relating to Roy Emerson Gould, a witness, especially as to Gould's memory of circumstances at the shooting.

LAST OF BAFF SLAYERS FREE

Abraham Graff Released, His Term Short

CHAMBER MUSIC FESTIVAL OPENS

London String Quartet Heard at Home of E. S. Coolidge's Temple in Pittsfield.

FESTIVAL QUARTET ASSISTS

Bach's Work Played as an Octet by Two Organizations—Bridge's Sextet Applauded.

By RICHARD ALDRICH.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSFIELD, Mass., Sept. 27.—For the third time Mrs. Elizabeth Sprague Coolidge has summoned her musical friends to a chamber music festival at Pittsfield. They are occasions eagerly awaited by lovers of chamber music, for they are unique and full of interest. There is special emphasis put on the music of the modern English school. Notable features of the program are the string sextet by Frank Bridge, a quartet for violas by D. J. Blair, Arnold Bax's sonata for piano and viola, a rhapsody by Rebecca Clarke for piano and cello, Eugene Goossens's phantasy sextet. These last two were commissioned specially for this festival.

Mr. Bridge was present today to hear his sextet played and Lionel Tertis, the distinguished English viola player, will take part and the London String Quartet is one of the chief co-operating organizations. It appeared today with Arnold Bax as its leader, who has rejoined the quartet after a year's absence. It was joined in today's program by the Festival Quartet of South Mountain, which has lately been formed under Mrs. Coolidge's auspices by William Willeke.

The program comprised Bach's string quartet, so called, in G minor, played as an octet by the two organizations; Beethoven's quartet in F, Op. 59, No. 1, and Frank Bridge's sextet. Much might be said on the subject of the piece attributed to Bach, which was played in New York some twenty years ago by Mr. Kneisel; whether it was ever intended as a string quartet, whether a quartet was ever written so early as the date given it and even whether Bach himself really wrote it. The slow introduction and the minuet and gavotte seem striking in characteristic manner of Bach, but while there is much that is fine in the work it is not Bach at his best, if it is Bach.

The performance was excellent. So was that of Beethoven's quartet, though the weather was extremely unfavorable to stringed instruments and there was not all the beauty of tone that the London players can really produce, but was playing of fine feeling, understanding and technical finish.

A string quartet by Frank Bridge played at the festival two years ago, was found an admirable piece of work. The sextet that played today is a later one, though it is now twelve years old, and seemed somewhat deeper and richer in nature. Mr. Bridge has by no means one of the extreme moderns. He has not thrown overboard the ideals of beauty and coherency that have been cherished up to the present time. His quartet sounds beautifully and with a luxurious richness to which all the resources of the six strings contribute.

The performance in which the London quartet was assisted by Edward Kreiner, Viola and Willem Willeke, was much applauded and Mr. Bridge was called to the platform.

THE WEATHER

WASHINGTON, Sept. 27.—The tropical storm off the South Atlantic Coast was central this evening about 100 miles east of Jacksonville and moving north, northeast. The centre of this disturbance will pass northeastward off Cape Hatteras Friday night or Saturday. Radio reports from vessels at sea off the South Atlantic Coast indicate winds of gale force over a wide area and wind approximating hurricane velocity near the centre of this disturbance. Vessels have been cautioned by radio to exercise every precaution. Storm warnings are now displayed on the Atlantic coast at and between Key West, Cape Lookout and Jacksonville, Fla.

In New England and Eastern New York the weather will be partly cloudy Friday and Saturday, with showers along the Northern border and it will continue mild temperature. In the Middle Atlantic States it will be partly cloudy Friday and Saturday, cooler Saturday; moderate temperature.

NEW YORK CITY WEATHER RECORDS.

Official Temperature.

8 A.M.	68	18 P.M.	69	1 P.M.	68
9 A.M.	68	1 P.M.	69	2 P.M.	67
10 A.M.	68	2 P.M.	70	3 P.M.	66
11 A.M.	69	3 P.M.	73	4 P.M.	65
12 M.	69	4 P.M.	73	11 P.M.	64

Average temperature yesterday, 67.

Average same date last year, 64.

Average temperature for last 24 hours, 68.

Barometer, 30.10 at 8 A.M.; 30.27 at 8 P.M.

Relative humidity at 8 P.M., 65 per cent.

Wind at 8 A.M., southeast, velocity 12 miles; at 8 P.M., south, velocity 14 miles.

Weather, cloudy at 8 A.M.; cloudy at 8 P.M.

Forecast.

For New England—Partly cloudy Friday, Saturday unsettled; moderate temperature.

For Eastern New England—Partly cloudy Friday, Saturday unsettled; probably showers; mild temperature.

Eastern New York and Eastern Pennsylvania—Partly cloudy Friday, Saturday unsettled; probably showers; mild temperature.

Delaware and Maryland—Partly cloudy Friday, Saturday unsettled; probably showers.

Western Maryland, West Virginia and New York and Western Pennsylvania—Partly cloudy Friday, Saturday unsettled; mild temperature.

Western New York and Western Pennsylvania—Partly cloudy Friday, Saturday unsettled; probably showers; mild temperature.

Observations.

Southern New England—Partly cloudy Friday, Saturday unsettled; moderate temperature.

Southern New England—Partly cloudy Friday, Saturday unsettled; probably showers; mild temperature.

Eastern New York and Eastern Pennsylvania—Partly cloudy Friday, Saturday unsettled; probably showers; mild temperature.

Delaware and Maryland—Partly cloudy Friday, Saturday unsettled; probably showers.

Western Maryland, West Virginia and New York and Western Pennsylvania—Partly cloudy Friday, Saturday unsettled; mild temperature.

COUNTRY-WIDE WEATHER CONDITIONS.

Observations at United States Weather Bureau stations during the twenty-four hours ending 8 P.M. yesterday.

Stations.	High.	Low.	Precipitation.	Fall.	Weather.
Abilene	90	72	0.10		Pt. Cldy.
Albany	66	48	0.02		Cloudy
Atlanta	84	64	0.10		Clear
Atlantic City	68	60	0.02		Clear
Baltimore	74	54	0.02		Clear
Bismarck	72	46	0.12		Pt. Cldy.
Boise	84	54	0.20		Pt. Cldy.
Boston	68	52	0.12		Clear
Charleston	86	74	0.06		Clear
Chicago	68	54	0.02		Clear
Cincinnati	76	52	0.02	.34	Cloudy
Cleveland	68	52	0.02		Pt. Cldy
Denver	84	56	0.02		Clear
Detroit	64	48	0.02		Clear
Galveston	86	76	0.02		Clear
Helena	78	46	0.12		Cloudy
Jacksonville	86	74	0.02	.10	Cloudy
Kansas City	80	58	0.02		Clear
Los Angeles	84	60	0.02		Clear
Louisville	76	54	0.02		Cloudy
Marquette	66	44	0.02		Clear
St. Paul	70	46	0.02		Pt. Cldy.
New Orleans	86	72	0.02		Clear
New York	74	62	0.02		Cloudy
Oklahoma	86	74	0.02		Clear
Philadelphia	74	54	0.02		Clear
Pittsburgh	74	52	0.02		Clear
Portland, Me.	60	44	0.02	.01	Clear
Portland, Ore.	66	48	0.02		Clear
Salt Lake City	78	54	0.02	.10	Cloudy
San Antonio	90	74	0.02		Clear
San Diego	78	60	0.02		Clear
San Francisco	72	56	0.02		Clear
Seattle	66	50	0.02		Clear
St. Louis	84	60	0.02		Clear
Washington	72	56	0.02		Clear

Fire Record.

2:00—1,004 Amsterdam Av.; not given.

2:25—1,005 6 Av.; John Lacombe; Not given.

2:30—1,006 Lexington Av.; John Crowley; Not given.

2:40—[illegible] St., Edith Gottner; Not given.

2:50—20 Columbus Av.; John Sadick; Not given.

11:00—20 West 33 St.; Jessie James; Trifling.

11:00—1,000 1 Av.; not given; Trifling.

11:05—140 [illegible]; Not given.

11:20—[illegible] Westchester Av.; the press; not given; Not given.

11:30—42 Mulberry St.; Patrick Keifer; Not given.

11:40—[illegible] 9th St.; not given; Not given.

11:50—111 Forsyth St.; Morris Berkowitz; Not given.

12:10—302 West 30th St.; not given; Slight.

12:20—136 W. 114 St.; not given; Slight.

12:30—[illegible] Av.; Samuel Knight; Not given.

10:00—102 St., Hassan's Pl.; Van Burn & Co.; Slight.

"CHRONICLES OF AMERICA."

Yale University Press Announces Its Photoplays for Release.

The Yale University Press yesterday announced the publication for release through the Pathé Exchange, Inc., of "Columbus," "Jamestown" and the thirty other dramatic photoplays which are being produced under its direction.

"The release of The Chronicles of America Photoplays," said George Parmly Day, President of the Yale University Press, "marks the dawn of a new day for motion pictures, for if the motion pictures shown in its theatres, as well as in its schools, are of a high standard of excellence, no community need fear the influence undoubtedly and most effectively exercised by the movies. One simple and certain way of making the motion picture theatres a powerful agency for good in each community is for every citizen to support by his patronage, and to encourage others to support, photoplays of the highest type, thus encouraging producers and exhibitors to devote their energies and resources to these in preference to others.

"It is because of the belief that the showing in the theatres of The Chronicles of America Photoplays can and should do much for the betterment of the motion picture industry as well as for the cause of good citizenship, that the Yale University Press has agreed to the theatrical distribution of these films. It is for the same reason that it invites the co-operation of men and women everywhere, who are interested in the welfare of their communities and of their country, in achieving for this theatrical distribution of The Chronicles of America Photoplays the success warranted by the merits of the pictures themselves."

Name W. F. Welsh for Justice.

UTICA, N. Y., Sept. 27.—At the Fifth Judicial District Republican convention held in this city today, Walter F. Welsh of Onondaga was nominated for Supreme Court Justice to succeed Edgar S. K. Merrell of Lewis County, whose term expires next January. Edward N. Smith of Jefferson County was nominated to succeed himself.

INDUSTRY PLATFORM TO HAVE 6 BIG ISSUES

Nation's Trade Leaders Are Taking Up Important Problems of Economics.

PLAN SERIES OF MEETINGS

Expect to Offer List of "Worthy" Recommendations to Both Parties Next Year.

The large group of financial, industrial and commercial leaders brought together by the National Association of Manufacturers at the Waldorf-Astoria to formulate an industrial platform to be recommended to both the Democratic and Republican parties in the forthcoming Presidential campaign announced last night through their Chairman, Charles Cheney of Cheney Brothers, that they had made rapid progress in their work. The Platform of Industry Committee received a report from the Drafting Committee, headed by W. B. Storey, President of the Atcheson, Topeka & Santa Fé Railroad, outlining five fundamental principles to be incorporated in five definite planks.

These planks would deal with transportation, waterways and highways, taxation, immigration and the judiciary. Following the suggestions of the Drafting Committee the conference decided, according to Mr. Cheney, that at future meetings it should consider also the soldier bonus, the relation of Government to industry, merchant marine, employment relations, law enforcement, international relations, banking and finance, army and navy, tariff, agriculture, and labor and its relation to private industry, public utilities and the Government.

Chairman Cheney said that industry was constantly faced with the statement that it had no coherent plan in regard to the relation of government to business, and admitted that there was a great deal of truth in that accusation. He said, however, that there was a general awakening among business men who thought they should place themselves on record regarding national questions.

"This is the first of a series of conferences," said Mr. Cheney, "to be held from now through next Summer to ascertain the sentiment of the public and of industry on matters of national importance and to make that sentiment known to those who will be called on to legislate for us.

"We have assembled able, constructive minds of industry to perform a task that we believe meets a public demand and a public need, and we are quite confident that the ultimate product will be worthy of the complete approval and support not only of industry but of the general public.

"Before going to the national conventions our platform will be submitted to industrial, commercial and other groups in various parts of the country to invite the widest national support. The first organization to act on it will be the National Association of Manufacturers at their next convention."

SHIPPING AND MAILS

[All the times indicated are under Daylight Saving.]

THE TIDES.

	Sandy Hook. A.M.	P.M.	Governors Island. A.M.	P.M.	Hell Gate. A.M.	P.M.
High water	10:52	10:55	10:36	11:14	11:04	
Low water	4:25	4:34	4:06	5:34	7:03	4:55

THE SUN.

	Rises.	Sets.
	A.M.	P.M.
	6:48	6:45

Incoming Steamships Carrying Mail

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Arvives	Santa Marta	Sep. 19
Ft. Victoria	Bermuda	Sep. 22
Munargo	Nassau	Sep. 22
Santa Rosa	Naples	Sep. 10
Bridgetown	Havana	Sep. 19
Silvia	St. John's	Sep. 20
Malura	Trinidad	Sep. 19
Chitobal	Cristobal	Sep. 19

DUE TODAY.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Aquitania	Southampton	Sep. 22
Resolute	Hamburg	Sep. 12

DUE TOMORROW.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Rousillon	Havre	Sep. 18
Ystria	Buenos Aires	Sep. 8
Valendam	Rotterdam	Sep. 19
Columbia	San Francisco	Aug. 22
Sakonland	Antwerp	Sep. 19

DUE SUNDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Calamarca	Port Limon	Sept. 22
Philadelphia	Curacao	Sept. 19

Other Incoming Steamships

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Andrea Luckenbach	Cristobal	Sep. 20
Fairfield City	Port Arthur	Sept. 20

DUE TODAY.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Cecile Prince	Gonaives	Sept. 18
Otterburn	Galveston	Sept. 18
Nera	Cristobal	Sept. 19
Lackawanna	Plymouth	Sept. 13
Begindo	Savanilla	Sept. 19
Stockholm	Fowey	Sept. 19
Chickasaw City	Cristobal	Sept. 19
Alfred Jeffries	Cristobal	Sept. 19
Victoria	Siguero	Sept. 19
Ocklon	Cristobal	Sept. 19

DUE TOMORROW.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Columbia	Naples	Sep. 7
Cretic	Dunkirk	Sep. 14
Allegheny	Cristobal	Sep. 19
Ala	Dunkirk	Sep. 14
Eastern Sword	Kwanza	Sep. 12
Pontiac	Cristobal	Sep. 19
Sandon Hall	Gibraltar	Sep. 9
Kalnoura	Cardiff	Sep. 17

DUE SUNDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Kaprina	Cristobal	Sep. 19
Cape Cod	Cristobal	Sep. 20

Outgoing Steamships Carrying Mail

SAIL TODAY.

Steamer.	Destination.	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Munargo	Nuevitas	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Parima	Barbados	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Aconcagua	Valparaiso	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Rema	Nassau	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.
Liguria	Barbados	3:00 P.M.	5:00 P.M.
Tuching	Nassau	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.

SAIL TOMORROW.

Steamer.	Destination.	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Leviathan	South-Southampton	6:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Olympic	Southampton	7:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Rotterdam	Rotterdam	7:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Lafayette	Havre	7:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Adriatic	Liverpool	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Hannover	Bremen	9:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Franconia	Liverpool	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Sangstad Castle	Cape Town	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
River Delaware	Beirut	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Drottningholm	Gothenburg	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Strathnaver	Port Said	11:00 M.	2:00 P.M.
Cabo Orisal	Havana	11:00 M.	2:00 P.M.
Alsatia	London	No mails	12:00 M.
Silvia	St. John's	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Fort Victoria	Hamilton	7:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Orizaba	Havana	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Ponce	San Juan	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Marsaille	La Guayra	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Telek	Port Limon	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Huron	Bermuda	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Western World	Buenos Aires	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.

SAIL TUESDAY.

Steamer.	Destination.	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Bisculia	Hamburg	5:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Aquitania	Southampton	8:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
President Arthur	Bremen	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Lake Flattery	Jacmel	12:00 M.	4:00 P.M.

Other Outgoing Steamships

Steamer and Destination.	Time of Sailing. Day.	Hour.
Mississippi, London	Sep. 29	10:00 A.M.
Nerenlan, Manchester	Sep. 29	3:00 A.M.
Westerner, Rotterdam	Sep. 30	11:00 A.M.
Satartia, Alexandria	Sep. 30	10:00 A.M.
Vestdyk, Batavia	Oct. 6	10:00 A.M.

Steamer and Destination.	Time of Sailing. Day.	Hour.
Genoa Mara, Shanghai	Oct. 6	11:00 A.M.
Colorado, Manila	Oct. 6	10:00 A.M.
Hamburg Mari, Mobe	Oct. 6	12:00 M.
Ruth, Southampton	Oct. 6	1:00 P.M.
Vaccinia, London	Oct. 6	3:00 A.M.

Foreign Ports—Arrivals and Departures

ARRIVED.

Steamer.	At	Date.
President Roosevelt	Bremen	Sep. 24
Finland	Hamburg	Sep. 24
Mongolia	Hamburg	Sep. 24
Cape Cadiz	Cape Town	Sep. 7
Lapland	Plymouth	Sep. 26
Gen. W. G. Gorgas	Cristobal	Sep. 20
Estelik	Cristobal	Sep. 20

SAILED.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Holland	Antwerp	Sep. 26
California	Glasgow	Sep. 22
Mercier	Copenhagen	Sep. 22
Paul Luckenbach	Cristobal	Sep. 20

Reported by Radio

SS Aquitania (Cunard Line), inbound from Southampton, was reported yesterday; no distance given; due at Pier 54, North River, late Friday or early Saturday.

SS Resolute (United American Lines), incoming from Hamburg, was reported yesterday; no distance given; due at Pier 86, North River, Friday forenoon.

SS Zeigelstand (Red Star Line), incoming from Antwerp, was reported 600 miles east of Ambrose Channel, at noon, Sept. 26; due at Pier 61, North River, Saturday forenoon.

SS Volendam (Holland-America Line), incoming from Rotterdam, was reported yesterday; no distance given; due at Fifth Street, Hoboken, Saturday forenoon.

SS Orizaba (Ward Line), incoming from Progreso, was reported yesterday; no distance given; due at Pier 16, Brooklyn, Saturday forenoon.

SS Cretic (Lamport & Holt Line), incoming from Rio Janeiro, was reported yesterday; no distance given; due at Pier 9, Brooklyn, Friday forenoon.

SS Celtic (White Star Line), incoming from Liverpool, was reported yesterday; no distance given; due at Pier 60, North River, Tuesday afternoon.

SS Cretonia (Anchor Line), incoming from Glasgow, was reported yesterday; no distance given; due at Pier 56, North River, Tuesday afternoon.

SS Southern Cross (Munson Line), incoming from Buenos Aires, was reported yesterday; no distance given; due at Pier 1, Hoboken, Monday forenoon.

SS Dorfflinger (North German Lloyd Line), incoming from Bremen, is due at Boston at 8 P.M., Monday and at New York, Wednesday forenoon.

SS Haiti (Clyde Line), incoming from Haiti, was reported yesterday; no distance given; due at Pier 40, North River, Monday forenoon.

Transpacific Mails

The connecting mails close at the G. P. O. and City Hall P. O. Stations, New York, at 1:00 P. M., daily, except Sundays and holidays, and 5 P. M., Sundays and holidays, as follows:

Hawaii, via San Francisco	Manoma	Sep. 28
Philippine Islands (letter mail only); also specially addressed correspondence for Japan, Korea and China, via Vancouver and Victoria, B. Co.	Empress of Asia	Sep. 29
Japan, also specially addressed correspondence for Japan, Korea, China and Philippine Islands, via San Francisco; also parcel post mails for Fiji Islands for connection with steamer at Honolulu, Oct. 18.	President Pierce	Sep. 29
Japan, Korea, China, Siam, Straits Settlements, Netherlands East Indies, Straits Settlements, Brunei, Malay States, North Borneo, Sarawak and Philippine Islands, via Seattle; also parcel post mails for Japan, Korea, China, Siam, Straits Settlements, Brunei, Malay States, North Borneo, Sarawak and Straits Settlements. (Seaport)	President Grant	Sept. 30
Hawaii, via San Pedro, Cal.	City of Los Angeles	Oct. 1
Hawaii, Fiji Islands and specially addressed correspondence for Australia and New Zealand, Vancouver and Victoria, B. C. (Niagara)		Oct. 1
Japan, Korea, China, Siam, Straits Settlements, French Indochina, Netherlands East Indies, Straits Settlements, Brunei, Malay States, North Borneo, Sarawak and Philippine Islands, via Seattle; also parcel post mails for Japan, Korea, China, Siam, Straits Settlements, Brunei, Malay States, North Borneo, Sarawak and Straits Settlements.	President Madison	Oct. 12
Tahiti, Society Islands, Marquesas, Cook Islands, New Zealand and Australia, via San Francisco; also parcel post mails for Society Islands, Cook Islands, New Zealand and Australia	Minnewaska	Oct. 30

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS—DIRECTION OF LEE & J. J. SHUBERT

WINTER GARDEN NIGHTS 8:30. Matinees Tom'w & Thurs. FIFTH YEARLY EDITION. Greenwich Village Follies. America's Greatest Annual Revue.

SAN CARLO GRAND OPERA. CENTURY THEATRE, 62d & Coll. Park W. TONIGHT 8:15. LOHENGRIN. Pitzu, Destinova, Tomarchio, Valle. SAT. MAT.—TALES OF HOFFMANN. Scotti, Lazzese, Fabbri, Bassoni, Delizia, Tomarchio, Salvini. MON.—FORZA DEL DESTINO. Elmore, Fogal, Salazar, Valle, De Biasi and Ballet. Musical Directors, Parola and Franceschi. Organization of 300 People; Orch. of 70; Chorus of 60 and the Forty-Extensively Ballet Russe. Box Office Now Open.

TARNISH OPENS MONDAY. SEATS NOW. BELMONT THEATRE Bryant 0048. COMEDY Tues., Oct. 2, at 8:40. Children of the Moon. WITH AN ALL-STAR CAST.

NATIONAL 41st, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Now & Thurs. 2:30. THE JOLLY ROGER. Love-Laugh-Pirates. Pedro de Cordoba, Carroll McComas.

LITTLE West 49th Street. Evenings 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30. John Golden Succesies. Chicken Feed. by GUY BOLTON. Staged by WINCHELL SMITH AND 411th TIME.

BOOTH West 45 St. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 7th HEAVEN.

REPUBLIC 42d St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2:30. ANNE NICHOLS' LAUGHING SUCCESS. Abie's Irish Rose. THE PLAY THAT PUTS U IN HUMOR.

GARRICK 65 W. 35th St. Evs. 8:30. Last 2 Weeks. Matinees Tom'w & Thurs. BERNARD SHAW'S THE DEVIL'S DISCIPLE.

SHUBERT RIVIERA—Ent. 2:15. Mts. Tom'w & Thr. "UP SHE GOES" with Nancy Welford and Richard Carle.

"THE HUNCHBACK OF NOTRE DAME" Presented by Carl Laemmle. ASTOR THEA. B'way and 45th St. NOW. Twice Daily, 2:30—8:30. This picture will not be shown anywhere this year in New York or suburbs except at the Astor Theatre.

THE PERFECT PICTURE. WILLIAM FOX Presents "IF WINTER COMES" "MIGHTIER THAN THE SWORD" LAST 5 DAYS. TIMES SQ. Thea., 42d St., W. of B'way. Twice Daily, 2:30-8:30. Seats Now for Balance of Engagement.

39TH ST. Theatre, East B'way. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Tom'w & Wed., 2:30. WILLIAM FAVERSHAM AND EMILY STEVENS IN "LEGION IN LOVE"

LAST 3 PERFORMANCES IN NEW YORK. LAST POPULAR MATINEE TOMORROW. F. RAY COMSTOCK & MORRIS GEST Present. Balieff's Chauve Souris. JOLSON'S 59th ST. THEATRE. POP. PRICES. Evs. at 8:30. MATINEE TOMORROW 2:30. Next Week, at 8 Sharp. Seats Now.

SOTHERN-MARLOWE. Shakespeare's Romance "CYMBELINE."

PLAYHOUSE 48th St., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Wed. 2:30. CHAINS. "WILL HOLD YOU SPELLBOUND." —R. G. Welch, Telegram.

GREENWICH VILLAGE, 7 av., at 4th St. OPENING MONDAY, (Seats now.) MARGARET WYCHERLY in "FLORIANI'S WIFE" BY PIRANDELLO. EVERYBODY'S IN LOVE WITH IN LOVE WITH LOVE. Lynn Fontanne, Ralph Morgan, Henry Hull.

RITZ Theatre, West 48th Street. Evenings 8:30. Matinees Wed. & Sat. at 2:30. SELWYN Theatre, West 42d St. Evs. at 8:30. Matinees Wed. & Sat. at 2:30. HELEN OF TROY, N. Y.! "The perfect musical comedy."—Herald.

Maxine Elliott's 58th St., E. of B'y. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30. JEANNE EAGELS in "RAIN" 363 TIMES. Staged by John D. Williams.

Philip Goodman Presents The Biggest Musical Comedy Hit of the Year. APOLLO THEATRE West 42nd St. Evenings 8:30. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:30. MADGE KENNEDY in POPPY with W. C. FIELDS and the Greatest Cast of Comedians in Town.

LYRIC 42d Street, West of B'way. Twice Daily, 2:30, 8:30—Sunday Mat. at 3. LAST 3 DAYS. MARY PICKFORD in "ROSITA" With HOLBROOK BLINN. Adapted by Edgcumb Pinchon. Photoplay by Charles Rosher. AN ERNST LUBITSCH Production.

44th St. THEATRE. SPECIAL SUNDAY-NIGHT METRO'S MONUMENTAL MASTERPIECE. REX INGRAM'S SCARAMOUCHE. from SABATINI'S NOVEL. with Alice Terry, Ramon Novarro, Lewis Stone. Seats now selling 8 weeks in advance. TWICE DAILY, 2:30-8:30. All Seats Reserved.

SHUBERT 44th, W. of B'y. Evs. 8:15 sharp. Mats. Tom'w & Wed. 2:15 sharp. ARTISTS and MODELS of 1923

AMBASSADOR 49 St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Last 3 N'ts. Last Mat. Tom'w. HOME FIRES. OWEN DAVIS' COMEDY TRIUMPH.

49th ST. Theatre MON., OCT. 1. Oswald ARTHUR KLEIN Presents "What's Your Wife Doing?" A new FARCE in three acts by Herbert Hall Winslow and Emil Nyitray. With GLENN ANDERS. And a distinguished cast of players. SEATS NOW ON SALE.

PLYMOUTH 45th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Thurs., 2:30. We Get to have Money. with ROBERT AMES, Lee Dennisby, Fred Finch and Cast of 20.

8th BIG MONTH. The Show that made "BAMBALINA" CASINO B'way & 39 St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Wed. 2:30. NOW SECOND SEASON. Arthur Hammerstein's Musical Hit. WILDFLOWER with EDITH DAY.

LONGACRE Theatre, W. 48 St. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2:30. "LITTLE JESSIE JAMES" with NAN HALPERIN & THE JAMES BOYS—A PAUL WHITEMAN BAND.

BIJOU THEA., W. 45th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Sat. & Wed., 2:30. A. H. WOODS presents GRANT MITCHELL in "The Whole Town's Talking"

MOROSCO THEATRE, W. 45th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Sat. & Wed., 2:30. MARY RYAN in "RED LIGHT ANNIE"

BROADHURST THEA., W. 44th St. Evs. 8:30. Mts. Sat. & Thurs., 2:30. THE GOOD OLD DAYS.

ELTINGE THEATRE, West 42d St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Sat. & Wed., 2:30. THE WOMAN on the JURY.

CENTRAL BROADWAY 47TH STREET. WILLIAM FOX Presents MAURICE MAETERLINCK'S IMMORTAL MONNA VANNA. Continuous 1 to 11 P. M. POPULAR PRICES.

44TH ST. THEATRE. WEST OF BROADWAY. Twice Daily, 2:30-8:30. Sunday Mats. at 3. LILLIAN GISH in HENRY KING'S Production of "The White Sister". Opening Mon. Matinee at 2. AMBASSADOR. West 49th St. Just off B'way.

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SENSATION of SENSATIONS. LOWELL SHERMAN in the role of the arch-rogue "CASANOVA" Most Beautiful of Spectacles! Most Thrilling of Love Stories! EMPIRE Thea., B'way & 40th St. Eves. 8:30. FIRST MAT. TOMOR'W, 2:30.

MRS. FISKE. BELASCO Thea., 44 St. E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Thurs. 2:30. tweedles. Frazee Thea., 42d St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Wed. 2:30. by TARKINGTON. with Gregory Kelly and Helen Gordon. "Best fun in the world."—World. GEO. COHAN THEA., B'y, 43 St. Evs. 8:30. Pop. Mats. Tom'w & Wed., 2:30. The Gay, Good, Useful Show. ADRIENNE.

FULTON BROADWAY & 46TH STREET. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30. SAM BERNARD. WILLIAM COLLIER. LAST 6 NIGHTS—LAST 3 MATINEES. MARILYN MILLER AND LEON ERROL in SALLY. Cast Included. WALTER CATLETT. Farewell Performances Sat., Oct. 6th.

HENRY MILLER'S Thea., 124 W. 43 St. Tel. Bryant 1410. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tomorrow & Thurs. 2:30. BLANCHE BATES, RUTH CHATTERTON, LAURA H. CREWS, REGINALD MASON, GEOFFREY KERR, FELIX KRAMBS, HENRY MILLER. "THE CHANGELINGS," by Lee Wilson Dodd. Seats on sale 4 weeks in advance.

HUDSON 44th St., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tomorrow & Wed., 2:30. CROOKED SQUARE. "We got so interested we could not tear ourselves away."—Heywood Broun, World.

LIBERTY W. 42d St. Evs. 8:30. Last 3. Last Matinee Tomorrow Thurs. LEO CARRILLO in BOOTH TARKINGTON'S MAGNOLIA. New Comedy. MON. EVE., OCT. 1. SEATS NOW ON SALE.

MITZI HENRY W. SAVAGE will offer a New Musical Play. THE MAGIC RING. 47th St. THEATRE. "ZENO" LAUGHS THRILLS by JOS. F. DINN.

GAIETY B'way at 46th Street. Eve. at 8:30. Mats. Tomor'w & Wed. at 2:30. CYRIL MAUDE "AREN'T WE ALL" 1000 PERFORMANCE TONIGHT.

"MERTON OF THE MOVIES" with Glenn Hunter and Florence Nash.—Times. Sim'ns B'way at 47th Thea., 45th St. TONIGHT AT 8:30.

IRENE BORDONI "DAZZLING" in "LITTLE MISS BLUEBEARD." Dorston, Ev. World. LYCEUM Theatre, W. 45th St. Eve. at 8:30. Mats. Tomor'w & Thurs., 2:30.

COSMOPOLITAN THEA. COLUMBUS CIRCLE. Daily, 2:30-8:30—Reserved Seats. SUNDAY MATINEE AT 3 P. M. MARION DAVIES IN HER GREATEST TRIUMPH. "LITTLE OLD NEW YORK" VICTOR HERBERT AND HIS ORCHESTRA.

NEW AMSTERDAM, W. 42d St. Ev. 8:15. Popular Prices Matinee SAT. & WED. LAST 6 NIGHTS—LAST 3 MATINEES. MARILYN MILLER AND LEON ERROL in SALLY. Cast Included. WALTER CATLETT. Farewell Performances Sat., Oct. 6th.

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SAM H. HARRIS presents IRVING BERLIN'S THIRD ANNUAL MUSIC BOX REVUE. STAGED BY HASSARD SHORT. MUSIC BOX THEATRE 45th St., W. of B'way. EVENINGS at 8:15. MATINEES TOMOR'W & WED. at 2:15.

SAM H. HARRIS Presents FRANK KEENAN in "PETER WESTON" AT THE HARRIS THEATRE 42d St., WEST OF B'WAY. EVES., 8:15. MATINEES TOMOR'W & WED. at 2:15.

GLOBE—5TH ANNUAL PRODUCTION—EDITION DE LUXE. GEORGE WHITE'S SCANDALS. POPULAR PRICE MATINEES TOMORROW AND WEDNESDAY. The Real Hit of New York—GEO. M. COHAN'S Production. 11th CAPACITY WEEK—THE VINCENT LAWRENCE SWEETHEART PLAY. "TWO FELLOWS AND A GIRL" VANDERBILT THEATRE Sweetheart Mats. Tom'w & Wed., 2:20. W. 48th St.

EARL CARROLL Thea., 7th Av., 50th St. Circle 5680. Eve. 8:30. Mats. Tomor'w & Thurs. EARL CARROLL'S VANITIES. 20 SCENES. 40 PRINCIPALS. 40 LOVELY GIRLS. An Unusual Revue, Surpassing All Others in Splendor and Novelty. PEGGY HOPKINS JOYCE, JOE COOK, Harry Burns, Jimmy Duffy, Revell & Renova.

KLAW WEST 45TH ST. Evgs. 8:25 sharp. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:25 sharp. MARY ROBERTS RINEHART'S GREAT LOVE PLAY. THE BREAKING POINT. LOU MCKAY MORRIS and GAIL KANE. SEATS SELLING 4 WEEKS IN ADVANCE.

S. HUROK, INC., PRESENTS MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE. 1 Week Only. Sain's Monday Eve., October 8. ANNA PAVLOWA. The Incomparable with Ballet Russe—Symphony Orchestra. Seats $1 to $3 Now. (Baldwin).

Carnegie Hall, Sun. Aft., Oct. 7. First Concert in Two Years—Return. ZIMBALIST. Tickets $1 to $2.50, plus tax. Now on sale at box office. (Steinway).

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Up-and-Down Fluctuations in Stocks, Closing Generally Higher—Exchange Lower.

A stock market which yesterday resisted concerted professional efforts to force down prices and a foreign exchange market which again halted, evidently awaiting further German or French developments following the announced surrender in the Ruhr, left an atmosphere of perplexity in Wall Street. The day's reaction in exchanges on Europe, especially emphasized in the mark, evidently reflected news of the attempted Bavarian coup d'état. This demonstration did not apparently take Europe by surprise; Bavaria has all along been a point of potential trouble, not because of Communist but of monarchist and separatist leanings. Naturally, however, the Ruhr negotiations remained in abeyance pending the settlement of this domestic difficulty, and the exchange market yielded accordingly.

On the whole, the reaction in foreign exchange was not of a scope to suggest great uneasiness over the German political situation; it was small when compared with the rise of the past ten days, and it left the rates on Paris, Rome and even Berlin substantially above last week's closings. The future movement of these exchanges is likely to be governed not only by the French terms and by financial judgment of Germany's capacity to meet them, but by the success or failure of the new German Ministry in its plan to introduce a currency linked with stable values. As yet, the proposals in that regard are too indefinite and obscure to make possible intelligent prediction of the result of the experiment.

Until lately the stock market, under its present professional auspices, has moved in opposite directions on alternate days. Yesterday the alternations came in a single day. Declines of 1 to 2 points in the active speculative shares were followed by abrupt recovery of all the loss, leaving the general market higher than Wednesday. It is hard to take such a market seriously; yet even such seemingly purposeless variations must have some meaning, and in the present instance they at least reflect the conflict of judgment and the rather frequent change of opinion that is going on in business circles. In that quarter, the visible trend of judgment seems to be that, while the idea of an "Autumn trade boom" will have to be relinquished, on the other hand a season of normally large trade and of reasonably steady markets may be reckoned on.

That business of substantial proportions is in progress was shown by yesterday's Federal Reserve report, showing $85,700,000 increase in rediscounts during the week, of which sum $61,600,000 occurred at the New York bank. This increased rediscounting, however, seems not to have been primarily for the purpose of enlarging member banks' reserves; in the whole system these increased only $26,700,000, and reserve note circulation also decreased. A decrease in gold reserves was again noteworthy; the system's total holdings are now $4,000,000 less than they were in the middle of August, although some $15,000,000 gold has been imported during the interval. It is the phenomenon familiar to old-time American finance, in a somewhat altered form, of the circulating currency directly absorbing more and more of the gold imported, when the national banking reserve of gold had been filled to overflowing.

MONEY.

THURSDAY, SEPT. 27, 1923.

After standing loans had been renewed at 5½ per cent., rate which coincided with Wednesday's final, Stock Exchange call money was offered at 5 per cent. after midday, and ruled at this figure until close. Time money was quoted unchanged at 5½ per cent. up to 60 days, and at 5¾ per cent. for periods beyond the turn of the year; market was quiet. Commercial paper and acceptances discounted at current levels.

Call Loans.

Renewals.	High.	Low.	Last.	Wed. Last.
5½	5½	5	5	5

Time Loans.

Mixed collateral, 60-90 days	5½
4, 5 and 6 months	5½@5¾
All industrial collateral, 60-90 days	5½
4, 5 and 6 months	5½@5¾

Commercial Paper.

Best names, 4 to 6 months	5½@5¾
Other names, 4 to 6 months	5¾

Rediscount Rates, Federal Reserve Bank.

Commercial paper, 15 days	4½
30 to 60 days	4½
Liberty bonds, Victory notes and Treasury certificates of indebtedness, 15 days	4½
60 to 90 days	4½

Bankers' Acceptances.

Call loans against acceptances	4½

Prime bankers' acceptances, eligible for purchase or rediscount by Federal Reserve Banks. Rates quoted are for discount at purchase:

	Bid.	Ask.
30 days	4½	4
60 days	4½	4½
90 days	4½	4½
Four months	4½	4½
Six months	4½	4½

Nonmember and private bankers.

60 to 90 days	4½	4½

London Market.

Money in London ¾ up at 3¾ per cent.; short bills unchanged at 3 per cent.; three months' bills unchanged at 3⅛@3¼ per cent.

Gold bullion 2d higher at 90s 6d per fine ounce. Taking the British Mint standard price of $53 per fine ounce as par, the market quotation of gold would represent a price of 106¼ at London. On the same basis the highest London price for gold for the year to date was 107¼, on Sept. 5. The highest price since open trading in gold was resumed at London in September, 1919, was 149¾, on Feb. 8, 1920; the lowest, 102¼, on Feb. 21, 1923. Highest price last year, 126, on Jan. 3.

Clearing House Exchanges.

Exchanges of checks at the New York Clearing House: $840,000,000; balances, $69,000,000; Federal Reserve credit balance, $62,000,000; exchanges this day a year ago, $638,000,000.

SILVER BULLION.

Bar silver in London unchanged at 31⅞d per ounce; New York price ⅛c lower at 64⅝c.

Range for 1923:

	—Highest—	—Lowest—
London	33¼d Apr. 30	30¼d Feb. 3
New York	68⅝c Mar. 27	62⅛c July 30

Range for 1922:

London	27⅝d May 22	30⅝d Dec. 15
New York	73⅛c May 22	62⅝c Dec. 15

FOREIGN STOCK MARKETS.

Prices Move Irregularly at Paris and London.

LONDON, Sept. 27.—Prices moved irregularly on the Stock Exchange today. Old 2½ per cent. consols 56⅛, British 5 per cent war loan 102⅝, both unchanged; 4½ per cent. war loan ⅛ higher at 97⅝.

Rand Mines unchanged at 3⅝; De Beers Mining ⅜ lower at 12⅝.

PARIS, Sept. 27.—Prices moved irregularly on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes 25 centimes lower at 87 francs 15 centimes; 5 per cent. war loan 15 centimes lower at 75 francs 30 centimes.

Exchange on London 5 centimes higher at 74 francs 5 centimes per sovereign. American dollars were quoted at 16 francs 28½ centimes, against 16.19 yesterday.

COTTON ESTIMATES SHOW DISCREPANCY

Spinners State "Carry-Over" Is 1,041,000 Bales Lower Than Commerce Department.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 27.—World stocks of cotton, visible and in spinners' hands, on July 31, the end of the cotton year, were 5,350,000 bales as estimated by the International Federation of Cotton Spinners, the American Agricultural Commissioner at London reported today by cable. That quantity is 1,041,000 bales less than the estimate of the Department of Commerce issued Sept. 10.

World stocks in spinners' hands on July 31, the federation estimated, were 2,372,000 bales, compared with 4,287,000 bales a year previous, and stocks of American cotton in spinners' hands were estimated at 1,089,000 bales, compared with 2,206,000 bales.

World consumption, the federation estimated, has increased 2,074,000 bales over the previous season, whereas the Department of Commerce's estimate indicated an increase of only 903,000 bales. The federation's estimate of world consumption is 20,885,000 bales compared with 18,809,000 last year. The Department of Commerce's estimate was 20,950,000 bales, compared with 20,047,000 last year. Consumption of American cotton for the year as estimated by the federation was 12,298,000 bales, compared with 11,750,000 last year.

Cotton spindles in all countries for the year ending July 31, numbered 156,976,497, as compared with 154,555,297 the previous year.

FOR PARLEY ON GRAIN SHIPS

Manitoba May Ask Ottawa to Act on Tie-Up on Great Lakes.

WINNIPEG, Sept. 27.—The Provincial Government of Manitoba may ask the Dominion Government to call a conference of all parties interested in the solution of the grain shipping problem on the Great Lakes if an immediate solution is not found, it was indicated today. Certain United States vessel owners have refused to participate in grain shipment, threatening a serious tie-up in the movement of Western Canada's grain crop from the head of the lakes.

TORONTO, Sept. 27.—A meeting between United States steamship men and representatives of the Canadian Government in an effort to patch up their differences in respect to filing of tariffs on bulk cargoes ended today without a settlement.

Canada maintained that the law in respect to the filing of tariffs must be obeyed, while the steamship men declared they could not meet the demands because of the requirement of the Interstate Commerce Commission that similar tariffs be filed in the United States.

OPPOSE REDUCTION IN GRAIN RATES

Secretary Wallace's Proposal Would Not Help Farmers, Railroad Officials Say.

Secretary of Agriculture Wallace's proposal to reduce grain rates is far from a solution of the farmers' problem, according to Robert S. Binkerd, Vice Chairman of the Committee on Public Relations of the Eastern Railroads, and President E. E. Loomis of the Lehigh Valley Railroad, both of whom gave out statements yesterday:

"Renewed agitation for reduced rates on farm products," said President Loomis, "in my judgment, indicates that this matter has not been well thought out by its proponents. The results would be disastrous to the railroads and would bring only temporary relief to the farmers. Their troubles are not of a transportation nature. Should the railroads handle their wheat without any charges within thirty days the farmers would be no better off."

Mr. Binkerd also asserts that the export freight rates of the railroads have nothing to do with the plight of the wheat-growing farmers. He said:

"Secretary Wallace obviously has the question of wheat in mind. So far as corn, oats, rye and other grains are concerned, it is a matter of common knowledge that the growers of these crops will receive over half a billion dollars more than they did last year, and that as a result of the naturalizing of economic law there has been a substantial improvement in their situation.

"The result of my inquiries both inside and outside of the railroad industry shows that the export freight rates of the railroads have nothing to do with the plight of the wheat-growing farmer. Wheat can be shipped today by lake and barge canal from Duluth to shipside in New York harbor at a cost per bushel as low as would be provided by a 25 per cent. reduction in export rates by railroad.

"The wheat farmer's difficulty is the absence of a strong foreign market for his surplus product. There is a big surplus of wheat. European countries are producing more for themselves and are less able to pay for any balance which they may need. Hence, foreign demand has greatly decreased and is satisfying itself from the cheapest sources of wheat production.

"Without, therefore, even arguing the question of whether a 25 per cent. reduction in export rates would be fair to the railroads, it seems obvious that it would be of no benefit to the wheat grower.

"His primary problem is one of adjusting supply to demand. While something may be done to ease the difficulties of the transition, the proposal of the Secretary of Agriculture is obviously not a remedy."

Columbia Gas and Electric Earnings

Net earnings and income of the Columbia Gas & Electric Company for August were $780,706, an increase of $41,026 over the same month last year. This brings the total earnings and other income for the first eight months up to $3,364,601, an increase of $1,081,800 over the same period in 1922.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Uncertain Movement of Stocks.

With trading again moderate and with speculative activity mostly confined to a small number of stocks, the day's movement on the Stock Exchange was extremely irregular, but ended with a slight general net advance. In the early hours aggressive selling of the more active stocks brought declines ranging from 1 to 3 points in such shares as Crucible, Studebaker, Baldwin and even some railways, such as Union Pacific. In the later trading, however, practically all of these declines were rapidly recovered; practically all of these stocks rising 1 to 2 points above the day's low figure. Stocks which attracted attention for their wide movement included certain of the independent oil shares and some of the minor specialties, such as Jones Tea.

***

B. & O. and the Railway Shares.

Hopes that other railway issues might advance in sympathy with the movement of the Baltimore & Ohio in yesterday's market were only indifferently fulfilled. The excitement about the Baltimore & Ohio post on the New York Stock Exchange, which was interrupted by the closing bell on Wednesday, was resumed at the opening yesterday in a "spread opening," when 3,000 shares were sold at prices ranging from 56⅛ to 57. The stock had closed at 54⅞ on Wednesday, and the overnight advance was largely in expectation of outside buying orders. But 57 turned out to be the day's high price; the stock sold down again to 55⅝, an closed at 56⅝. Some of the other railway shares were weak; St. Paul, Chicago & Northwestern and the Great Northern each declined 3 point, and Western Maryland second preferred was down 2¼ points. Reports of a cut in wheat rates, and the switching from holdings of the Northwestern roads to the Baltimore & Ohio were declared in the financial district to be responsible for the decline in the shares of the Western roads.

***

The Decline in Jones Tea.

There was a considerable degree of mystery connected with the sharp decline of 9¾ points in the shares of Jones Brothers Tea Company yesterday. About all that could be discovered in regard to the transaction was that some 10,000 to 12,000 shares of the stock suddenly came to market and could be sold only at a heavy sacrifice. On one sale of 1,400 shares the decline was 5½ points between sales. One of the reports going around the Street was that a large bank loan, in which the stock was a collateral, had suddenly been called.

***

Prophesying on Cotton.

The favorite pastime of "forecasting the Government report on cotton" has been in full swing this week, the "private estimates" this time varying in some cases nearly a million bales from one another. The Government estimate is due on Monday. Last year the October estimate cut down the forecast 440,000 bales and even then overestimated the actual yield by 374,000. October, 1921, was the occasion of the famous Government report of 6,537,000 bales as against 7,037,000 in September, whereas the revised report in December had to mark up the estimate to 8,340,000. Interest in the estimates is even greater now than in 1921, because of the absence of the large "carry-over" which then prevented any talk of actual scarcity.

***

The Market for Municipal Bonds.

Steady and distinct improvement was reported yesterday by bankers in the market for first-class State and municipal bonds. There is not a very heavy supply of these issues available in Wall Street and some of the bankers, as a matter of right, have been obliged to "shop around" to fill their requirements. Issues of well-known municipalities at 4.50 per cent. and States at 4.40 per cent. are reported by the bankers to be in very excellent demand, particularly from large private investors who continue to seek tax-exempt securities.

***

Loan to Uruguay.

While the financial district, and especially bankers in close touch with South America, were inclined to discredit the report from Uruguay that a 30,000,000 gold peso loan would be floated shortly in this country, they admitted that they were in close touch with the situation there. Some bankers declared that the condition of the market at the present time was such as to discourage such a loan, but with improved condition, it was not unlikely that Uruguay would receive consideration in this market.

ASSOCIATED OIL GAINS.

Surplus for First Six Months of 1923 Put at $2,253,072.

The Associated Oil Company reports a surplus of $2,253,072 for the first six months of this year, after payment of interests, taxes and depreciation, equivalent to $1.47 a share on the common stock, with a par value of $25. This compares with $2,704,449, or $6.80 a share, on the $100 par value common stock in the same period of 1922.

Net profits in the first half of 1923 were $3,790,545, against $4,362,083 in the same period of last year.

Oil Company Passes Dividend.

The Shaffer Oil & Refining Company has passed the regular dividend of 1¾ per cent. on the preferred stock for the quarter ended Sept. 30, according to announcement by H. M. Byllesby & Co. The action, the announcement said, was based on the depressed condition of the oil industry and the desirability of conserving funds.

Eureka Pipe Line Dividend.

Directors of the Eureka Pipe Line Company yesterday declared a dividend of $2 a share on the capital stock, payable Nov. 1, to stockholders of record Oct. 15, according to advices received in the financial district. In the last three quarters the company paid dividends equal to $3 a share.

Rumors of Cut in Ford Car Prices.

Rumors were again current yesterday that the Ford Motor Company would soon announce a reduction of $50 a car in the closed models and a smaller reduction in open models. If a reduction is announced it is expected that other manufacturers of cheap models will have to make concessions in their prices.

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	57.82	56.73	57.42	+.05
25 industrials	101.82	100.77	101.52	+.14
50 stocks	79.72	78.74	79.37	+.10

DAILY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
Sept. 26	79.43	78.58	79.27	+.52
Sept. 25	78.76	78.00	78.75	—.39
Sept. 24	79.00	78.21	79.14	+.32
Sept. 22	79.18	78.11	78.82	+.24
Sept. 21	79.27	78.43	78.57	+.05
Sept. 20	79.88	78.94	79.49	—.37

MONTHLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	—High—	—Low—	Last.
*1923	83.04 Sep. 11	70.58 Sep. 26	79.37
1922	80.83 Sep. 11	64.49 Sep. 29	83.82
1921	67.54 Sep. 12	58.13 Sep. 1	65.18
1920	94.36 Sep. 20	79.24 Sep. 1	80.09
1919	95.53 Sep. 30	85.84 Sep. 11	92.79

YEARLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

*1923	92.82 Mar. 9	77.27 July 31	79.37
†1922	90.23 Sep. 11	69.31 Jan. 10	83.82

Full Years.

1922	92.06 Oct. 18	64.31 Jan. 10	83.82
1921	78.13 May 4	55.35 June 21	65.50
1920	94.01 Apr. 6	67.20 Dec. 22	67.20
1919	95.47 Oct. 21	69.12 Jan. 21	80.90
1918	80.16 Nov. 12	64.12 Jan. 15	78.88

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NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 27, 1923.

Day's Sales.	Wednesday.	Tuesday.	A Year Ago.	Two Years Ago.	Year to Date.	Same Period. 1922.	1921.	1920.	1919.
703,234	621,800	716,100	1,028,160	474,097	172,840,162	191,214,087	125,098,769	165,133,664½	224,675,938

1923 High.	1923 Low.	Sales.	Stock and Dividend Rate.	First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.	Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.
19½	7	200	Advance Rumely	7½	7½	7½	7½	+½	7½	8
54⅝	31½	100	Advance Rumely pf. (3)	32	32	32	32	+½	31½	32
14⅞	5¼	300	Ajax Rubber	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	..	5⅝	5
80	59¼	2,200	Allied Chem. & Dye (4)	63	63⅝	63	63⅝	—⅛	63½	64
51¼	37⅝	300	Allis-Chalmers Mfg. (4)	40⅝	40⅝	40½	40½	—⅞	40	41
97½	89½	100	Allis-Chalmers Mfg. pf. (7)	90⅝	90⅝	90⅝	90⅝	+⅝	90	92½
36⅞	10⅛	200	Amer. Agri. Chemical	13¼	13¼	13¼	13¼	—⅞	13⅛	13⅞
68⅞	29	300	Amer. Agri. Chemical pf.	36⅝	36½	36⅝	36½	—⅞	36	37
91½	77	100	American Banknote (5)	85	85	85	85	+2½	83½	89
49½	25	300	American Beet Sugar	34⅞	34⅞	34½	34½	—1	34½	34⅝
60	29½	100	Amer. Bosch Magneto	30	30	30	30	—⅝	30½	31
83¼	69½	200	Am. Brake Shoe & F. (5)	71	71	71	71	+1½	70	72
106	73½	22,700	American Can (5)	91⅛	91⅝	89⅝	91	..	91	91⅛
115	106	100	American Can pf. (7)	107	107	107	107	—⅛	106⅝	108
189	148⅛	400	Am. Car & Fdy. (12)	155	155	155	155	..	154½	156
25½	20⅝	100	Amer. Chain Class A (2)	21⅝	21⅝	21⅝	21⅝	—⅛	21½	21⅝
13	5⅝	100	American Chicle	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	—1⅛	10⅝	12
20⅝	3⅝	500	American Cotton Oil	7	7⅛	6⅞	6⅞	..	6½	7
38⅝	14	300	American Cotton Oil pf.	21⅛	21⅛	21	21	..	20½	21
7⅝	4⅛	700	Amer. Druggist Syndicate	6	6	5⅝	6	+⅛	5⅝	6
143½	90	200	American Express (6)	90½	90½	90	90	+½	89½	92
111½	57⅝	100	American Ice (7)	90½	90½	90½	90½	+½	90	93
33½	16	400	American International	16⅞	16⅞	16½	16½	..	16½	16⅝
38	16⅝	100	American Linseed	16⅞	16⅞	16⅞	16⅞	—⅝	16	16½
75¼	64⅝	2,200	Amer. Locomotive (8)	70	70	68½	69⅝	+⅝	69½	69⅞
55⅞	40¼	100	American Metal (3)	44	44	44	44	..	44	45
21⅞	10½	100	Amer. Ship & Commerce	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	..	11⅛	12
69½	53	500	Amer. Smelting & Ref. (5)	57⅞	57⅞	56⅞	56⅞	—⅝	56⅞	57
40⅞	31⅝	300	Amer. Steel Foundries (3)	35⅝	35⅝	35⅝	35⅝	—⅝	35⅝	36
105¼	97⅞	100	Am. Steel Found. pf. (7)	100	100	100	100	+1⅝	99½	101
85	57	1,400	Amer. Sugar Refining	63⅝	63⅞	63	63½	..	63	63⅝
36⅝	16	700	Amer. Sumatra Tobacco	21½	22⅞	21⅛	22⅞	+1	21⅛	22⅞
129½	119¼	900	Amer. Tel. & Tel. (9)	122½	122⅞	122⅞	122⅞	+⅛	122⅝	123
161⅞	140¼	600	American Tobacco (12)	145⅞	146	145⅞	146	+⅛	145	146
159⅝	140	200	Am. Tobacco Class B (12)	144½	146⅝	144½	146⅝	+1⅝	145	146
109⅝	76¼	1,900	American Woolen (7)	77⅝	78	77⅝	77⅞	—⅝	77⅞	78
111⅞	98⅝	100	American Woolen pf. (7)	101	101	101	101	..	100½	101⅝
53½	38	2,700	Anaconda Copper (3)	39⅝	39½	38⅝	39⅝	+⅞	39⅝	39⅞
42	22	100	Ann Arbor pf.	22	22	22	22	+1⅞	22	25
18⅞	12	500	Arnold, Constable & Co.	17	17	16⅝	16⅞	..	16⅞	17
18	15	100	Art Metal Constr. (1)	15	15	15	15	—⅝	14½	16⅝
134	99¼	200	Associated Oil (6)	100	100	99⅝	99⅝	—⅞	99½	99⅝
105⅝	94½	1,500	Atchison, T. & S. F. (6)	96	97⅞	96	97	—⅞	96⅝	97⅛
34	9⅝	500	Atlantic, Gulf & W. I.	14⅛	14⅞	14⅛	14⅞	—⅞	14⅛	14⅞
35½	17	500	Austin, Nichols	23½	23½	23½	23½	—⅞	23	25
144⅞	110½	26,400	Baldwin Locomotive (7)	114½	115⅝	112⅝	115⅛	+⅝	115	115⅛
57	40½	76,600	Baltimore & Ohio (5)	57	57	55⅝	56⅝	+1½	56⅛	56⅝
60⅝	55⅝	700	Baltimore & Ohio pf. (4)	57⅞	58⅛	57⅛	58⅛	+1½	58	58½
35	9½	100	Barnsdall, Class A	12	12	12	12	—1	11½	12½
⅝	⅛	200	Batopilas Mining	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝	—⅛	⅝	⅞
84⅝	51	1,500	Beech Nut Packing (2.40)	67½	69	67	68⅞	+1⅝	68⅝	69
70	41⅝	9,300	Bethlehem Steel (5)	48	48½	47	47⅞	—⅛	48	48⅛
111⅞	100¼	100	Bethlehem Steel pf. (8)	105	105	105	105	—1	105	109½
121½	104½	500	Bklyn. Edison Elec. (8)	107	107	106⅞	106⅞	—⅛	106⅝	107⅞
16⅝	½	200	Brooklyn Rapid Transit	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝	..	⅝	⅞
13	1⅞	400	B. R. T. ctfs. of dep	2	2	1⅞	2	—⅛	1⅞	2
65⅞	42⅝	300	Brown Shoe (3)	48⅝	48⅞	47⅝	47⅝	—⅝	47	48½
144⅝	103	600	Burns Brothers (10)	105	105⅛	103	103	—3	101	104
43	22	200	Burns Bros., Class B (2)	24½	24½	23½	23½	+⅝	23⅝	24
11⅝	5⅝	300	Butte Copper & Z. (50c)	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	..	5½	5⅝
37⅞	13⅛	200	Butte & Superior	13⅞	14	13⅞	14	—⅛	13	14
87	77	100	California Packing (6)	77½	77½	77½	77½	—⅛	77½	78⅝
23⅝	17½	1,000	California Petroleum (1¼)	19	19	18	18⅞	—⅛	18⅞	19
110½	90½	200	Cal. Petroleum pf. (7)	90⅞	90⅞	90½	90½	—⅞	90½	92
12⅝	4⅛	6,000	Callahan Zinc Lead	4½	4½	4½	4½	—⅛	4⅝	4½
20⅝	19	100	Calumet & Hecla, new	20½	20½	20½	20½	+1½	20	21
160	139⅝	1,000	Canadian Pacific (10)	143	143	141½	142⅝	+⅝	142½	142⅝
4⅝	⅝	600	Case (J. I.) Plow	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝	—⅛	⅝	1⅝
85	66	100	Case (J. I.) Thr. M. pf. (7)	67½	67½	67½	67½	+2½	66	70
40½	13½	400	Central Leather Co.	16	16½	16	16½	+⅞	16½	17
73⅝	40⅝	100	Central Leather Co. pf.	42½	42½	42½	42½	..	42½	43⅝
50½	36⅝	700	Cerro de Pasco Cop. (4)	39	39	38⅝	39	+⅛	39	39⅝
76	46½	600	Chandler Motor (6)	47	48	47	48	+1	47⅝	48⅝
76⅝	57	1,000	Chesapeake & Ohio (4)	61	62	61	61½	+⅛	61	61⅝
3⅝	2	200	Chicago & Alton	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	+⅞	2⅝	2⅝
8⅝	3⅝	300	Chicago & Alton pf.	5⅞	6	5⅞	6	—½	6	6⅝
38⅝	19	500	Chicago & Eastern Illinois	27	27	27	27	..	26½	27
62½	46½	400	Chicago & East. Ill. pf.	50	50	50	50	..	50	54
17	8½	1,000	Chicago Great Western pf.	9⅝	9⅝	9½	9½	—⅝	9½	10
26⅝	14½	1,200	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	16½	16½	16⅛	16	..	15⅝	16⅛
45½	24½	1,300	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul pf.	27⅞	27⅞	27	27⅞	—⅛	27⅞	27⅞
88	61⅝	1,500	Chicago & Northwest. (5)	65	65½	64	64½	—1	64	64½
37⅞	19½	7,800	Chi., Rock Island & Pac.	22½	23⅝	22½	23⅝	+⅝	23⅝	23⅞
93	72	100	Chi., R. I. & P. pf. (7)	78⅝	78⅝	78⅝	78⅝	+⅝	77	79
30⅝	24½	700	Chile Copper (2½)	26⅝	26⅝	26⅝	26⅝	+⅝	26	26⅝
31⅞	14⅝	600	Chino Copper	16	16½	16	16½	+⅞	16½	17
76½	60	100	Cluett, Peabody (5)	70	70	70	70	+1	69½	71
83⅝	72½	300	Coca-Cola (7)	73½	74	73½	74	+⅝	73½	74
99	92½	100	Coca-Cola pf. (7)	94½	94½	94½	94½	+⅝	93⅝	95
35⅝	25	500	Colorado Fuel & Iron	26	26½	26

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BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 27, 1923.

Day's Sales:	1923.	1922.	1921.	1920.	1919.
United States Government bonds	$3,940,650	$4,292,500	$18,649,450	$11,370,900	$10,864,500
Other domestic bonds	3,854,000	8,485,500	4,240,000	6,063,000	1,689,500
Foreign bonds	1,149,500	2,287,000	1,558,500	1,365,500	353,000
Total all bonds	$8,944,150	$15,045,100	$19,447,950	$18,894,400	$12,907,000
Year to date:					
United States Government bonds	$520,354,450	$1,280,204,527	$1,579,538,800	$2,045,763,450	$1,845,473,000
Other domestic bonds	1,126,552,900	1,469,279,600	440,996,989	474,645,000	388,119,989
Foreign bonds	344,540,900	468,879,900	226,746,100	221,051,300	209,229,600
Total all bonds	$2,051,448,280	$3,218,363,827	$2,447,281,889	$2,741,459,750	$2,442,822,589

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT LOANS.

Range Since Date of Issue. High.	Date.	Low.	Date.	Range, 1923. High.	Low.	Sales.	Issue.	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.	Closing Bid.	Asked.	Yield.
103.1	Oct. 19, '22	98.1	June 2, '21	101.30	99.17	153	Liberty 3½s, 1932-47	99.20	99.20	99.17	97.18	—4	99.17	99.20	3.53
102.22	Oct. 19, '22	98.4	July 2, '21	101.22	99.24	...	Liberty 3½s, registered	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
101.25	July 25, '22	92.00	May 19, '20	98.30	97.5	...	Lib. 1st cv. 4s, 1932-47	...	...	...	...	...	98.00	...	4.11
101.10	July 24, '22	91.25	May 19, '20	98.12	97.3	...	Liberty 1st cv. 4s, reg.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
100.25	July 26, '22	91.12	May 19, '20	98.23	98.12	1	Liberty 2d 4s 1927-42	98.00	98.00	98.00	98.00	...	97.30	98.4	4.15
100.16	July 14, '22	91.16	May 21, '20	98.10	98.10	...	Liberty 2d 4s, registered	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
102.00	July 19, '22	99.00	June 1, '20	100.00	97.5	...	Lib. 1st Conv. 4¼s, 1932-47	...	...	...	...	...	97.16	98.2	...
101.20	July 13, '22	94.00	May 21, '20	99.6	98.22	37½	Lib. 1st cv. 4¼s, 1932-47	98.3	98.5	98.00	98.00	—1	98.00	98.3	4.30
101.14	July 24, '22	94.00	July 30, '20	98.30	98.20	20	Lib. 1st cv. 4¼s, reg.	97.29	97.29	97.29	97.29	—1	...	...	...
101.00	July 24, '22	91.12	May 20, '20	99.2	98.24	270	Lib. 2d cv. 4¼s, 1927-42	98.3	98.5	98.00	98.00	—1	98.2	98.4	4.20
100.25	July 25, '22	93.16	Dec. 22, '20	98.28	98.21	5	Lib. 2d cv. 4¼s, reg.	98.00	98.00	98.00	98.00	—2	...	...	...
101.00	July 26, '22	95.20	Dec. 20, '20	99.5	97.23	3,062½	Lib. 3d 4¼s, 1928	98.29	98.29	98.27	98.28	...	98.27	98.29	4.50
100.27	July 25, '22	92.12	May 19, '20	99.1	97.17	2	Lib. 3d 4¼s, reg.	98.25	98.25	98.25	98.25	...	...	...	...
100.24	July 25, '22	92.08	May 19, '20	99.1	97.17	263	Lib. 4th 4¼s, 1933-38	98.4	98.5	98.1	98.2	—1	98.1	98.3	4.45
101.20	July 24, '22	92.15	May 20, '20	99.30	98.28	42	Lib. 4th 4¼s, reg.	98.4	98.4	98.00	98.00	—2	...	...	...
100.1	Oct. 19, '22	98.1	Mar. 27, '23	100.1	99.7	68	Treasury 4¼s, 1947-52	99.23	99.29	99.20	99.20	—1	99.20	99.23	4.37
100.00	Feb. 14, '23	98.20	Apr. 25, '23	100.00	99.20	...	Treasury 4¼s, reg.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

Beginning March 22, the Stock Exchange officially quotes Liberty bonds in units and fractions, the fractions being 32ds of a unit, and the quotations after the decimal point representing one or more 32ds. In the above table, therefore, the figures of highest and lowest prices during 1923 and since date of issue are reduced to the form now used in the Stock Exchange quotations.

FOREIGN BONDS.

Argentine 5s, 1945		1.... 86½	Denmn Rep 5s, 1956	2.... 89	5.... 91	Kingdom of Italy 6½s, 1925	4.... 73½	40.... 61	4.....101½
5.... 81	10.... 80	1.....100	French Govt 7½s, 1941	5.... 91½	5.... 73½	2.... 90½	3.....101½
7½, 1927	City Rio Jan s f 8s, 1946	6½s, 1942, int stpd	Oriental Dev deb 5s, 1953	1.... 98	6.... 73½	5(8).... 90½	U S of Brazil 7½s, 1952
5.....101½	2.... 91½	2.... 99½	4.... 90½	Kingdom of Neth s f 6s, 1972	5.... 73½	4.... 90½	1st7..101½
1.....101½	1.... 91½	10.... 99½	10.... 90½	1.... 97	Rep of Bolivia s f 6s, 1947	15.... 90½	2.....101½
Austrian Govt gtd s f 7s, 1927, int 2½	s f 6s, 1947	Dom Canada 5s, 1929	Jurgens (Ant) Un Mar Wks 6s, 1947, int rcts	20.... 97½	10x77.. 90½	15.... 90½	5s, 1941
9.... 86½	1.... 91	1.....100%	1.... 97½	2.... 97½	1.... 90½	2.... 90½	2.....94½
5.... 86	City Sao Paulo s f 8s, 1952, int rcts	21.... 99½	2.... 97½	Kingdom of Norway s f 6s, 1940, interim ctfs	4.... 88	Rep of Chile s f 7s, 1942	5.....94½
1.... 84½	2.....100%	5½s, 1929	5.... 96	1.....100%	Rep of Uruguay s f 8s, 1946	1.....94½
1.... 86½	City Soissons 6s, 1936	1.....100%	1.....100%	2.....100%	3.... 94	1.....102	4.....94½
1.... 88½	15.... 83	2.....101	1.....99½	20.... 96½	1.... 94½	1x77..101½	1.....94
City Bordeaux 6s, 1934	3.... 82½	2.....100%	2.....99½	1.... 96½	2.... 94½	1.....101½	register'd as to principal
6.....80	5s, 1931	4.....100%	3.....99	16.... 99%	2.... 95%	1.....101½	2.....98%
2.....80½	4.....99%	14.....99½	4.....99½	7½s, 1945	1.....101½	Cent Rys of Brazil Elec 7s, 1952
5.....80	City Tokio 5s, 1952	temp 5s, 1932	2.....100%	2.....100%	1.....98	1.....101½	5.....78
City Copen 5½s, 1944	10.... 65½	3.....99%	1.....99½	1.....100%	1.....95½	1.....100%	1.....78½
4.....80½	25.... 65½	26.....99½	2.....110%	2.....100%	14.....110%	1.....99	1.....78½
1.....80	City Zurich 6s, 1945	1.....99%	8s, 1945	2.....100%	Kingdom of Serbs, Croats & Slovenes 8s, 1962	1.....104	2.....99%
1.....80½	5.....109	1.....99%	17.....99%	10.....100%	2x77..104	1.....101½	5.....78
City Gr Prag 7½s, 1952	Czech Rep 5s, 1951	Dutch E Ind 6s, 1947	10.....100%	5.....100%	1.....104	1.....101½	State of Rio G do Sul 8s, 1946	Cent Rys of Brazil Elec 7s, 1952
3.....70%	2.....94	3.....98½	13.....99%	8s, 1941	1.....104½	1.....101½	5.....78
2.....70	Danish Munic s f 8s, A, 1946	2.....99%	2.....99%	1.....102½	2.....104½	1.....101½	1.....78½
4.....70½	14.....107½	1.....99%	4.....99½	4.....102½	2.....104½	1.....99	1.....78½
1.....70½	Dept of Seine temp 7s, 1942	2.....99%	14.....99½	13.....102½	1.....103½	1.....99	2.....78
City Lyons 6s, 1934	22.... 98½	2.....99%	Holland-Am 25-yr s f 6s, 1947, int rcts	10.....102½	1.....103½	1.....99	1.....78
1.....81½	1.....98½	2.....99%	1.....102½	1.....102½	1.....103½	1.....99	1.....78
1.....80%	2.....98½	2.....99%	9.....99%	1.....102½	1.....103½	1.....99	1.....78
3.....81	1.....98½	2.....99%	10.....102½	1.....102½	1.....103½	1.....99	1.....78
10.....80%	1.....98½	2.....99%	8s, 1962	1.....102½	1.....103½	1.....99	1.....78
City Marseilles 6s, 1934	1(3).... 87½	2.....99%	Jap Govt 5s, 1931, ster 5s	2.....102½	1.....103½	1.....99	1.....78
1.....80%	5.....87½	2.....99%	5.....78½	Kingdom of Den 6s, 1945	2.....102½	1.....99	1.....78
1.....80%	5.....87½	12.....99½	2.....78½	2.....99%	Paris Lyons Mediterran. RR 6s, 1958	1.....99	1.....78
	11.....87½	Framer Indust Dev deb 7½s, 1942	4½s, 1923, ster loan	2.....98½	6.....74	5x67..73½	2.....90%	2.....101½	2.....80
		1.....80%	4.....92	8s, 1945	1.....100½				
			24 Series	10.....100½					

DOMESTIC BONDS.

N Y City 4½s, 1968	2.... 88%	1.....76½	Duquesne Lt col tr 6s, 1949	4.....60	ref & ext 5s, 1962	2.....95½	8½s, 1942	Phila Co 1st & ref 6s, Ser A, 1944
1.....102%	6s, 1929	4s, 1934	9.....103%	1.....80%	4.....57	4.....97	2.....101½	1 (3).... 99%
May, 1967	10.....100%	1 .....92%	15.....102½	5.....39	2.....100	Niag F P Co ref 6s, 1932	3.....101½	2.....99%
E, 1924	11.....100%	cv 4½s, 1932	E Tenn, V & G 7s, 1956	M St P & S S M con 4s, 1938	1.....100%	5(8).... 90%	U S of Brazil 7½s, 1952	Philippine Ry 4s, 1937
Ajax Rubber s f 8s, 1936	1.....97½	2.....97½	1.....98	1.....98½	1.....100%	4.....90%	1x77..101½	42
1.....92½	Sowest div 3½s, 1925	2x77..97	E Cuba Sug 7½s, 1937	oil trust 6½s, 1931	1st 5s, 1952	10x77.. 90%	2.....101½	Pierce-Arrow deb 8s
Alaska G Mine conv deb 8s, ser A, 1925	21.....94	10.....96½	31.....100	1.....102½	Nor & Wn con 5s, 1946	15.....90%	5s, 1941	15.....74½
5.....95	4.....94%	6.....96	King Gas & P 7s, 1937	4.....102½	2.....99½	4.....89%	2.....94½	1.....74½
Ser E, 1924	2.....94	conv 5s, Ser B, 2014	30.....99½	1.....102½	Pub Con 6½s, 1935, temp	Sinc Crude Oil gold 5½s, A, 1925	1.....94½	5.....74
14.....98	2.....93%	10.....99%	1.....99½	Mo K & T 1st 4s, 1990	3.....96	15.....95½	2.....73%	2.....73%
Am Ag Ch 7½s, 1941	P L E & W V 4s, 1941	ref 4½s, 2014	2.....99½	10.....74	6.....90	15.....95½	1.....74	1.....74
2.....99%	1.....76½	2.....92½	temp	5.....75%	3x107..90	20.....95½	P. C. C & S L gen 5s, Ser A, 1970	2.....94%
1.....99	Tel Gin div 4s, 1950	2.....92½	6.....99½	prior lien 5s, Ser A, 1962	5.....90%	25.....95½	2.....94%
1.....98%	1.....85½	2.....92½	3.....99½	7.....77½	2x107..90%	20.....95½	6½s, Ser D, 1945	1.....92%
Am Chain s f 6s, 1933	Barnsdall Crp s f 8s, 1931	22.....93	4.....97%	10.....77	conv 5s, 1929	pur g 5s, B, 1938	Sinc Pipe Line s f 5s, int'rim ctfs, 1942	Portland Ry, L & P 1st con 5s, 1942
1.....97	4.....96½	C & M Riv 6s, 1926	4.....77½	4.....77½	4.....77½	10.....94½	2.....82½	For Rican-Am Tob 8s, 1931
Am Cot Oil 5s, 1931	1.....97	2.....97½	2.....77½	2.....77½	No Amer Edis Co s f 6s, Ser A, 1952	4.....91½	20.....90%	2.....106
4.....89½	Chic & N W gen 3½s, 1987	3.....70%	4x77..77½	4x77..77½	4.....91½	2x77..90%	Pressed Stl C cv g 5s, 1933
Am Smelt & R 4s, 1947	1.....97%	2.....70½	4s, ser C, 1932	4.....62%	4.....91½	20.....90%	4.....90
9.....100%	4.....97%	Chi Rys 5s, 1927	2.....65%	2.....62%	4.....91½	5x77..90%	Producers & R s f 8s, 1931
3.....100%	Beth Steel 1st & ref 5s, 1942	1.....73%	1st con 4s, 1936	1.....62%	1.....91½	5.....90%	2.....102
1st 5s, 1947	1.....91½	2.....73%	1.....94	1.....62%	1.....91½	So Bell Tel & T 1st 5s 1941	with warr
11.....99½	Bost Elev Rr 7s, 1937	2.....73%	2.....94	1.....62%	No Ohio Trac & Lt ref 6s, Ser A, 1947	3.....93%	1.....110
Am Tel & Tel col 4s, 1929	1.....97½	5.....73%	1.....94	1.....62%	1.....92	So Gas & Coke ext 5½s, 1929	2.....96%	Prov Sec Co deb 4s, 1957
30.....92½	1.....95%	8.....73%	2.....94	1.....62%	2.....92	2.....96%	South Pacific col 4s, 1949	25.....97
8.....92½	1.....95%	Chi, R I & P gen 4s, 1988	10.....94	adj 5s, 1967	1.....92	10x77..91½	So P Cal con 5s, 1937	Pun Aleg Sug s f 7s, 1937
col tr 5s, 1946	1.....95%	1.....73%	20.....94	2.....62%	1.....92	1.....103%	So Pac conv 4s, 1929	3.....110
3.....97½	1.....89%	ref 4s, 1934	2.....94	2.....62%	Northern Pac 3s, 2047	2.....91½	1st ref 4s, 1955	5.....100½
2.....97½	1.....87%	2.....73½	1.....94	16.....83	1.....90%	7.....92	15.....83½	5.....100%
3.....97½	2.....87%	1.....73½	2.....94	1.....82½	ref & imp 5s, Ser C, 2047	South Pacific col 4s, 1949	10x77..91½	Rap Tran Sec s f 5s, Ser A, 1968
9.....97½	1.....86%	Chi Union Sta 4½s, Ser A, 1963	1.....94	1.....82½	1.....90%	1.....101½	1.....101½	3.....66%
3x77..97½	2.....86%	1st 6s, Ser B, 1963	2.....94	2.....82½	ref & ref 5s, 2047	1.....101½	1.....101½	10.....66%
gold 4s, 1936	2.....97	3.....99	1.....93	1.....104	1.....104	1.....101½	1.....101½	2.....66%
1.....97½	Brier Hill Stl 1st 5½s, 1942	2.....99%	1.....93	1.....103%	1.....104½	State of Rio G do Sul 8s, 1946	1.....101½	11.....66%
conv 6s, 1925	1.....93½	2.....99%	1.....93	1.....103%	2.....104½	1.....101½	1.....101½	3.....65%
2.....116	Bklyn Edison gen 5s, 1930	2.....99%	1.....93	1.....103%	2.....104½	1.....99	1.....101½	31.....65%
1.....116½	Ser C	Chi & W Ind con 4s, 1952	1.....93	1.....103%	2x77..104½	1.....99	1.....101½	13.....65%
Am Wr Paper 7s, 1939	2.....105½	2 (3).... 88%	1.....93	1.....103%	1.....104½	1.....99	1.....101½	20.....65%
1.....60	Ser D, 1940	3.....89	1.....93	1.....103%	1.....104½	1.....99	1.....101½	5.....65%
4.....59½	3.....108½	Chile Copper col tr 6s, 1932	1.....93	1.....103%	1.....104½	1.....99	1.....101½	1.....65%
2.....59½	Bur C R & N col trust 5s, 1934	3.....99%	1.....93	1.....103%	1.....104½	1.....99	1.....101½	14.....65%
Am Wat Wks & Elec col 6s, 1934	2.....86	5.....99%	1.....93	1.....103%	1.....104½	1.....99	1.....101½	Reading 7s, 1931
5.....93½	8.....85%	16.....98½	1.....93	1.....103%	1.....104½	1.....99	1.....101½	4s, 1997
Anaconda Mg 1st s f 6s, ser A, 1953	Bush Ter Bldg gtd 5s, 1960	Cit Gas ref 5s, 1956	1.....93	1.....103%	1.....104½	1.....99	1.....101½	2.....97
2.....99½	1.....97½	93	1.....93	1.....103%	1.....104½	1.....99	1.....101½	2.....99%
2.....99%	Can Gen Elec deb 5s, Ser A, 1942	C, C, C & S L gen 4s, 1993	1.....93	1.....103%	1.....104½	1.....99	1.....101½	2.....99%
2.....99%	1.....101½	1.....78%	1.....93	1.....103%	1.....104½	1.....99	1.....101½	9.....99%
10.....99%	1.....101½	ref & imp 5s, Ser A, 1929	1.....93	1.....103%	1.....104½	1.....99	1.....101½	6.....99%
1.....99%	1.....101	2.....101½	1.....93	1.....103%	1.....104½	1.....99	1.....101½	cifs of dep
1.....99½	1.....101½	5.....101%	1.....93	1.....103%	1.....104½	1.....99	1.....101½	58%
6.....99%	Canadian Nor 6½s, 1946	Cin, W & M 4s, 1991	1.....93	1.....103%	1.....104½	1.....99	1.....101½	Rep Ir & Stl ref & gen 5½s, 1935
1.....99%	1.....111%	2.....99%	1.....93	1.....103%	1.....104½	1.....99	1.....101½	1.....97
4.....99%	1.....110%	Clev Un Ter temp 5½s, Ser A, 1972	1.....93	1.....103%	1.....104½	1.....99	1.....101½	Rogers-Ex Ir gen & ref 5s, 1942, ctfs
cv deb 7s, 1938	1.....112	2.....101½	1.....93	1.....103%	1.....104½	1.....99	1.....101½	Union Pac 4s, 1947
3.....99%	7s, 1940	4s, 1929	1.....93	1.....103%	1.....104½	1.....99	1.....101½	6.....99%
7.....99%	1.....113	2.....99	1.....93	1.....103%	1.....104½	1.....99	1.....101½	2.....99%
1.....99%	15.....112½	ref & ext 4½s, 1935	1.....93	1.....103%	1.....104½	1.....99	1.....101½	conv 4s, 1927
1.....99%	9.....112½	2.....99	1.....93	1.....103%	1.....104½	1.....99	1.....101½	1st & ref 4s, 2008
7.....99%	5.....112½	Col Gas & El 1st 5s, 1927	1.....93	1.....103%	1.....104½	1.....99	1.....101½	6s, 1923
Ann Arbor 1st 4s, 1995	1.....111½	1.....99%	1.....93	1.....103%	1.....104½	1.....99	1.....101½	2.....81%
3.....95%	Canadian Pac deb 4s	1.....99%	1.....93	1.....103%	1.....104½	1.....99	1.....101½	1.....105
Armour & Co 4½s, 1939	23.....78	1.....99%	1.....93	1.....103%	1.....104½	1.....99	1.....101½	Un Tank Car conv 7s, 1930
1.....83%	Car, Clin & O s f 6s, Ser A, 1938	Col Gas & El 1st 5s, 1927	1.....93	1.....103%	1.....104½	1.....99	1.....101½	United Drug conv 6s, 1941
4.....83%	1.....96½	1.....99%	1.....93	1.....103%	1.....104½	1.....99	1.....101½	Un Rys of St L, 4s, 1934
4.....83%	1.....96%	1.....99%	1.....93	1.....103%	1.....104½	1.....99	1.....101½	2.....74
Atch Top & S F gen 4s, 1995	5.....95%	Col & Hock V 4s, 1948	1.....93	1.....103%	1.....104½	1.....99	1.....101½	U S R & Imp 5s, 1936
10.....87%	10.....95%	1.....99%	1.....93	1.....103%	1.....104½	1.....99	1.....101½	1.....100%
2.....87%	Cent Leather 5s, 1945	Commwlth Pr s f 6s, 1947	1.....93	1.....103%	1.....104½	1.....99	1.....101½	U S Rubber 1st & ref 5s, 1947
2.....87%	10.....97	2.....99%	1.....93	1.....103%	1.....104½	1.....99	1.....101½	2.....92%
7.....87%	Cent of N J gen 5s, 1987	Compania Arm Barcaus s f 7½s, 1937	1.....93	1.....103%	1.....104½	1.....99	1.....101½	2.....90%
7.....87%	1.....105½	2.....99%	1.....93	1.....103%	1.....104½	1.....99	1.....101½	2.....90%
Trans a L 4s, 1958	Cent Pac ref 4s, 1949	Comp-Tab R s f 6s, 1941	1.....93	1.....103%	1.....104½	1.....99	1.....101½	2.....90%
3.....83	2.....100%	10.....99%	1.....93	1.....103%	1.....104½	1.....99	1.....101½	conv 5s, 1929
Atl Coast L 7s, 1930	9.....84%	2.....99%	1.....93	1.....103%	1.....104½	1.....99	1.....101½	10.....94½
1.....100%	1.....84%	Cons Ry & L 1st & ref 4½s, 1951	1.....93	1.....103%	1.....104½	1.....99	1.....101½	Sinc Pipe Line s f 5s, int'rim ctfs, 1942
L & N col 4s, 1952	1.....91%	2.....97	1.....93	1.....103%	1.....104½	1.....99	1.....101½	9.....90%
1st 4s, 1952	Cerro de Pas conv s f 8s, 1931	stamped	1.....93	1.....103%	1.....104½	1.....99	1.....101½	20.....90%
3.....84½	1.....99%	1.....79%	1.....93	1.....103%	1.....104½	1.....99	1.....101½	5x77..90%
Atlantic Fruit 7s, 1934	5.....122½	Cub-Am Sug col 6s, 1931	1.....93	1.....103%	1.....104½	1.....99	1.....101½	So Bell Tel & T 1st 5s 1941
lumbia Trust Co ctfs	2.....121	1.....100%	1.....93	1.....103%	1.....104½	1.....99	1.....101½	3.....93%
1.....84	Ches & Ohio fund 5s, 1929	1.....100%	1.....93	1.....103%	1.....104½	1.....99	1.....101½	So Gas & Coke ext 5½s, 1929
Atlantic Ref conv deb 5s, 1937	1.....99%	Cuba C Sug conv 7s, 1930	1.....93	1.....103%	1.....104½	1.....99	1.....101½	2.....96%
1.....87%	4.....95%	5.....97%	1.....93	1.....103%	1.....104½	1.....99	1.....101½	South Pacific col 4s, 1949
Bald Loco 5s, 1940	conv 5s, 1930	conv deb 8s, 1930, stpd	1.....93	1.....103%	1.....104½	1.....99	1.....101½	10x77..91½
1.....100%	1.....99%	3.....92%	1.....93	1.....103%	1.....104½	1.....99	1.....101½	So P Cal con 5s, 1937
Balt & Ohio Pitts Jun 3½s, 1925	1.....99%	Cuba R R 1st & ref 7½s, 1936	1.....93	1.....103%	1.....104½	1.....99	1.....101½	1.....103%
5.....99%	1.....99%	2.....99%	1.....93	1.....103%	1.....104½	1.....99	1.....101½	So Pac conv 4s, 1929
4.....99%	Chi & Alt 3s, 1950	Cumbld Tel & T 5s, 1937	1.....93	1.....103%	1.....104½	1.....99	1.....101½	2.....91½
10.....99%	13.....84	2.....99%	1.....93	1.....103%	1.....104½	1.....99	1.....101½	7.....92
10.....99%	5½s, 1930	1.....99%	1.....93	1.....103%	1.....104½	1.....99	1.....101½	1st ref 4s, 1955
1x77..99%	Chi, Bur & Q 5s, 1926	2.....99%	1.....93	1.....103%	1.....104½	1.....99	1.....101½	15.....83½
gold 4s, 1948	2.....99%	Cumbld Tel & Tel 5s, 1937	1.....93	1.....103%	1.....104½	1.....99	1.....101½	San F Term 4s, 1950
5.....79%	1.....99%	2.....99%	1.....93	1.....103%	1.....104½	1.....99	1.....101½	60%
2.....79%	temp 1st 4s, 1949	1.....99%	1.....93	1.....103%	1.....104½	1.....99	1.....101½	Southern Ry 1st 5s, 1994
10.....78	Chi & E Ill 6s, 1934	Del & Hudson 7s, 1935	1.....93	1.....103%	1.....104½	1.....99	1.....101½	1.....94%
5.....78%	1.....101%	2.....99%	1.....93	1.....103%	1.....104½	1.....99	1.....101½	1.....94%
10.....78%	1.....99%	Del, L & W ref 4s, 1931	1.....93	1.....103%	1.....104½	1.....99	1.....101½	2.....94%
10.....78%	1.....78%	1st & ref 4s, 1943	1.....93	1.....103%	1.....104½	1.....99	1.....101½	2.....94%
conv deb 4s, 1933	C & Erie 1st 5s, 1930	2.....99%	1.....93	1.....103%	1.....104½	1.....99	1.....101½	1.....94%
1.....93½	2.....99%	Den & Rio Gr gen 4s, 1936	1.....93	1.....103%	1.....104½	1.....99	1.....101½	1.....94%
2.....93½	Chi Gt We 4s, 1959	2.....70%	1.....93	1.....103%	1.....104½	1.....99	1.....101½	register'd as to principal
1.....93½	1.....99%	70%	1.....93	1.....103%	1.....104½	1.....99	1.....101½	2.....98%
2.....93½	1.....99%	Det Edison ref 5s, 1940	1.....93	1.....103%	1.....104½	1.....99	1.....101½	Cent Rys of Brazil Elec 7s, 1952
3.....93½	1.....99%	71	1.....93	1.....103%	1.....104½	1.....99	1.....101½	5.....78
2.....93½	coupons payable Sep 1924 & all subsequent coups attached	2.....99%	1.....93	1.....103%	1.....104½	1.....99	1.....101½	1.....78½
1.....93½	1.....99%	col tr 6s, 1933	1.....93	1.....103%	1.....104½	1.....99	1.....101½	1.....78½
1.....93½	Chi M & St P gen 7½s, Ser A, 1938	2.....99%	1.....93	1.....103%	1.....104½	1.....99	1.....101½	2.....78
ref 5s, 1960	1.....99%	1st & ref 6s, 1940	1.....93	1.....103%	1.....104½	1.....99	1.....101½	U S of Mexico 5s, 1954
1.....99	2.....99%	Det Steel 5s, 1932	1.....93	1.....103%	1.....104½	1.....99	1.....101½	1.....32½
10.....99	1.....99%	Det Tep Tow 1st & ref 5s, 1935	1.....93	1.....103%	1.....104½	1.....99	1.....101½	10.....32
10.....99	Chi Rock Is & Pac 4s, 1934	1.....99%	1.....93	1.....103%	1.....104½	1.....99	1.....101½	1.....31
1.....99	1.....99%	1.....99%	1.....93	1.....103%	1.....104½	1.....99	1.....101½	5s, 1945
								2.....85%
								1.....85%
								1.....85%
								1

BONDS

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DIVIDENDS.

246th Dividend
BANK OF THE MANHATTAN COMPANY
CHARTERED 1799

New York, Sept. 13th, 1923.

A quarterly dividend of THREE PER CENT. (3%) and an extra dividend of ONE PER CENT. (1%), from accumulated earnings, has been declared on the capital stock of this Company, payable on October 1st, 1923, to the stockholders of record at the close of business, September 21st, 1923.

The transfer books will not close.
WALTER A. RUSH, Cashier.

The Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Co.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY.
Baltimore, Md., September 24, 1923.

The Board of Directors this day declared for the three months ending September 30, 1923, from the net earnings of the Company, a dividend of One (1) Per Cent. on the Preferred Stock of the Company, payable December 1, 1923, to the stockholders of record at the close of business on October 15, 1923.

The Board also declared from the surplus earnings of the Company a dividend of one and one-quarter (1¼) per cent. on the Common Stock of the Company, payable December 1, 1923, to the stockholders of record at the close of business on October 15, 1923.

The Transfer Books will close at 12 o'clock noon, Saturday, October 13, and remain closed until 10 o'clock A. M., Tuesday, October 16, 1923.

C. W. WOOLFORD, Secretary.

IRVING BANK-COLUMBIA TRUST COMPANY
New York, September 18, 1923.

A quarterly dividend of [illegible] dollars ($2.00) per share has been this day declared by the Board of Directors, payable October 15, 1923, to stockholders of record at the close of business September 21st, 1923.

H. D. JUNIOR, Secretary.

THE GOTHAM NATIONAL BANK OF NEW YORK
New York, September 25, 1923.

The Board of Directors of this Bank has this day declared a quarterly dividend of Three Per Cent. (3%), payable October 1st, 1923, to stockholders of record September 27th, 1923.

THOMAS C. FRY, Cashier.

LEVERICH REALTY CORPORATION,
143 Montague Street, Brooklyn, New York
Board of Directors of this corporation have declared a semi-annual dividend of five (5) per cent. upon the common stock, payable September 21, 1923, to stockholders of record at the close of business September 14, 1923.

WILLIAM A. TAYLOR, Treasurer.

CRUCIBLE STEEL COMPANY OF AMERICA.
DIVIDEND NO. 13.—RESOLVED, That a dividend of one (1) per cent. (1%) be declared on all individual profits upon the Common stock of this Company, payable October 31, 1923, to stockholders of record October 15, 1923.

W. R. JONALEMON, Secretary.

PROPOSALS.

U. S. ENGINEER OFFICE, Room 710, Army Building, 39 Whitehall Street, New York, N. Y. Sealed proposals will be received here until 12 M., October 26, 1923, and then opened, for dredging and rock removal in [illegible] H. D. JUNIOR.

NEAR BY U. S. REPORT INFLUENCES COTTON

Prices Gain 15 to 20 Points in Narrow Trading Featured by Evening Up.

Cotton moved within limits of 40 points yesterday under a reduced volume of business. Operations began to reflect a tendency in many directions to even up obligations in advance of the Government report. This produced more than the usual irregularity in fluctuations, an early gain being followed by a 30-point decline and this in turn by a recovery to best figures of the session during the afternoon. There was more trade calling of cotton and the pressure on the contract market was not heavy enough to weaken the tone. Some October contracts were sold, which lessened the premium on that month. Prices gained 15 to 20 points.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Day
Oct.	26.70	28.70	26.38	28.65@28.70	28.50
Dec.	26.45	28.66	26.15	28.42@28.46	28.25
Jan.	26.80	28.07	27.60	27.93	27.80
March	27.58	28.00	27.73	27.90@27.94	27.70
May	27.67	27.94	27.58	27.90	27.71
July	27.38	27.88	26.95	27.22@27.20	27.05

The local market for spot cotton was quiet, 20 points advance, 29.45, for middling upland. Southern spot markets were: Galveston 28.60c, 15 points advance; New Orleans 28.25c, unchanged; Savannah 28.35c, 22 points advance; Montgomery, 28.15c, 13 points advance; Memphis 28.75c, unchanged; Houston 28.50, 20 points advance; Little Rock 28.00c, 12 points advance.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Week.	Last Year.
Port receipts	89,174	19,929	40,240
Exports	19,276	3,280	34,267
Exports, season	680,496	882,811	560,741
New York stocks	9,046	17,709	85,159
Ports stocks	900,880	944,534	664,114
New York Arrivals	6,221	4,706	2,935

PROFIT SALES HALT A BULGE IN GRAIN

Though Nearly 6 Cents Above Latest Low, Early Wheat Closes With a Loss.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Sept. 27.—At the outside figures today wheat showed an advance of 3⅝@3⅞ cents, corn 5⅛@5½ cents and oats ⅝@⅞ cents from the low of last week. This led to heavy profit-taking in all grains and a reaction, after a fair advance early which lifted all deliveries of corn except December to a new high for the season and December and May oats into new ground.

There was a good class of buying in corn and oats throughout the day, but in wheat the undertone was heavy and prices averaged lower, closing at net losses of ⅝@⅞ cent, while corn was up ½@1¼ cents on September and oats gained ⅝@⅞ cent.

September corn advanced to 91½ cents and closed there, while No. 2 yellow was 93¾ cents at the last, a new high on the crop. Some of the buyers on the recent break were active sellers.

Today's Chicago prices for the principal commodities were as follows:

WHEAT.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	$1.06⅞	$1.06⅝	$1.06⅞	$1.06⅛	$1.03⅛
Sept.	1.04⅝	1.03⅞	1.03⅞	1.04⅝	1.00⅝
Dec.	1.06	1.05⅛	1.05⅝	1.06⅞	1.03⅞
May	1.10⅝	1.09⅞	1.10⅛	1.10⅝	1.02

CORN.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	.73⅛	.72⅛	.72⅝	.70	.71⅛
Sept.	.91⅞	.90⅝	.91⅛	.89⅝	.71⅛
Dec.	.72⅝	.71⅝	.72⅛	.71⅛	.68⅝
May	.72⅛	.71⅝	.72⅛	.71⅛	.64⅝

OATS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	.43⅛	.42⅛	.42⅝	.41⅛	.46⅛
Sept.	.41⅝	.41⅛	.41⅛	.42⅝	.39⅝
Dec.	.45⅝	.43	.43⅝	.44	.40⅝
May	.44⅝	.44	.44⅝	.44	.41

RYE.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Dec.	.70⅝	.70⅛	.70⅝	.69⅝	.72⅛
May	.74⅝	.74⅛	.74⅝	.74⅝	.74⅝

PROVISIONS.

Lard—	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Sept.	11.55	11.35	11.52	11.70	11.35
Oct.	11.82	11.75	11.82	11.70	11.35
Jan.	10.90	10.85	10.90	10.85	11.20
Ribs—					
Oct.	9.12	9.05	9.12	9.00	11.12

PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER—Creamery, higher than extras, 46@48c; extras, 92 score, 45½c; firsts, 42@44c; seconds, 40@42c; lower grades, 39@40c; centralized cars, 90 score, 44@44½c; 89 score, 43½c; 88 score, 42½@43c; 85 to 87 score, 41@42½c; unsalted, higher than cr. extras, 47½@48c; extras, 92 score, 46½@46½c; firsts, 43@45½c; seconds, 41@43c; Danish cooks, duty paid, 44@46c; State dairy tubs, finest, 44½@45c; good to prime, 42½@44c; common to fair, 38@42c; ladles, current make, extras, 36@37c; firsts, 34@35c; seconds, 32½@33c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 32@32½c; No. 2, 31c; lower grades, 29@30c.

EGGS—Fresh-gathered extra fancy, dozen, 48@49c; extra firsts, 39@43c; firsts, 34@38c; seconds and poorer, 27@33c; trade eggs, 26½@28c; dirties, No. 1, 24@25c; checks, fair to choice, dry, 22@25c; refrigerator, extra firsts, storage paid for spring dates, 34@35c; firsts, 30@32½c; seconds, 27@29c. New Jersey, nearby whites closely selected, extras, 54@60c; other nearby hennery whites, closely selected extras, 52@54c; nearby and nearby Western hennery whites, average extras, 54@60c; extra firsts, 50@53c; firsts, 46@49c; nearby gathered whites, firsts to extra firsts, 46@52c; nearby whites, under grades, 40@45c; medium, 40@43c; nearby whites, pullets, No. 1, 40@44c; Jersey, 42@46c; Pacific Coast whites, extras, 53@56c; extra firsts, 49@52c; firsts, 45@48c; under grades, 39@44c; nearby browns, other Western and Southern gathered whites, 38@50c; New Jersey, hennery browns, extra fancy, light yolks, 55@56c; other nearby and nearby Western hennery browns, extras, 47@53c.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Market in Slump—Lower Quotations From Abroad Cause Weakness Here.

In the subjoined table the quotation on sterling represents dollars and decimals of a dollar; all others represent cents and decimals of a cent. Quotations preceded by the decimal mark indicate a price measured in fractions of a cent.

THURSDAY, SEPT. 27, 1923.

RANGE OF RATES, SIGHT EXCHANGE

	High.	Low.	Final.	Wednesday's Final.
LONDON	$4.55¼	$4.54⅞	$4.54⅞	$4.55⅛
PARIS	6.18	6.12½	6.12½	6.22½
ROME	4.62	4.56	4.58	4.38
AMSTERDAM	39.82	39.35	39.38	39.39
BERLIN—	.00000070	.00000056	.00000058	.00000063
MADRID	13.39	13.22	13.22	13.08
STOCKHOLM	26.55	26.50	26.52	26.52

CLOSING RATES.

Europe.

	Thursday.	Wednesday.	Week Ago.	Year Ago.
STERLING—Par $4.866 per sovereign.				
Demand	4.54⅞	4.55⅛	4.54⅞	4.39⅛
Cables	4.55⅛	4.55⅝	4.54⅞	4.39⅝
Com., 60 days	4.52⅞	4.53⅛	4.51⅞	4.37
Com., 90 days	4.50⅝	4.51⅛	4.50	4.36⅛
FRANCE—Par 19.3 cents per franc.				
Demand	6.12½	6.18½	6.23½	7.58½
Cables	6.13	6.18	6.24	7.59
ITALY—Par 19.3 cents per lira.				
Demand	4.56	4.59	4.48	4.22½
Cables	4.58½	4.59½	4.48½	4.23
BELGIUM—Par 19.3 cents per franc.				
Demand	5.24	5.26½	4.95½	7.15
Cables	5.24½	5.27	4.96	7.15½
GERMANY—Par 23.8 cents per mark.				
Demand	.00000058	.00000068	.00000068	.06½
Cables	.00000058	.00000068	.00000068	.06½
AUSTRIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.				
Demand	.0014½	.0014½	.0014½	.0014
Cables	.0014½	.0014½	.0014½	.0014
CZECHOSLOVAKIA—Par 20.2 cents per crown.				
Demand	3.01½	3.01½	3.00½	2.10
Cables	3.01½	3.01½	3.00½	2.10
DENMARK—Par 26.8 cents per krone.				
Demand	17.86	17.79	18.03	20.63
Cables	17.88	17.82	18.05	20.65
FINLAND—Par 19.3 cents per finmark.				
Demand	2.70	2.67½	2.67	2.22
Cables	2.70	2.67½	2.67	2.23
GREECE—Par 19.3 cents per drachma.				
Demand	1.78	1.82	1.98	2.43
Cables	1.81	1.85	2.01	2.48
HOLLAND—Par 40.2 cents per florin.				
Demand	39.38	39.29	39.32	38.70
Cables	39.32	39.33	39.35	38.71
HUNGARY—Par 20.5 cents per crown.				
Demand	.0057	.0055	.0055	.04
Cables	.0057	.0056	.0055	.04
YUGOSLAVIA—Par 19.3 cents per dinar.				
Demand	1.18	1.19	1.0694	1.27
Cables	1.18	1.19	1.0694	1.27
NORWAY—Par 26.8 cents per krone.				
Demand	15.00	15.07	16.06	17.01
Cables	15.02	15.08	16.08	17.02
POLAND—Par 19.3 cents per zloty.				
Demand	.00005½	.00005½	.00005½	.0115
Cables	.00005½	.00005½	.00005½	.0115
RUMANIA—Par 19.3 cents per leu.				
Demand	.46½	.47½	.47	.51½
Cables	.46½	.47½	.47	.51½
SPAIN—Par 19.3 cents per peseta.				
Demand	13.82	13.98	13.51	15.13
Cables	13.84	14.00	13.52	15.14
SWEDEN—Par 26.8 cents per krona.				
Demand	26.38	26.52	26.56	26.35
Cables	26.35	26.55	26.58	26.37
SWITZERLAND—Par 19.3 cents per franc.				
Demand	17.81	17.75	17.67	19.03
Cables	17.83	17.84	17.76	19.06

Far East.

CHINA—Cents per silver dollar for Hongkong; per tael for Shanghai and Peking.				
Hongkong—				
Demand	52.50	52.38	52.63	57.06
Cables	52.625	52.50	52.75	57.18
Peking—				
Demand	74.875	74.62	74.87	80.00
Shanghai—				
Demand	72.25	71.12	71.12	78.68
Cables	71.375	71.25	71.25	78.75
INDIA—Calcutta: Cents per rupee, nominally stabilized at one-tenth of a pound sterling.				
Demand	30.62	30.41	30.72	29.31
Cables	30.80	30.63	30.90	29.43
PHILIPPINE ISLANDS—Manila: Par 50 cents per silver peso.				
Demand	49.50	49.25	49.25	50.00
Cables	49.50	49.50	49.50	50.25
JAVA—Par 40.2 cents per florin.				
Demand	38.875	38.875	38.75	38.80
JAPAN—Par 49.8 cents per yen.				
Demand	46.37	46.43	46.43	48.00
Cables	46.60	46.75	46.60	48.125
South America.				
ARGENTINA—Par 42.44 cents per Argentine paper dollar.				
Demand	32.50	32.50	33.50	35.40
Cables	33.00	33.00	33.00	35.45
BRAZIL—Par 32.45 cents per paper milreis.				
Demand	9.70	9.75	9.80	11.75
Cables	9.80	9.80	9.85	11.80
CHILE—Par 36.5 cents per paper peso.				
Demand	12.25	12.30	12.55	12.77
Cables	12.30	12.40	12.60	12.80
PERU—Par $4.8665 per pound.				
Checks	4.20	4.20	4.15	4.00
Cables	4.21	4.21	4.16	4.10
URUGUAY—Par $1.0342 per gold peso.				
Demand	76.37	76.25	75.47	79.05
Cables	76.72	76.62	75.82	79.20
Canada.				
MONTREAL—Par 100 cents per Canadian dollar.				
Demand	97.88	97.58	97.60	100.00

NEW YORK FEDERAL RESERVE BANK.

Comparative statement of condition at the close of business.

RESOURCES—	Sept. 26, 1923.	Sept. 19, 1923.	Sept. 27, 1922.
Gold and gold certificates	$176,866,482	$178,139,000	$157,404,000
Gold settlement fund, Federal Reserve Board	156,202,638	194,876,000	119,857,000
Total gold held by bank	$333,069,121	$369,015,000	$277,261,000
Gold with Federal Reserve agents	655,024,270	652,379,000	771,841,000
Gold redemption fund	10,137,489	9,937,000	7,694,000
Total gold reserves	$978,230,881	$1,011,331,000	$1,056,796,000
Reserves other than gold	17,367,000	17,803,000	38,334,000
Total reserves	$995,597,881	$1,029,134,000	$1,094,930,000
*Non-reserve cash	10,440,820	10,218,000	
Bills discounted:			
Secured by U. S. Govt. obligations	148,949,364	96,196,000	24,750,000
All other	34,082,158	48,541,000	21,886,000
Bills bought in open market	26,536,171	22,435,000	80,545,000
Total bills on hand	$227,007,894	$162,172,000	$127,181,000
United States bonds and notes	1,998,750	2,924,000	36,549,000
United States certificates of indebtedness:			
One-year certificates (Pittman act)			12,500,000
All other	2,020,000	6,120,000	71,750,000
Total earning assets	$230,966,644	$172,216,000	$247,980,000
Bank premises	13,371,820	13,372,000	9,644,000
5% redemption fund against Federal Reserve Bank notes			624,000
Uncollected items	182,018,058	168,391,000	131,108,000
All other resources	1,310,590	1,310,000	2,222,000
Total resources	$1,439,706,960	$1,394,850,000	$1,508,516,000
LIABILITIES—			
Capital paid in	$29,281,850	$29,282,000	$27,772,000
Surplus	59,709,523	59,800,000	60,197,000
Deposits:			
Government	16,457,588	17,085,000	3,596,000
Member banks—reserve account	690,836,463	654,963,000	690,336,000
All other	18,405,482	14,657,000	13,172,000
Total	$720,641,493	$686,654,000	$704,004,000
Federal Reserve notes in actual circulation	465,442,404	475,063,000	604,481,000
Federal Reserve Bank notes in circulation—net liabilities			8,642,000
Deferred availability items	108,267,503	127,063,000	94,987,000
All other liabilities	4,253,483	3,998,000	5,143,000
Total liabilities	$1,389,706,360	$1,394,850,000	$1,508,516,000
Ratio of total reserves to deposit and Federal Reserve note liabilities combined	85.7%	87.7%	83.7%
Contingent liability on bills purchased for foreign correspondents	$11,989,577	$11,898,289	$10,094,360

*Not shown separately prior to January, 1923.

Consolidated statement of condition of twelve Federal Reserve Banks compares as follows:

	At the Close of Business:		
RESOURCES—	Sept. 26, 1923.	Sept. 19, 1923.	Sept. 27, 1922.
Gold and gold certificates	$659,604,000	$697,345,000	$572,000,000
Gold settlement fund, Fed. Res. Board	641,647,000	638,898,000	502,494,000
Total gold held by banks	$1,001,311,000	$996,227,000	$864,404,000
Gold with Federal Reserve agents	2,081,965,000	2,088,488,000	2,180,523,000
Gold redemption fund	58,238,000	59,245,000	51,927,000
Total gold reserves	$3,116,604,000	$3,121,970,000	$3,076,948,000
Reserve other than gold	76,094,000	77,882,000	126,184,000
Total reserves	$3,192,698,000	$3,199,852,000	$3,203,127,000
Non-reserve cash	74,248,000	84,296,000	
Bills discounted:			
Secured by U. S. Government obligations	402,143,000	324,940,000	123,102,000
Other bills discounted	458,581,000	449,600,000	281,978,000
Bills bought in open market	173,124,000	171,044,000	268,116,000
Total bills on hand	$1,034,132,000	$945,584,000	$673,196,000
U. S. bonds and notes	87,727,000	84,970,000	229,158,000
U. S. certificates of indebtedness:	4,148,000	4,148,000	326,198,000
Municipal warrants	317,000	317,000	15,000
Total earning assets	$1,126,324,000	$1,035,100,000	$1,100,757,000
Bank premises	35,025,000	34,916,000	44,473,000
Five per cent. redemption fund against Federal Reserve Bank notes	28,000	28,000	3,917,000
Uncollected items	816,211,000	747,673,000	593,911,000
All other resources	13,717,000	12,833,000	18,076,000
Total resources	$5,078,250,000	$5,128,485,000	$4,970,261,000
LIABILITIES—			
Capital paid in	$100,657,000	$100,644,000	$106,172,000
Surplus	218,360,000	218,360,000	215,398,000
Deposits:			
Government	58,279,000	57,970,000	19,945,000
Member bank—Reserve account	1,851,790,000	1,855,005,000	1,727,970,000
Other deposits	32,004,000	32,065,000	22,213,000
Total deposits	$1,942,073,000	$1,945,040,000	$1,840,133,000
Federal Reserve notes in actual circulation	2,347,686,000	2,354,704,000	2,529,384,000
Federal Reserve Bank notes in circulation—net liabilities	492,000	497,000	46,065,000
Deferred availability items	550,627,000	446,986,000	495,471,000
All other liabilities	21,813,000	21,813,000	23,638,000
Total liabilities	$5,078,250,000	$5,128,485,000	$4,970,261,000
Ratio of total reserves to deposit and Federal Reserve note liabilities combined	78.4%	77.2%	78.4%
Contingent liability on bills purchased for foreign correspondents	$33,794,000	$33,753,000	$27,886,000

*Not shown separately prior to January, 1923.

NEW YORK CURB EXCHANGE

THURSDAY, SEPT. 27, 1923.

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
300	Armstr Cork	32½	32½	32½
2,000	Atl Gulf & W I SS L	82½	81½	82½
400	Bdspt Mach	10⅞	10½	10⅞
1,600	B-AmTob, cp	24⅝	24⅝	24⅝
200	Brit Int C A	18	17⅞	17⅞
300	Buddy Bud	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
200	Car Ltd A	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
100	Central Cast Iron	19½	19½	19½
200	Chi Nipple B			
	Certfs, new	19	17	19
100	Do A, new	37½	37½	37½
70	Col Power	16½	16½	16½
1,200	DubilierCond Radio	10⅛	10	10⅛
600	Durant Mtrs	30⅝	29	30⅛
200	Do of Ind	4	4	4
300	Federal Tel	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛
45	Gillette, new	19½	19½	19½
600	GoldDust, w i	31⅝	31	31
800	GlassmittFre	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝
100	GdyearTAR	9	9	9
700	Hartman Corp, new, w i	39⅝	39⅛	39⅛
1,300	Int Cement Indus	9⅝	9½	9⅝
300	Int Combustion	15	14½	15
400	Jewel T & G	14	14	14
25	K-Berymser 1st	132	132	132
30	Kodaks P L	79½	79	79½
20	Eureka P L	104	104	104
25	Galena-Sig	62	62	62
100	Humble	28½	28½	28½
20	Illinois P L	103	103	103
150	Imp Oil Can Coupon	26	26	26
130	Indiana P L	50	50	50
400	Internat Pet	14⅝	14½	14½
300	Carib Synd	29	29	29
3	Chicago Ry	130½	130½	130½
500	Do pf	69½	69½	69½
100	Do Bankrs	12	12	12
81,000	Do Scrip	81	81	81
1,400	Creole Prod	7⅝	7½	7½
200	Gen Rock Bit	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝
400	Gulf O of Pa	50⅝	49⅝	50
50,000	Keyst Hanr	26	26	26
100	Kirby Pet	7½	7½	7½
200	Liverside	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛
100	Mar'd o'Mid	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝
1,000	Mexico Oil	45c	45c	45c
100	Mex Panuco	1	1	1
3,200	Mutual Oil	5⅝	5⅛	5⅛
300	Alaska-BGM	95c	75c	95c
100	Alaska Mex	50	50	50
100	Amal L, Zinc Smelt, Corp	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝
2,000	A C M & S M	16	16	16
2,000	Ariz G C	14c	14c	14c
300	Intercon Rub	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛
400	Kresge D & B	31	31	31
400	L P Smith Co	21⅛	21	21⅛
100	McCrory Stor, new	68	68	68
100	Midvale Co	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛
200	Nat Sup Co of Del	55⅝	55⅝	55⅝
170	N Y Tel, pf	109⅝	109⅝	109⅝
100	Park & Til	26⅝	26⅝	26⅝
100	Penn P & M	37⅝	37⅝	37⅝
1,700	Radio Corp	3	3	3
300	Do pf	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝
100	Reo Motors	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝
300	Roamer M C	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝
4,000	South C & I	10c	10c	11c
100	Spring Body	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛
100	Studebaker	61⅝	61⅝	61⅝
200	Tob Prod	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛
300	Un Fruit Stmp	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝
400	UnBotCandy Class A	5	5	5
800	U S L & P	2	2	2
200	YellTaxiNY	11½	11½	11½

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
300	Anglo-Am	14⅛	14	14
25	B-Seymser 1st	132	132	132
30	Eureka P L	104	104	104
25	Galena-Sig	62	62	62
100	Humble	28½	28½	28½
20	Illinois P L	103	103	103
150	Imp Oil Can Coupon	26	26	26
130	Indiana P L	50	50	50
400	Internat Pet	14⅝	14½	14½

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
80	Magnolia P	128	127½	128
100	Ohio	53½	53½	53½
500	Penn-Mex	22	19	19
200	Prairie Oil	159	158	159
115	Prairie P L	99	98	99
30	South P L	82	82	82
18,200	S of Ind	54½	53½	54
300	S O of Ky	39½	39	39½
5,400	S O of N Y	40⅝	39	40⅝
4,600	Vacuum Oil	49⅝	49½	49⅝
100	N Bradford	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝
1,100	Northwest	1c	1c	1c
100	Omar O & G	60c	60c	60c
100	Perr	1	1	1
300	Penn Beaver	50c	50c	50c
1,200	Pennzoil	12⅝	11⅝	12⅝
2,400	Royal Can O sub shares	3⅝	3	3⅝
100	SalCrkProd	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝
200	Sapulpa Ref	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
1,000	Seaboard	1⅛	1	1⅛
13,300	South States	15⅝	14⅝	14⅝
200	Turman	70c	68c	68c
700	Wilcox Oil	4⅝	4⅛	4½
1,200	T O & G	7c	1c	7c

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
2,000	Goldf Deep	12c	12c	12c
2,000	Goldf Dev	12c	12c	12c
100	Goldf Mont	52c	52c	52c
1,000	Goldf Jackpt	50c	50c	50c
800	Hollinger G	13	11⅝	11⅝
200	Home Ext	9c	9c	9c
5,000	Ind Lead	85c	83c	83c
200	Jer V D Co	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
2,000	Lone Star	2c	2c	2c
100	Mason Val	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
5,400	Nat Tin	11c	10c	11c
3,000	New Bil R	1c	1c	1c
500	New Dom	27⅝	27⅝	27⅝
1,000	N Y Peru	42c	40c	42c
800	Nipissing	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛
6,000	Nixon Nev	1c	1c	1c
4,200	Ohio Copper	74c	66c	74c
300	Premier Gold	2	2	2
2,000	Ray Her	61c	61c	61c
500	Salisb	90c	90c	90c
1,000	U S J & R	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝
3,000	Spark G	13c	11c	13c
1,000	Success	31c	31c	31c
8,000	Seth Dev	12c	11c	12c
2,000	Tom Reid	85c	80c	85c
1,000	Tonopah M	40c	40c	40c
100	Tong Min	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
1,000	Tonkamine C	10c	10c	10c
100	Un Eastern	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
100	Un Verde Ext	20	20	20
300	Un Min Sm	90c	90c	90c
100	Unity Gold	3c	3c	3c
4,000	U S Con	20c	17c	20c
1,000	Yerington	75c	74c	75c
2,000	West E Con	12c	12c	12c
2,000	West Utah C	3c	3c	3c

BONDS.

(In $1,000 units.)

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
17	AmCot O 6s, '24	99½	99⅝	99½
11	Am G & E 6s, deb B, 2014	94⅝	94⅝	94⅝
4	Am L&T 6s, 1st gtd war	101	101	101
11	Am Roll Mill 6s, 1938	98½	98½	98½
1	Am Sum Tob 7s, 1930	97½	97½	97½
13	Am Tel 4s, '24	100½	100½	100½
4	Anacon 6s, '29	101½	101½	101½
1	Ang-Am O 7½s	101½	101½	101½
16	Armour of Del 5½s, s f, 1943	99½	99½	99½
3	A G & W I SS L 5s, 1959	41	41	41
3	Beaver Pr 7s, '43	13	13	13
5	Do 7s, 1942	97½	97½	97½
3	Beth Steel 7s, 2015	105	105	105
5	Can Nat Ry 7s, 1923	107½	107½	107½
4	Gen Stl Co 1st mtg 8s, 1941	107½	107½	107½
1	Chicago Ry 5s, of 4s, '21	89½	89½	89½
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BUSINESS WORLD

CONTINENTAL PAPER.

[illegible] for the best named [illegible] for the best named [illegible] The quotations are for six months' paper.

Beaver Featured at Fur Sale.

Beaver lived up to expectations at the fur auction in the Masonic Hall yesterday, reaching a top price of $27.75. Large and extra large skins advanced 10 per cent. over the Spring sale, but the medium and small pelts showed no change. Other top prices paid were $8.85 for nutria, which brought average prices equal to those of the Spring and June and $15.20 for mink. Northern and Canadian mink were unchanged from the last previous sale, but Southern and Southwestern skins dropped 10 per cent. Other furs sold during the day were Chinese and Japanese mink, which declined 10 per cent., and a poor collection of Chinese weasel that dropped 25 per cent. The auction is half over, and total sales to date amount to about $2,000,000.

No Trading Yet at Yokohama.

All attempts by raw silk importers to do business at Yokohama have proved ineffectual, although numerous offers have been made, some without price restrictions. Advices received from Yokohama by H. L. Gwalter & Co. say that business is not yet possible. It adds that cocoon prices are falling and that the Autumn crop promises to be 15,000 bales below last year's. The Osaka and Shanghai markets are quiet, and prices are irregular. Reelers at Milan are practically sold up for October-December production, and are quoting only for January-March delivery. Quotations there continue high, owing to the advance in exchange. Trading in spot silk here is very limited, with an easier price trend.

Toy Orders Show Gain.

Incoming orders for toys are very satisfactory, say leading manufacturers here. As the business placed up to May 1 was much larger than for the same period in 1922, the trade expects that orders received between now and Dec. 1 will make the total volume much greater than that of last year. Novelties have been selling well, but the staples will have the bulk of the holiday demand. The "mama doll" continues the favorite in the doll division. Shipments on orders placed during the Spring are going forward freely.

Defends Silk Manufacturers.

Charges of profiteering made by the National Association of Hat Manufacturers were called unfair and unwarranted yesterday by James A. Goldsmith, President of the Silk Association of America. The hat men claimed that while certain manufacturers and dealers in silk hatbands and trimmings quickly withdrew their prices immediately following the disaster, they practically solicited business at advances of 50 to 100 per cent. Mr. Goldsmith declared that the industry had taken every step to safeguard the interests of its customers. Trading was immediately suspended, but when the ban was lifted the raw silk market was much higher and manufacturers could not make September or later deliveries on time, and to protect orders already booked it was necessary for the mills to buy spot silk at high prices. Silk goods, he said, will without question continue to sell for many months at advanced prices, as the raw material situation is becoming steadily worse.

To Increase Skirt Sales.

Now that formation of the first trade body devoted exclusively to women's skirts has been completed, a campaign is to be undertaken in conjunction with the United Waist League of America to increase sales of both skirts and waists. Part of the campaign will consist of bringing about more effective showing and selling of these garments, both in the wholesale showrooms and in the retail stores. Closer attention will also be paid to style tendencies in both lines, with a view to bringing about a more harmonious development of the two types of garments than exists at present. The Conference Committee of the new skirt organization, which is known as the United Skirt Makers of America, is made up of Frederick M. Taylor, A. Leopold, H. Pincus, A. Schapiro, Abe A. Livingston.

Gray Goods Prices Irregular.

Irregularity of prices was about the only feature of trading in the local gray good market yesterday. On 38½-inch 64-60 printcloths, for instance, the figures ranged from buyers' bids of 9¾ cents to asking prices of 10¼ to 10½ cents on the part of the mills. First hands continued to ask 12 cents for 39-inch 68-72s, with little trading, and 8 cents for 38½-inch 60-48s. Sheetings were dull. For 36-inch 56-60s, four-yard goods sellers asked 12½ cents, while in the lighter weight cloths 9¾ cents was quoted by first hands on 36-inch 5.50s. Converting hands were said to have shaded that figure an eighth. The specialties continued featureless.

BUSINESS RECORDS.

BANKRUPTCY PROCEEDINGS.

Petitions Filed—Against.

AMERICAN THRIFT CORP., 26 Broad St.
ASBESTOS MATERIALS CORP., 233 Broadway.
GEORGE GONDA, art embroidery and novelties, 191 E. Tremont Av.
EDWARD KLEIN, boots and shoes, 446 Rhinelander Av., Brooklyn.

Petitions Filed—By.

KAPLAN & ALEXANDER, jewelry, 19 Maiden Ln.—Liabilities $5,[illegible]; assets $5,0[illegible]. W. E. Buckson appointed receiver.
BLANCHE MILLER, 848 West 180th St.—Liabilities $3,[illegible], no assets.
JOSEPH L. GOLDSMITH, salesman, 1,283 Shakespeare Av.—Liabilities $2,467, no assets.
SAMUEL GOPHENER, salesman, 476 Sixty-eighth St., Brooklyn—Liabilities $[illegible], no assets.
MARVEL & PANAGAKOS, restaurant, 168 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn—Liabilities $4,[illegible], no assets.

Receivers Appointed.

FISCHER'S BUFFET, INC., 75 East Broadway—M. Holland appointed. Liabilities about $50,000; assets about $10,000.
ALL AMERICAN BROKERS, INC., 19 West 44th St.—Charles Shengood appointed.

Schedules Filed.

THE CABINET AND ACCESSORIES CO., INC., phonographs, 8 West 18th St.—Liabilities, $35,017; assets, $20,575.
MAYFLOWER SKIRT CO., INC., 24 West 32d St.—Liabilities, $53,[illegible]; assets, $15,325.
SAMUEL S. GOLDBERG, jobber of dresses, 319 West 37th St.—Liabilities, $25,[illegible]; assets, $25,[illegible].
JOE WEINMAN (Hildmann Trimming Works), 4 West 27th St.—Liabilities $7,[illegible]; assets, $2,[illegible].
JOSEPH [illegible], haberdashery, 176 Lenox Av.—Liabilities, $11,[illegible]; assets, $4,[illegible].
LOUIS HOROWITZ, shoes, 1,370 Castle Hill Av.—Liabilities, $3,318; assets, $2,450.

Out of Town.

BOSTON, Sept. 27.—A voluntary petition of bankruptcy was filed today by J. Elwood Cox, of Concord, manufacturer. Liabilities are listed as $102,810 and assets as $[illegible].
ROCHESTER, Sept. 27.—General Dry Cleaning Company of Buffalo and Milbry Dyeing and Cleaning Works of Buffalo filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $11,[illegible] and secured $4,449.

BUSINESS NOTES.

Lankin & Solomon, resident buyers, have moved to 20 West Thirty-third Street.

The annual dinner of the Associated Retail Credit Men of New York City, Inc., will be held at the Hotel McAlpin on Nov. 16.

Private House Sales.

Eustace Conway sold his present residence, a four-story, seventeen-foot English basement dwelling on Murray Hill, at 227 East Thirty-fifth Street, between Park and Lexington Avenues, to a client of Pease and Elliman, who will occupy.

Charles A. DuBoth sold for Jacob Rotlin to Bernard Kobrin the three-story dwelling, 254 West 150th Street, on a plot 16 by 99.11, near Broadway. Chas. W. E. Walting & Co. have sold for James Beumer the three-story dwelling at 312 West Fifteth Street, on plot 19.2 by 100.8. The purchaser is Samuel Ballowitz, who by purchases through Abraham Bickers, has now accumulated the plot covering 312 to 318 West Fifteth Street.

Lively Bidding at Auction.

Joseph P. Day held his first special sale day of the Fall season yesterday in the Vesey Street salesroom. When the auction started about 300 people filled the auditorium and the bidding throughout was spirited. A total of [illegible] was realized.

$7,000,000 PROJECT FOR DRIVE BLOCK

Builder Buys Block Front for Improvement With a Big Apartment House.

A building project involving about $7,000,000 will be undertaken on Riverside Drive as the result of the purchase yesterday by Anthony Campagna of the block front running from Eighty-ninth to Ninetieth Street. The site comprises a plot of almost one acre in area, with a frontage of about 550 feet, and was sold by William H. Barnard.

The site is improved with a costly residence built by the Clark estate at a cost of close to $1,000,000 and occupied at one time by the late Bishop Potter.

Mr. Campagna will improve the site with a fourteen or fifteen story apartment house or residential hotel of unique character. R. Candela is the architect selected to draw the plans for the new structure.

East Side House Sold.

The premises at 105 East Sixty-third Street, a new nine-story apartment just east of Park Avenue, have been sold by the Tremont Terrace Corporation to the 105 East Sixty-third Street Corporation, Mrs. Anna Spencer Watkins, President. In part payment the purchasers gave the Watkins estate, consisting of 146 acres, at Mount Kisco, overlooking Byram Lake, in addition to the main house there is a remodeled Colonial house, stables, garage and other outbuildings. The sale involved over $750,000. D. A. Calhoun and Fish & Marvin were the brokers.

The Samuels Realty Company, Inc., (Jack Klumpelman and Golden Brothers) purchased three apartment buildings, six stories high, on a plot 75 by 100, housing forty-eight families. They show an annual rental of $30,000 and were held by the sellers, Josephine and Jacob Donsbach, at $115,000.

The buildings are known as 225, 227 and 229 West 121st Street. They are between Seventh and St. Nicholas Avenues. The broker was Jules Nehring.

Edward C. H. Vogler resold for Edward Unterman 795 Amsterdam Avenue, southeast corner of Ninety-ninth Street, a five-story apartment on lot 25.2 by 100, to a client for investment.

Theodore T. A. Kavanagh of the John J. Kavanagh Company purchased 961 Madison Avenue, between Seventy-fifth and Seventy-sixth Streets, the building in which their office is located.

It is a five-story modern business and apartment building on lot 16.2½ by 105. The buyer also recently purchased 961 Madison Avenue, immediately adjoining, a five-story building, twenty feet front, and his latest purchase gives him a frontage of 40.2½.

James H. Cruikshank resold to Ida Dascosta 195 West 138th Street, between Lenox and Seventh Avenues, a five-story double flat on plot 24 by 100. Harry Sugarman and A. Austin were the brokers.

Jacob Goodman sold two four-story apartments, each on a plot 66.6 by 100 feet, at 161 and 163 East 106th Street, to R. Samstein, through M. Gumbo, as broker.

Frenkile & Walsh sold to the Wright Realty Company the five-story tenement on the corner of Seventh Avenue and 149th Street, through J. W. Gray Realty Company, as broker.

BUYERS' WANTS.

Fifteen cents per word each insertion.

ASTRAKANS Wanted—S. B. Cassidy, 1,333 Broadway.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—Raritan 1605, 906, all shades; quantity no object. Lipchansky Brothers, 22 West 26th. Watkins 2833.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—Stewarts 569, all colors; spot cash. Joseph Krolnik, 29 West 30th.

BOLIVIA Wanted—Stevens 4467; black, brown. Lackawanna 4610.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—David Rose, 38 West 32d.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—Hoffs or similar. Edward Isaacs, 116 West 22d. Chelsea 6550.

CHARMEEN Wanted—Navy and rosewood; spot cash. Arthur Cohen, 212 West 15th.

COATINGS Wanted—12068 American, also 18118, all colors; Astrakhans, bouclés, all kinds of merchandise, ¾ or 9-4 quantities or odds and ends; ready to buy $250,000 for cash. Midvale Woolen Mills, 481 4th Av.

COATS Wanted—Large or small quantities for cash. Schachna 42 West 27th.

COATS Wanted—Jeb for cash. 35 West 35th, 4th floor.

CLOTHS Wanted—American 09210, color 329, Stevens 2038, color 6, also 7. Watkins 7984.

DRESSES Wanted—Large jobber placing stock orders on popular to highest grade new Fall and Winter models in satin, canton, crepe satin, potret chiffon velvet, jersey, georgette, lace and evening wear. Samples 9-5 daily, 5th floor, 38 West 32d.

DRESSES Wanted—We pay spot cash for jobs and surplus stock in silk and cloth dresses in lots large or small. Phone Pennsylvania 6520 or submit samples 9-5 daily, 5th floor, 38 West 32d.

DRESSES Wanted—Several thousand dresses, $5.50 to $11.75; your material. King & Applebaum, 233 7th Av.

FURS Wanted—Beaver, squirrel and fox, all colors, collar and cuffs; any pattern, for cash. Goldman & Cohen, 147 West 35th.

FURS Wanted—Beaver, natural squirrel and Viatka squirrel. Benjamin R. Samuels, 200 West 33d St., Samuels Building.

FURS Wanted—Fox neck pieces, all kinds. Hamilton Garment Co., 121 West 29th, 8th floor.

FURS Wanted—Selected Manchurian dogs. Edward Isaacs, 116 West 22d, Chelsea 6550.

FUR Wanted—Badger collars and cuffs; quality. Watkins 3072.

GINGHAM Wanted—Small check, amoskeag or similar. Silverman, 122 West 26th.

JERSEY Wanted—7 and 8 oz., quantity; cash; all shades. Silverman, 122 West 26th.

JERSEYS Wanted—8 oz. French spun, all colors. Watkins 4465.

LACES and Dress Trimmings Wanted—Manufacturer's surplus accumulations. Butterman, 45 Lispenard. Canal 8865.

PLAIDS Wanted—American 01114. S. B. Cassidy, 1,333 Broadway.

POIRET Twill Wanted—09164, 09163, at a price for cash. Ashland 7903.

POIRETS Twills Wanted—American, for cash. Chelsea 4347.

POLAIRES Wanted—Plain plaids and stripes, not above 21 per yard; spot cash. A. N. Naiedl, 225 5th Av.

SERGES Wanted—7120, 54300, Poiret American 0592, 09164, black, browns. 120 West 27th, 10th floor.

SILKS Wanted—450,000 worth spot cash, crepe de chines, taffetas, monalines, charmeuses, satin, crepes, satin cantons, sport satins, shirtings, all qualities of printed silks and imperfect silks. Bassers, 34 East 20th. Madison Sq. 8350.

TRICOTINE Wanted—Open for quantity of black. Roth & Schiffer, 242 West 29th.

TRICOTINE Wanted—Extra good quality. Kirstein & Kanter, 35 West 35th.

VELOURS Wanted—American 1816, all colors. Lackawanna 5825.

WOOLENS Wanted—7168, Moorgate. Watkins 4465.

WOOL Jersey Wanted—Open to buy dress weight; 9 ounce, navy and brown. Hugo H. Levy & Bros., 498 7th Av.

OFFERINGS TO BUYERS.

Fifteen cents per word each insertion.

Men's Wear.

SHIRTS—Men's special lot, to whom out, in silks; English broadcloth and silk stripe. Stern, 483 Broadway.

OFFERINGS TO BUYERS.

ASTRAKANS, mattings, jerseys, pile fabrics, all makes bolivias, poiret twills, tweeds, mixtures, plaid backs, unfinished worsted, flannels, chinchillas, ¾ tribets and beatings to sell at reasonable prices. Midvale Woolen Mills, 481 4th Av.

CANTON Crepe and Crepe de Chine, to close out at a price. Watkins 9692.

COATS—Children; job to close out; 8-16. Star Mfg. Co., 135 5th Av.

DRESSES—Known for our low prices since 1904; we offer 300 original Virginia Dare styles in poiret's and cantons at $6.75, sizes to 50 in this price range; we specialize on $8.75, $10.75 and $12.75 dresses; immediate delivery; "Paul Jones" number, low retail below 20th St. saves you money; call today. KING & APPLEBAUM, 233 7th Av., corner 28th.

DRESSES—6,000 poiret's, serges, charmeuse, crepe, canton, velvet and Spanish lace, prices $12.75 up, in stock. Criterion, 12 West 21st.

DRESSES—Poiret twill charmeuse velveteen and crepe dresses, $5.75-$6.75, on racks for immediate delivery. Stamin, 10 W. 27th.

DRESSES—$16.75 values for $10.75. Fourth floor, rear, 129 West 22d.

DRESSES—Sacrificing for cash 200 silk dresses. Room 408, 1,185 Broadway.

DRESSES—Children, 7-14; $1.95 dozen. S. [illegible]

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Apartments

Attractive Offerings

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Two of the Finest New Buildings in the Park Avenue Section, near the Exclusive Hotels and Clubs.

150 East 52nd St. — 5 & 6 Rooms—1 & 3 Baths; Doctor's Suites 2 & 3 Rooms & Bath

156 East 52nd St. — 3 & 4 Rooms—1 Bath; Doctor's Suites 2 & 3 Rooms & Bath

1148 Fifth Avenue — Corner 96th Street; 8 to 10 Rooms—3 to 4 Baths; $4400 to $7200

981 Park Avenue — Corner 53rd Street; 9 Rooms, 2 Baths; $3800

911 Park Avenue — Corner 80th Street; 8 Rooms, 2 Baths; $3600

850 Park Avenue — Corner 77th Street; 7 and 9 Rooms, 3 Baths; $5750 to $7000

570 Park Avenue — South West Cor. 63rd St.; 6 Rooms, 2 Baths; $4500; Roof Studio, $1000

56 West 11th Street — 3 and 4 Rooms, 1 Bath; $1300 to $1800

146 E. 49th Street — 3 and 4 Rooms, 1 Bath; $1300 to $2500

27 West 55th Street — Near Fifth Avenue; 3 to 4 Rooms, 1 Bath; $1900 to $3600

152 W. 58th Street — Near 7th Avenue; 3, 4, 5 Rooms, 1 & 2 Baths; $1800 to $2800

24 W. 59th Street — Near Fifth Avenue; 2 to 6 Rooms, 1 & 2 Baths; $1500 to $4500

23 East 63rd Street — Corner Madison Avenue; 2 Rooms, 1 Bath; all Outside Rooms; $1000

139 E. 66th Street — 6 and 8 Rooms, 2 Baths; $3400 to $4500

11 East 68th Street — Corner Madison Avenue; 6 to 12 Rooms, 2 to 4 Baths; $4500 to $10,000

30 East 68th Street — Cor. Madison Avenue; Studio Apartment $1400

145 E. 74th Street — N. E. Corner Lexington Avenue; 6 to 7 Rooms—3 Baths; $3400 to $4500

17 East 84th Street — Near Fifth Avenue; 6 Rooms, 2 Baths; $3100 to $3900. Also Doctor's Suites—$1600 to $3000

115 East 90th Street — Near Park Avenue; 3, 4, 5 Rooms, 1 Bath; $1650 to $2700

4 East 95th Street — Adjoining Corner Fifth Avenue; 6 & 7 Rooms—2 & 3 Baths; $2500 to $4000

952 Fifth Avenue — Between 76th and 77th Streets; 10 and 12 Rooms—3 and 4 Baths; $8000 to $14000; Special Duplex Apartment—16 Rooms—5 Baths—$23000

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743 Fifth Avenue — 1 Rooms—Bath inc service; $2200 to $2500

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646 Park Avenue — 2 & 3 rooms inc. service; Restaurant on premises; $2800 to $3500

660 Park Avenue — 2 & 3 rooms inc service; $1500 to $3500

901 Lexington Ave. — 9 rooms—3 baths; $4900

150 East 49th St — 3 & 4 rooms—Housekeeping; $2200 to $3100

140 West 55th St. — 3 & 4 rooms—Housekeeping; $1800 to $2300

130 West 57th St. — 2 & 3 rooms—Kichenette; $1600 to $2000

105 East 63rd St. — 3 rooms—Housekeeping; $2700 to $3000

27 East 64th St. — 1 to 4 rooms—1 and 2 baths; $960 to $2800

150 East 93rd St. — 3 & 4 rooms—Housekeeping; $1500 to $2200

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5, 6, 7, 8, 9 Rooms
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Between 98th-99th Sts.
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Exceptional Light Sunny Rooms; Unexcelled Panorama. View on Four Sides. Renting Manager on Premises Daily.

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Near Broadway
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260 W. 72nd St.
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5 Rooms, 2 Baths, $2,400
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244 W. 74th St.
New Building
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284 W. End Av.
Bet. 73d and 74th Sts.
Opposite Schwab Mansion
3 Rooms, $2,000

330 W. 95th St.
Bet. West End Av. & Riv. Dr.
5 Rooms, $1,500
7 Rooms, $1,800

229 W. 97th St.
Northeast Corner Broadway
8 Rooms, 2 Baths, $3,300
9 Rooms, 2 Baths, $3,200

315 W. 97th St.
Corner Riverside Drive
5 Rooms, $1,450 to $1,750

431 Riverside Dr.
Corner 115th St.
7 Rooms, 2 Baths, $2,500
8 Rooms, 2 Baths, $2,700

620 W. 116th St.
6 Rooms, $1,900
Near Riverside Drive
7 Rooms, $2,100

Earle & Calhoun
212 W. 72nd St.
Endicott 5116

168 West 86th ST.

New 14-Story Fireproof Apartments
Now Leasing from Plans
Situated on a parked street, an ideal residential section.

6 & 7 Rooms
WITH 3 BATHS
Attractive Rental

Extra large size rooms, spacious closets.

Wood, Dolson Co., Inc.
B'way, bet. 72 & 73 Sts. Tel. Endicott 5000

250-260 Fort Washington Ave.

170th to 171st Street
NEW MODERN APARTMENTS
Every improvement, high class service, heated throughout.

4, 5 and 6 Rooms
1 and 2 Baths.
REASONABLE RENT.

SHARP & CO.,
2489 Broadway, at 92d St. 2800 Broadway.
REPRESENTATIVE ON PREMISES.

70 MORNINGSIDE DRIVE — Corner 113th St.
(Near Columbia University)
Immediate possession.
6 Rooms, Bath, $1,600
Apply on premises or
W. ALANSON ALEXANDER
Tel. Murray Hill 7715.

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.

New

Nine-Story Fireproof Apartment

131 E. 93rd St.

Between Park & Lexington Ave.

A Quiet Block

Ready to move into!

4 Room

Apartments—large living room, large master bedroom, small dining room or chamber and complete kitchen—$1750 and up.

5 Room

Apartments—large living room, dining room, 2 master chambers and kitchen—$2000 and up.

CYRILLE CARREAU, INC.
101 Park Avenue
Telephone Murray Hill 0662

Unfurnished—West Side.

FIREPROOF
Apartments
FOR RENT
Immediate and Oct. Occupancy
Allendale
608 West End Ave.
AT 95TH ST.
7, 8, 9, & 10 Rooms, 3 Baths

The Clifden
264 Riverside Drive
AT 92ND ST.
7, 8 & 9 Rooms, 2 & 3 Baths

350 West 85th St.
9 Rooms & 3 Baths

350 West 71st St.
8 Rooms

Newmark, Jacobs & Newmark
3,410 BROADWAY AUD. 1120

Hotel Manhattan Square
50 West 77th St.
An ideal location facing Manhattan Square Park but 200 feet from 77th St. Entrance to Central Park. You are invited to inspect and compare furnished and unfurnished apartments of 2, 3 & 4 Rooms
Entirely Redecorated
with baths and showers, at exceptionally reasonable rentals. Large rooms, spacious closets.
Management is tactfully and fully adapted to OWNERSHIP MANAGEMENT.

DEVONSHIRE.
240 W. 115th St.
Southeast corner of Broadway and 112th St.
Large corner apartment.
9 rooms, 3 baths.
Splendid river view.
$3,000 per annum.

BORDEAUX.
540 Riverside Drive.
Southeast corner Riverside Drive and Tiemann Place (formerly 127th St.).
Modern elevator apartment.
7 rooms, $1,950 per annum.
8 rooms, $1,960 to $2,100 per annum.

CRESCENT COURT.
195 Claremont Ave.
Southwest corner Claremont Av. and Tiemann Place (formerly 125th St.)
Modern elevator apartment.
4 rooms, $616 per annum.
5 rooms, $1,050 per annum.
6 rooms, $1,200 per annum.

Apply on premises, or William P. Sheridan, 540 Riverside Drive. Tel. Morningside 9434.

The Nevada
69th-Broadway-70th St.
2 Rooms, Bath and kitchenette from $1,400
6 Rooms
Kitchen and Bath from $2,400
SUPT. ON PREMISES.
TEL. ENDICOTT 0464.

124 West 72d Street
NEAR BROADWAY
Very attractive light
4 and 5 Rooms
Inquire on premises or
Park Ave. Operating Co., Inc.
Owners, 512 Fifth Ave.

71 W. 12th St.
Near Washington Square
New Elevator Apartment
3 ROOMS & BATH
$1700
Inquire on Premises or
Banner-Mitler Co., Inc.
505 5th Ave. Vanderbilt 8287

106 Central Park West
Cor. 71st St.
6 & 9 Rooms
High-class Fireproof Apartments
Immediate Possession
Apply on Premises or
ALCON REALTY CO.,
[illegible] Broadway. Phone Watek 2464.

NEW BUILDING
BROADWAY, Cor. Academy St.
(near 10th), now ready for occupancy.
4 BEAUTIFUL ROOMS
Every modern improvement; $70 to $80.

APARTMENTS TO LET.
Furnished—East Side.

57TH AV., 25—Two bed chambers, bath, shower; large living room, kitchen; exceptional location, character of building, service, furnishings and price; shown by appointment. Phone Rhinelander 8200.

8TH ST., 14 EAST—Attractively furnished, 2 rooms, kitchenette and bath; formal garden in rear; one year lease. Miss.

40TH, 15 EAST—To sublet from Oct. 15 to June 1, 3 rooms, elevator apartment, attractively furnished, private telephone. Apply Superintendent, Stuyvesant 9821.

67TH ST., EAST (Murray Hill section)—One room, bath, bachelor apartment or an entire floor, housekeeping, open fireplaces; newly renovated house. Murray Hill 4772.

59TH ST.—Two large rooms, bath, kitchenette, kitchen; entire floor; attractively furnished; twin beds, gas for 2; private telephone. Vanderbilt 1210.

38TH, 38 EAST—Beautifully furnished 3-room apartment, exceptionally large room; kitchenette, private bath, 10 windows; reasonable.

50TH STREET, 38.
Two rooms, elevator, suitable for bachelor.

49TH, 26 EAST—Charming 2 rooms, bath, kitchenette; $125; year's lease. Supt.

49TH, 19 EAST—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette. Bancroft.

54TH ST., 119 EAST—Newly decorated elegantly furnished rooms, kitchenette, bath. Stilwell, Plaza 9700.

50TH, 19 EAST—Beautiful southern exposure apartment, living room, bedroom, bath, fireplace; furnished or unfurnished; $175. Plaza 0589.

60TH AND PARK AV.—Living room, bedroom, large kitchen, bath; private phone, linen, silver, Victrola, &c. Phone Plaza 6031.

57TH, 414 EAST—Two rooms, bath; twin beds; beautifully furnished; $300 per month. Phone Plaza 1836.

56TH, 47 EAST (near Park Av.)—Six rooms handsomely furnished, southern exposure, all light and airy, 2 master bedrooms and 1 servant's room. Plaza 8180.

60TH ST., 44 Park Av.—Private house, apartment 3 rooms, bath, kitchenette, maid service, night man; period furnishings and decorations; for couple requiring respectable home; references exchanged. Phone Regent 2607.

60TH, 147 EAST—Large living room; 4th floor; 2 rooms, bedroom, bath, kitchenette; very charming; $125; year's lease. Superintendent.

62D, EAST—Two-room corner suite, kitchen, private service; $110. Bryant 0054.

60TH, 49 EAST—4 attractive rooms, with excellent maid. Newlin, Rhinelander 8284.

73D, 137 EAST—Corner apartment; very attractive; 2 rooms, all outside; newly decorated; available immediately. Rhinelander 0856.

75TH, 57 EAST—Large living studio; suitable 3 music students. Also smaller studio; available October-June. Phone Rhinelander 2881.

75TH, 157 EAST—Five rooms with kitchen, high ceilings and fireplace; building restricted. Rhinelander 6816.

79TH, 24 EAST—Seven-room apartment, open fireplaces, richly furnished; $300 per month for year or $3,600 for Winter; shown any time. Rhinelander 7556.

80TH, EAST (Park Av.)—Eight rooms, 3 baths, charmingly furnished; $350; details Greg. Endicott 8161.

68TH, 4 EAST (Apt. 6D)—Four rooms, bath, overlooking Central Park, telephone installed, unfurnished. Supt. or Stuyvesant 9619.

GRAMERCY PARK—Six rooms, 2 baths, completely furnished; 8th floor, corner; preferences. 3451 Gramercy.

GRAMERCY PARK, 9—Sunny 2 rooms, bath, kitchenette; yearly lease; elevator; $150.

LEXINGTON AV., 605 (53d St.)—Charming, furnished apartment, large studio room, day beds, dressing room, kitchen, bath, telephone; exceptional opportunity; yearly lease. Gluck.

LEXINGTON AV., 605 (53d St.)—Comfortably furnished apartment, 2 large studio rooms, day beds, dressing room, kitchen, bath, telephone; 1 year lease. Gluck.

MADISON AV., 1,200 (corner 88th)—Beautiful 8-room apartment, 2 baths, $350 per month, high-class neighborhood; immaculate or will sell furnished $5,000, terms. Phone Lenox 2154. Lee.

MADISON AV., 798—Two rooms, bath, attractively furnished, splendidly desirable for one or two persons; maid service; private telephone; elevator.

MADISON AV., 1816 (corner 85th St.)—High-class apartment, 2 and 3 rooms; all improvements; rent $1,600 to $3,600; inquire on premises.

MADISON AV. at 50TH—Attractive 2-room apartment; steam heat, fireplace, kitchenette, bath. Plaza 4035, after 9 A. M.

PARK AV., 565—Six light rooms 2 baths; beautifully furnished; new building; 10th floor. Apply Supt.

UNION SQUARE, 40—Artistic studio apartment, 3 rooms, kitchenette, bath, fireplace, $100; also smaller apartment, $65. Stuyvesant 0728.

Furnished—West Side.

72D AV., 270—Entrance 40 door; beautifully decorated furnished three-room suites; full hotel service. Hotel Wellington, Telephone Circle 1000.

7TH ST. (on Washington Square North)—Seven-room apartment; large sunny corner suite, 3 exposures; elevator; 2 baths; three master's bedrooms, maid's room; elevator; $95 floor; for eight months or longer; $400 a month; best references required. Telephone 2648 Spring, or 205 Spring.

80TH, 454 WEST (opposite Theological Seminary)—Entire floor, 2 rooms, 18x20; bath and kitchenette; simple; interesting furnishings; open fireplaces; steam heat; chef's service; call between 3 and 6 o'clock or phone Chelsea 2864 for appointment.

84TH ST., 17 WEST—Six rooms, including piano; good renting proposition; phone; lease if desired; available Oct. 1; reason $135. Wing.

20TH, 26 WEST—Two rooms and bath; linen; maid service; $90 monthly.

47TH ST., 34 WEST—Apartment through floor; real kitchen, tiled bath, shower; beautifully furnished; reasonable rent; accommodate large family. Boslin.

47TH ST., 37 WEST—Two rooms, furnished. Telephone Bryant 10183.

48TH ST., (Adjoining 5th Av.)—Extremely desirable four rooms, entire floor; $175. Tel. Bryant 3138.

50TH ST., 4 WEST—If leased for year, Oct. 1, special price to acceptable tenant for 2 bedrooms, living room, bath, kitchen; shown by appointment. Phone Rhinelander 8200.

50TH ST., 4 WEST—Sunny roof garden apartment, 2 rooms, bath, kitchenette; exceptional price for immediate lease; shown by appointment. Phone Rhinelander 8200.

50TH, 67 WEST—Two rooms, kitchen, bath; attractively furnished; $125 month. Davis.

50TH, WEST—Handsome large 2-room apartment, open fireplace. Circle 9284.

51ST, (5th-6th)—Two rooms, kitchenette; 2 baths; children's exposure; richly furnished; Oriental rugs, linen; $175. Circle 1029, evenings.

55TH, 54 WEST—Handsome bachelor apartments, tiled private bath; reasonable.

56TH, 340 (7th Av., Apt. 3F)—2 rooms, kitchen, bath and 2 closets; luxuriously furnished; available immediately. Apply Supt.

56TH, 22 WEST—Delightful large one, two rooms, kitchen, bath; warm; service.

60TH ST., 140 WEST—Exceptional apartment for yearly rental; large sitting room, bedroom, dining room, bath, kitchen; shown by appointment. Phone Rhinelander 8200.

60TH, 67 WEST—Two rooms, kitchen, bath; attractively furnished; $125 month. Davis.

60TH, WEST—Handsome large 2-room apartment, open fireplace. Circle 9284.

61ST, (5th-6th)—Two rooms, kitchenette; 2 baths; children's exposure; richly furnished; Oriental rugs, linen; $175. Circle 1029, evenings.

65TH, 54 WEST—Handsome bachelor apartments, tiled private bath; reasonable.

66TH, 340 (7th Av., Apt. 3F)—2 rooms, kitchen, bath and 2 closets; luxuriously furnished; available immediately. Apply Supt.

66TH, 22 WEST—Delightful large one, two rooms, kitchen, bath; warm; service.

69TH ST., 140 WEST—Exceptional apartment for yearly rental; large sitting room, bedroom, dining room, bath, kitchen; shown by appointment. Phone Rhinelander 8200.

70TH, 67 WEST—Two rooms, kitchen, bath; attractively furnished; $125 month. Davis.

70TH, WEST—Handsome large 2-room apartment, open fireplace. Circle 9284.

71ST, (5th-6th)—Two rooms, kitchenette; 2 baths; children's exposure; richly furnished; Oriental rugs, linen; $175. Circle 1029, evenings.

75TH, 54 WEST—Handsome bachelor apartments, tiled private bath; reasonable.

76TH, 340 (7th Av., Apt. 3F)—2 rooms, kitchen, bath and 2 closets; luxuriously furnished; available immediately. Apply Supt.

76TH, 22 WEST—Delightful large one, two rooms, kitchen, bath; warm; service.

80TH ST., 140 WEST—Exceptional apartment for yearly rental; large sitting room, bedroom, dining room, bath, kitchen; shown by appointment. Phone Rhinelander 8200.

80TH, 67 WEST—Two rooms, kitchen, bath; attractively furnished; $125 month. Davis.

80TH, WEST—Handsome large 2-room apartment, open fireplace. Circle 9284.

81ST, (5th-6th)—Two rooms, kitchenette; 2 baths; children's exposure; richly furnished; Oriental rugs, linen; $175. Circle 1029, evenings.

85TH, 54 WEST—Handsome bachelor apartments, tiled private bath; reasonable.

86TH, 340 (7th Av., Apt. 3F)—2 rooms, kitchen, bath and 2 closets; luxuriously furnished; available immediately. Apply Supt.

86TH, 22 WEST—Delightful large one, two rooms, kitchen, bath; warm; service.

90TH ST., 140 WEST—Exceptional apartment for yearly rental; large sitting room, bedroom, dining room, bath, kitchen; shown by appointment. Phone Rhinelander 8200.

90TH, 67 WEST—Two rooms, kitchen, bath; attractively furnished; $125 month. Davis.

90TH, WEST—Handsome large 2-room apartment, open fireplace. Circle 9284.

91ST, (5th-6th)—Two rooms, kitchenette; 2 baths; children's exposure; richly furnished; Oriental rugs, linen; $175. Circle 1029, evenings.

95TH, 54 WEST—Handsome bachelor apartments, tiled private bath; reasonable.

96TH, 340 (7th Av., Apt. 3F)—2 rooms, kitchen, bath and 2 closets; luxuriously furnished; available immediately. Apply Supt.

96TH, 22 WEST—Delightful large one, two rooms, kitchen, bath; warm; service.

100TH ST., 140 WEST—Exceptional apartment for yearly rental; large sitting room, bedroom, dining room, bath, kitchen; shown by appointment. Phone Rhinelander 8200.

100TH, 67 WEST—Two rooms, kitchen, bath; attractively furnished; $125 month. Davis.

100TH, WEST—Handsome large 2-room apartment, open fireplace. Circle 9284.

101ST, (5th-6th)—Two rooms, kitchenette; 2 baths; children's exposure; richly furnished; Oriental rugs, linen; $175. Circle 1029, evenings.

105TH, 54 WEST—Handsome bachelor apartments, tiled private bath; reasonable.

106TH, 340 (7th Av., Apt. 3F)—2 rooms, kitchen, bath and 2 closets; luxuriously furnished; available immediately. Apply Supt.

106TH, 22 WEST—Delightful large one, two rooms, kitchen, bath; warm; service.

110TH ST., 140 WEST—Exceptional apartment for yearly rental; large sitting room, bedroom, dining room, bath, kitchen; shown by appointment. Phone Rhinelander 8200.

110TH, 67 WEST—Two rooms, kitchen, bath; attractively furnished; $125 month. Davis.

110TH, WEST—Handsome large 2-room apartment, open fireplace. Circle 9284.

111TH, (5th-6th)—Two rooms, kitchenette; 2 baths; children's exposure; richly furnished; Oriental rugs, linen; $175. Circle 1029, evenings.

115TH, 54 WEST—Handsome bachelor apartments, tiled private bath; reasonable.

116TH, 340 (7th Av., Apt. 3F)—2 rooms, kitchen, bath and 2 closets; luxuriously furnished; available immediately. Apply Supt.

116TH, 22 WEST—Delightful large one, two rooms, kitchen, bath; warm; service.

120TH ST., 140 WEST—Exceptional apartment for yearly rental; large sitting room, bedroom, dining room, bath, kitchen; shown by appointment. Phone Rhinelander 8200.

120TH, 67 WEST—Two rooms, kitchen, bath; attractively furnished; $125 month. Davis.

120TH, WEST—Handsome large 2-room apartment, open fireplace. Circle 9284.

121ST, (5th-6th)—Two rooms, kitchenette; 2 baths; children's exposure; richly furnished; Oriental rugs, linen; $175. Circle 1029, evenings.

125TH, 54 WEST—Handsome bachelor apartments, tiled private bath; reasonable.

126TH, 340 (7th Av., Apt. 3F)—2 rooms, kitchen, bath and 2 closets; luxuriously furnished; available immediately. Apply Supt.

126TH, 22 WEST—Delightful large one, two rooms, kitchen, bath; warm; service.

130TH ST., 140 WEST—Exceptional apartment for yearly rental; large sitting room, bedroom, dining room, bath, kitchen; shown by appointment. Phone Rhinelander 8200.

130TH, 67 WEST—Two rooms, kitchen, bath; attractively furnished; $125 month. Davis.

130TH, WEST—Handsome large 2-room apartment, open fireplace. Circle 9284.

131ST, (5th-6th)—Two rooms, kitchenette; 2 baths; children's exposure; richly furnished; Oriental rugs, linen; $175. Circle 1029, evenings.

135TH, 54 WEST—Handsome bachelor apartments, tiled private bath; reasonable.

136TH, 340 (7th Av., Apt. 3F)—2 rooms, kitchen, bath and 2 closets; luxuriously furnished; available immediately. Apply Supt.

136TH, 22 WEST—Delightful large one, two rooms, kitchen, bath; warm; service.

140TH ST., 140 WEST—Exceptional apartment for yearly rental; large sitting room, bedroom, dining room, bath, kitchen; shown by appointment. Phone Rhinelander 8200.

140TH, 67 WEST—Two rooms, kitchen, bath; attractively furnished; $125 month. Davis.

140TH, WEST—Handsome large 2-room apartment, open fireplace. Circle 9284.

141ST, (5th-6th)—Two rooms, kitchenette; 2 baths; children's exposure; richly furnished; Oriental rugs, linen; $175. Circle 1029, evenings.

145TH, 54 WEST—Handsome bachelor apartments, tiled private bath; reasonable.

146TH, 340 (7th Av., Apt. 3F)—2 rooms, kitchen, bath and 2 closets; luxuriously furnished; available immediately. Apply Supt.

146TH, 22 WEST—Delightful large one, two rooms, kitchen, bath; warm; service.

150TH ST., 140 WEST—Exceptional apartment for yearly rental; large sitting room, bedroom, dining room, bath, kitchen; shown by appointment. Phone Rhinelander 8200.

150TH, 67 WEST—Two rooms, kitchen, bath; attractively furnished; $125 month. Davis.

150TH, WEST—Handsome large 2-room apartment, open fireplace. Circle 9284.

151ST, (5th-6th)—Two rooms, kitchenette; 2 baths; children's exposure; richly furnished; Oriental rugs, linen; $175. Circle 1029, evenings.

155TH, 54 WEST—Handsome bachelor apartments, tiled private bath; reasonable.

156TH, 340 (7th Av., Apt. 3F)—2 rooms, kitchen, bath and 2 closets; luxuriously furnished; available immediately. Apply Supt.

156TH, 22 WEST—Delightful large one, two rooms, kitchen, bath; warm; service.

160TH ST., 140 WEST—Exceptional apartment for yearly rental; large sitting room, bedroom, dining room, bath, kitchen; shown by appointment. Phone Rhinelander 8200.

160TH, 67 WEST—Two rooms, kitchen, bath; attractively furnished; $125 month. Davis.

160TH, WEST—Handsome large 2-room apartment, open fireplace. Circle 9284.

161ST, (5th-6th)—Two rooms, kitchenette; 2 baths; children's exposure; richly furnished; Oriental rugs, linen; $175. Circle 1029, evenings.

165TH, 54 WEST—Handsome bachelor apartments, tiled private bath; reasonable.

166TH, 340 (7th Av., Apt. 3F)—2 rooms, kitchen, bath and 2 closets; luxuriously furnished; available immediately. Apply Supt.

166TH, 22 WEST—Delightful large one, two rooms, kitchen, bath; warm; service.

170TH ST., 140 WEST—Exceptional apartment for yearly rental; large sitting room, bedroom, dining room, bath, kitchen; shown by appointment. Phone Rhinelander 8200.

170TH, 67 WEST—Two rooms, kitchen, bath; attractively furnished; $125 month. Davis.

170TH, WEST—Handsome large 2-room apartment, open fireplace. Circle 9284.

171ST, (5th-6th)—Two rooms, kitchenette; 2 baths; children's exposure; richly furnished; Oriental rugs, linen; $175. Circle 1029, evenings.

175TH, 54 WEST—Handsome bachelor apartments, tiled private bath; reasonable.

176TH, 340 (7th Av., Apt. 3F)—2 rooms, kitchen, bath and 2 closets; luxuriously furnished; available immediately. Apply Supt.

176TH, 22 WEST—Delightful large one, two rooms, kitchen, bath; warm; service.

180TH ST., 140 WEST—Exceptional apartment for yearly rental; large sitting room, bedroom, dining room, bath, kitchen; shown by appointment. Phone Rhinelander 8200.

180TH, 67 WEST—Two rooms, kitchen, bath; attractively furnished; $125 month. Davis.

180TH, WEST—Handsome large 2-room apartment, open fireplace. Circle 9284.

181ST, (5th-6th)—Two rooms, kitchenette; 2 baths; children's exposure; richly furnished; Oriental rugs, linen; $175. Circle 1029, evenings.

185TH, 54 WEST—Handsome bachelor apartments, tiled private bath; reasonable.

186TH, 340 (7th Av., Apt. 3F)—2 rooms, kitchen, bath and 2 closets; luxuriously furnished; available immediately. Apply Supt.

186TH, 22 WEST—Delightful large one, two rooms, kitchen, bath; warm; service.

190TH ST., 140 WEST—Exceptional apartment for yearly rental; large sitting room, bedroom, dining room, bath, kitchen; shown by appointment. Phone Rhinelander 8200.

190TH, 67 WEST—Two rooms, kitchen, bath; attractively furnished; $125 month. Davis.

190TH, WEST—Handsome large 2-room apartment, open fireplace. Circle 9284.

191ST, (5th-6th)—Two rooms, kitchenette; 2 baths; children's exposure; richly furnished; Oriental rugs, linen; $175. Circle 1029, evenings.

195TH, 54 WEST—Handsome bachelor apartments, tiled private bath; reasonable.

196TH, 340 (7th Av., Apt. 3F)—2 rooms, kitchen, bath and 2 closets; luxuriously furnished; available immediately. Apply Supt.

196TH, 22 WEST—Delightful large one, two rooms, kitchen, bath; warm; service.

200TH ST., 140 WEST—Exceptional apartment for yearly rental; large sitting room, bedroom, dining room, bath, kitchen; shown by appointment. Phone Rhinelander 8200.

200TH, 67 WEST—Two rooms, kitchen, bath; attractively furnished; $125 month. Davis.

200TH, WEST—Handsome large 2-room apartment, open fireplace. Circle 9284.

201ST, (5th-6th)—Two rooms, kitchenette; 2 baths; children's exposure; richly furnished; Oriental rugs, linen; $175. Circle 1029, evenings.

205TH, 54 WEST—Handsome bachelor apartments, tiled private bath; reasonable.

206TH, 340 (7th Av., Apt. 3F)—2 rooms, kitchen, bath and 2 closets; luxuriously furnished; available immediately. Apply Supt.

206TH, 22 WEST—Delightful large one, two rooms, kitchen, bath; warm; service.

210TH ST., 140 WEST—Exceptional apartment for yearly rental; large sitting room, bedroom, dining room, bath, kitchen; shown by appointment. Phone Rhinelander 8200.

210TH, 67 WEST—Two rooms, kitchen, bath; attractively furnished; $125 month. Davis.

210TH, WEST—Handsome large 2-room apartment, open fireplace. Circle 9284.

211ST, (5th-6th)—Two rooms, kitchenette; 2 baths; children's exposure; richly furnished; Oriental rugs, linen; $175. Circle 1029, evenings.

215TH, 54 WEST—Handsome bachelor apartments, tiled private bath; reasonable.

216TH, 340 (7th Av., Apt. 3F)—2 rooms, kitchen, bath and 2 closets; luxuriously furnished; available immediately. Apply Supt.

216TH, 22 WEST—Delightful large one, two rooms, kitchen, bath; warm; service.

220TH ST., 140 WEST—Exceptional apartment for yearly rental; large sitting room, bedroom, dining room, bath, kitchen; shown by appointment. Phone Rhinelander 8200.

220TH, 67 WEST—Two rooms, kitchen, bath; attractively furnished; $125 month. Davis.

220TH, WEST—Handsome large 2-room apartment, open fireplace. Circle 9284.

221ST, (5th-6th)—Two rooms, kitchenette; 2 baths; children's exposure; richly furnished; Oriental rugs, linen; $175. Circle 1029, evenings.

225TH, 54 WEST—Handsome bachelor apartments, tiled private bath; reasonable.

226TH, 340 (7th Av., Apt. 3F)—2 rooms, kitchen, bath and 2 closets; luxuriously furnished; available immediately. Apply Supt.

226TH, 22 WEST—Delightful large one, two rooms, kitchen, bath; warm; service.

230TH ST., 140 WEST—Exceptional apartment for yearly rental; large sitting room, bedroom, dining room, bath, kitchen; shown by appointment. Phone Rhinelander 8200.

230TH, 67 WEST—Two rooms, kitchen, bath; attractively furnished; $125 month. Davis.

230TH, WEST—Handsome large 2-room apartment, open fireplace. Circle 9284.

231ST, (5th-6th)—Two rooms, kitchenette; 2 baths; children's exposure; richly furnished; Oriental rugs, linen; $175. Circle 1029, evenings.

235TH, 54 WEST—Handsome bachelor apartments, tiled private bath; reasonable.

236TH, 340 (7th Av., Apt. 3F)—2 rooms, kitchen, bath and 2 closets; luxuriously furnished; available immediately. Apply Supt.

236TH, 22 WEST—Delightful large one, two rooms, kitchen, bath; warm; service.

240TH ST., 140 WEST—Exceptional apartment for yearly rental; large sitting room, bedroom, dining room, bath, kitchen; shown by appointment. Phone Rhinelander 8200.

240TH, 67 WEST—Two rooms, kitchen, bath; attractively furnished; $125 month. Davis.

240TH, WEST—Handsome large 2-room apartment, open fireplace. Circle 9284.

241ST, (5th-6th)—Two rooms, kitchenette; 2 baths; children's exposure; richly furnished; Oriental rugs, linen; $175. Circle 1029, evenings.

245TH, 54 WEST—Handsome bachelor apartments, tiled private bath; reasonable.

246TH, 340 (7th Av., Apt. 3F)—2 rooms, kitchen, bath and 2 closets; luxuriously furnished; available immediately. Apply Supt.

246TH, 22 WEST—Delightful large one, two rooms, kitchen, bath; warm; service.

250TH ST., 140 WEST—Exceptional apartment for yearly rental; large sitting room, bedroom, dining room, bath, kitchen; shown by appointment. Phone Rhinelander 8200.

250TH, 67 WEST—Two rooms, kitchen, bath; attractively furnished; $125 month. Davis.

250TH, WEST—Handsome large 2-room apartment, open fireplace. Circle 9284.

251ST, (5th-6th)—Two rooms, kitchenette; 2 baths; children's exposure; richly furnished; Oriental rugs, linen; $175. Circle 1029, evenings.

255TH, 54 WEST—Handsome bachelor apartments, tiled private bath; reasonable.

256TH, 340 (7th Av., Apt. 3F)—2 rooms, kitchen, bath and 2 closets; luxuriously furnished; available immediately. Apply Supt.

256TH, 22 WEST—Delightful large one, two rooms, kitchen, bath; warm; service.

260TH ST., 140 WEST—Exceptional apartment for yearly rental; large sitting room, bedroom, dining room, bath, kitchen; shown by appointment. Phone Rhinelander 8200.

260TH, 67 WEST—Two rooms, kitchen, bath; attractively furnished; $125 month. Davis.

260TH, WEST—Handsome large 2-room apartment, open fireplace. Circle 9284.

261ST, (5th-6th)—Two rooms, kitchenette; 2 baths; children's exposure; richly furnished; Oriental rugs, linen; $175. Circle 1029, evenings.

265TH, 54 WEST—Handsome bachelor apartments, tiled private bath; reasonable.

266TH, 340 (7th Av., Apt. 3F)—2 rooms, kitchen, bath and 2 closets; luxuriously furnished; available immediately. Apply Supt.

266TH, 22 WEST—Delightful large one, two rooms, kitchen, bath; warm; service.

270TH ST., 140 WEST—Exceptional apartment for yearly rental; large sitting room, bedroom, dining room, bath, kitchen; shown by appointment. Phone Rhinelander 8200.

270TH, 67 WEST—Two rooms, kitchen, bath; attractively furnished; $125 month. Davis.

270TH, WEST—Handsome large 2-room apartment, open fireplace. Circle 9284.

271ST, (5th-6th)—Two rooms, kitchenette; 2 baths; children's exposure; richly furnished; Oriental rugs, linen; $175. Circle 1029, evenings.

275TH, 54 WEST—Handsome bachelor apartments, tiled private bath; reasonable.

276TH, 340 (7th Av., Apt. 3F)—2 rooms, kitchen, bath and 2 closets; luxuriously furnished; available immediately. Apply Supt.

276TH, 22 WEST—Delightful large one, two rooms, kitchen, bath; warm; service.

280TH ST., 140 WEST—Exceptional apartment for yearly rental; large sitting room, bedroom, dining room, bath, kitchen; shown by appointment. Phone Rhinelander 8200.

280TH, 67 WEST—Two rooms, kitchen, bath; attractively furnished; $125 month. Davis.

280TH, WEST—Handsome large 2-room apartment, open fireplace. Circle 9284.

281ST, (5th-6th)—Two rooms, kitchenette; 2 baths; children's exposure; richly furnished; Oriental rugs, linen; $175. Circle 1029, evenings.

285TH, 54 WEST—Handsome bachelor apartments, tiled private bath; reasonable.

286TH, 340 (7th Av., Apt. 3F)—2 rooms, kitchen, bath and 2 closets; luxuriously furnished; available immediately. Apply Supt.

286TH, 22 WEST—Delightful large one, two rooms, kitchen, bath; warm; service.

290TH ST., 140 WEST—Exceptional apartment for yearly rental; large sitting room, bedroom, dining room, bath, kitchen; shown by appointment. Phone Rhinelander 8200.

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LOST AND FOUND.

LOST.

BAG—Brown leather, American Ex. co., Sept. 17, money, keys, papers; future keys to F. Walker Motel Restaurant, 47th and Broadway. Lib.

BANKBOOK—1920 Central Merchants Bank, Bronx; stopped. Finder return or

BIB—Sept. 20, Cash and model Artcraft, Wednesday, Mighty Mary's, Palace train; reward. 1441 Broadway, Room 806, Bailey.

BRIEFCASE—Lost on 10 A. M. Ferry to Jersey City, Thursday, black brief case, ANDREWS and GOODRICH, business correspondence; reward, no questions asked. Return to Lockwood Russell, Erie R. R. Jersey City.

BRIEF CASE—Brown leather, with folder. Return Meade, 320 Broadway; reward.

GLASSES—Tortoise, rimmed, between Madison and 40th and 5th Av. and 42d; reward. R 405 Times.

HANDBAG—Brown alligator, containing personal belongings, left in Mogul Checker taxi, Tuesday night, 8:30, at Pennsylvania Station; liberal reward. Mrs. J. J. Wilson, 22 West 47th St.

HANDBAG, white alligator, 30 stickers on Pens. Tuesday, Pennsylvania Station; money; liberal reward. Plaza 9000.

MALACCA CANE—Long silver top; taken by mistake from third row seat, Fulton Theatre, Tuesday evening. Write Owner, Room 1111, 220 Broadway, N. Y.

PURSE—Brown, containing one pair pearl earrings, vicinity of Macy, between 14th and 34th Sts., Tuesday night; liberal reward. Room 407, 230 5th Av.

RECEIPT BOOK—Return Block & Weingold, 44 West 28th.

UMBRELLA—Initials A. K. on handle, left in taxi Saturday evening, Sept. 22; reward. Hawthorne Hotel.

VANITY CASE finding, brown wooden; including mirror and telephone mouthpiece, last Monday evening from limousine; reward. C. A. Chadwick, 21 East 40th St. Telephone Vanderbilt 2027.

Jewelry.

BAR PIN—Sunday, 5 diamonds, Metropolitan Museum, Sunday afternoon, Sept. 23. Shera Edwards, Anderson, Hoboken 1100, 1 Rector St.

BAR PIN—Sapphire and diamonds, lost Wednesday, Sept. 26; liberal reward. Udall & Ballou, 734 5th Av.

BAR PIN—Gold, 5 diamonds, Broadway between Maiden Lane and Wall St.; reward. Cortlandt 8050.

BRACELET—Large fancy diamond, lost at or near Trocadero Club, 52d St., between Broadway and 7th Av.; $1,000 reward. Hans Brassler, 1,650 Broadway.

BRACELET, platinum, diamonds and sapphires, between 52d St. and west side subway; reward. Stuyvesant 8626.

BRACELET—Last week, flexible sapphire bracelet; reward for return to Room A, 25 Broad St., Telephone Broad 7040.

CHAIN—Gold and platinum, knife attached, between 42d and 46th Sts., Wednesday; reward. H. Purdy, 23 West 43d. Vanderbilt 8040.

CHILD'S WATCH and chain, 40th and 9th Av.; reward. 360 West 40th. Lorenzo.

JADE BANGLE—Between 42d-59th; reward. Mrs. S. D. Levy, Hotel Marie Antoinette.

MOONSTONE RING—Pennsylvania Hotel, lavender room, Thursday morning, valuable to owner because of sentiment attached. Bayside 0492. Reward 200.

PIN, jade, sapphires and diamonds set in platinum, between Franklin Simon's and Altman's, Friday, 21; reward. Room 1210, 1,250 Broadway.

RING—$250 reward, no questions asked, for safe return of lady's diamond ring, lost in vicinity of Hotel Belleclaire, Broadway and 76th St., on Sept. 26. Communicate Raymond C. Ford, Inc., 527 5th Av. Vanderbilt 8134.

RING—Diamond engagement, lost Battery Park, Sept. 26, 1923, about 12:10 noon; inscription inside; reward. Return to G. Kemp, transit department, New York Transit Co., 100 Broadway, 4th floor.

WATCH, CHAIN, gold, with oval-shaped gold knife bearing initials A. E. B., Wednesday; reward. B 916 Times Downtown.

WRIST WATCH, bracelet, monogram L. R. S., Tuesday, vicinity Waverley-Bank St.; liberal reward. Phone Chelsea 1647, mornings.

WRIST WATCH, lost Sept. 25, small, lady's gold Elgin; initials on back, Q. H.; reward. Thomas Harrold, Americus, Ga.

WRISTWATCH—Gold, between 122d, West, crosstown car; reward. 3,080 Broadway, Apt. 51.

$500 REWARD

for return of bar pin containing six large and seventeen small diamonds, lost Sept. 22 or between Long Branch and North Asbury Park, N. J. A. C. Benett, 15 William St. Broad 2764.

$250 REWARD

for return of bar pin containing nine illuminated diamonds, lost Sept 19 between Grand Central Terminal and Lyceum Theatre or in taxi. Marcus & Co., 5th Av. and 45th St.

Wearing Apparel.

FUR SET, 3-skin sable, Sept. 26, from 104th to 105th St. and Broadway to 230 West 105th St.; liberal reward. K 509 Times.

NECKPIECE—Silver fox, near or on White Star Line, Pier 56, or left in Yellow taxi, Tuesday night. Reward if returned to the Carlton House Apartments, Apt. C5, 22 East 47th St.

NECKPIECE—Black fur, on 5th Av., between Washington Square and 10th St. or Waverley Place, between 5th and 5th Ave. Reward if returned to Horner, 137 Waverley Place.

NECKPIECE, sable, two animals, Pennsylvania Station, N. Y., Sept. 25, about 4:15 P. M.; $100 reward. Notify H. C. Kip, 15 Maiden Lane. Cortlandt 2384.

NECKPIECE—Sable, two skin, chocker, Tuesday evening in Klaw Theatre; reward. Phone Columbus 8331, Apt. 42, Ford Hanford.

NECKPIECE—Silver fox, Sept. 24, Music Box Theatre. $100 reward if returned to Equitable Trust Co., Madison Av. and 45th St.

NECKPIECE—Sable, narrow, Tuesday, not below 46th St.; reward. 45 West 49th.

NECKPIECE, two-skin brown marten; liberal reward. Susanne Keenan, 25 West 42d St.

NECKPIECE—Fitch, 3 animal; Tuesday; reward. Bryant 7000, Ext. 154.

SABLE NECKPIECE, two-skin, Russian, at Brooks's, 28th and 29th Sts., Broadway; reward. 69 5th Av. Apartment 15A.

Cats, Dogs and Birds.

COLLIE DOG, male, Sunday; liberal reward. Jefferson 9214.

DOG—White Boston bull; black marking; answers to name of Portie. Finder please return to C. A. Gould, 66 Park Av. Reward.

FOUND.

RING, with stones; owner describe same. Write K 421 Times.

GOLF OUTFIT

Complete With Driver Midiron Mashie Putter & Bag

$995

Complete equipment—a fine, strong bag and 4 clubs any amateur or professional can prove to play with. Every club is of professional calibre suitable for match play. The bag is a tourist bag, reinforced for extra wear. Should at $6.95! Similar marine standard would cost $12.50.

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*250 W. 125th St. Near Lenox Ave.
831 Broadway Near 13th St.
25 John St. Near Nassau
*111 E. 42nd St. Commodore Hotel
35 Cortlandt St. Near Broadway
*1780 Broadway Near 58th St.
*Open evenings.

SAVE 30%

TUNGSTEN LAMPS

Watts	List	Our Price
15-25-40	.50	.32
60		.40

NITROGEN LAMPS

Watts	List	Our Price	
75	.85	.55	.38
100	1.05	.70	.49
200	1.75	1.15	.80

Under 40 watts 1 cent each

Full Line Everything Electrical

SUBSTANTIAL SAVINGS

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716 Eighth Ave. (45th St.) Lac'wanna 6860

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JOHN DAVID

STEIN-BLOCH SMART CLOTHES — MENS FURNISHINGS AND HATS

Exclusive, But Not Expensive

Phoenix Hosiery

Pure Silk Socks No. 284

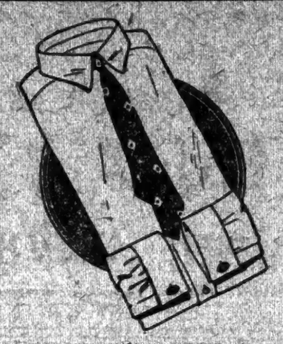
75c Pair

¶ Concededly The Best Hosiery On The Market And The Foot Is Phoenix. This Is A Special Fall Value Typical Of What Our Hosiery Departments Regularly Offer To Men Or To Women Who Shop For Men.

Heavy Pure Thread Silk Socks No. 281

$1.25 Pair

¶ You Get More Wear Out Of Phoenix Hosiery Than The Low Cost Warrants. Quantity Production Results In A Quality Product At A Price Everybody Can Afford To Pay. We Have Distributed Thousands Of Pairs Of Phoenix Hosiery Without A Comeback, Except For More.



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John David Excello Plain-Color

POPLIN SHIRTS

$2.95

Collar Attached Or Separate Collar To Match

¶ This Is Really More Than An Offering. It Is An Opportunity To Supply Yourself With Very Unusual Shirts At A Very Low Price At The Very Start Of The Season.

¶ Made Of Lustrous, Soft-Feeling, Long-Wearing, Oft-Laundering Poplin In These Most Fashionable And Desirable Colors—White, Tan Or Gray. Buy Promptly, If You Want To Be Sure Of Your Share

The Five Easily Reached JOHN DAVID *Shops Roundabout New York*

BROADWAY, AT 32nd STREET
125 AND 127 WEST 42nd STREET
62 BROADWAY, BELOW WALL STREET
338 MADISON AVENUE, Facing Hotel Biltmore
COURT STREET, AT MONTAGUE, BROOKLYN

D'A B

What Constitutes a New Yorker?

First of all the typical New Yorker was not born in New York. For that very reason, perhaps, he is more metropolitan than the man born in the metropolis.

New York is the Mecca of the ambitious—and ambition spells success. As tailors we venture the assertion that New Yorkers are well dressed because they are ambitious and successful rather than because they live in New York. Dressing well does not assure success, but the man who has enough ambition to succeed usually has enough sense to buy good clothes.

Ready to Wear, $75 *Made to Measure, $125*

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MEN'S TAILORS

587 Fifth Avenue at Forty-seventh

THE BRAND NEW

OAKLAND

NOW ON DISPLAY

in all New York showrooms

Four-wheel brakes—brand-new engine—new bodies—centralized controls—disc steel wheels.

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OAKLAND MOTOR CAR CO.

1760 Broadway, New York City

Phone Circle 4300

It doesn't need much Newspaper space or does it require a college graduate to figure out the many reasons for buying a *Joseph* Hilton Suit—

The best Clothes human hands can make—sold direct to you 25% less than any other retailer can sell 'em for—

Extra Special

New Fall Suits *and* Top Coats

$27.75

Chemically tested Pure Woolens—strictly bench-tailored — Worth $40 — A Special Offering.

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243 Broadway — Opposite City Hall Park
Nassau & Fulton Sts. — Raymond's Corner—94 Nassau St.
10 Cortlandt St. — Just West of Broadway
Whitehall & Bridge Sts. — Opposite Custom House
Fifth Avenue at 33rd St. — Opposite Waldorf-Astoria
36th St. & Broadway — One Block Above Macy's—1333 B'way
1st East 42d St. — A Few Doors Off Fifth Ave.
45th St. & Broadway — North of Hotel Astor—1551 B'way

THE Rexall Stores — *Liggett's* — THE Rexall Stores

The Safe Drug Stores

SEMI-ANNUAL ONE CENT SALE

Friday, Saturday, September 28, 29

THE plan of the One Cent Sale, is to sell two of any article out of a selected list for the price of one, *plus one cent.* As an example, we sell the well known Peter's Chocolate, half-pound bar, regularly in our stores at 35c. During the One Cent Sale you may purchase two bars for 36c.

Lack of space prohibits listing the very many extraordinary values

See our windows for nearly 100 bargains!

89c Gillette Safety Razor	2 for 90c
30c Rexall Shaving Cream	2 for 31c
$1.00 Bay Rum (pt.)	2 for 1.01
25c Pkg. Aspirin Tablets (5 grain 24's)	2 for 26c
$1.00 Bouquet Ramee Face Powder	2 for 1.01
75c Theatrical Cold Cream (pound)	2 for 76c
85c Tooth Brushes	2 for 36c
50c Jonteel Talcum Powder	2 for 51c
50c Rexall Milk of Magnesia	2 for 51c
$2.25 Maximum Fountain Syringe	2 for 2.26
$2.00 Maximum Hot Water Bottle	2 for 2.01
50c Klenzo Dental Creme	2 for 51c
10c Goodform Hair Nets	2 for 11c
50c box Writing Paper	2 for 51c

39 Traded In For It

THIRTY-NINE car owners brought in 18 different makes in ten days which were accepted as part payment on their New Series "U" Six-40 Moons. Bring *your* old car in—our Appraisal Manager will give you *full value* for it and you can drive away in one of the New Series "U" Moon Models. It can be easily and quickly arranged on the Moon Private Purchase Plan.

See this marvelous new Model—advanced style and exceptional quality are good substantial reasons for its tremendous success. Moon individuality in design, color treatment and fittings appeal particularly to the modern motor car purchaser. Open every evening. Note the attractive prices.

NEW SERIES "U" SIX-40 MOON

Touring . . $1295 Sport Touring . . $1495
5 Passenger All-weather Model $1465
Coupe $1685
Sedan . . . . . $1695 Sport Sedan . . . $1895
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Get what you pay for in your suit. Remember that good quality and cheapness don't mix.

Skilled tailoring is only worth while on fine fabrics; good style goes with it. You'll see all this in

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Lots of fine suits for men and young men. Fabrics are choicer; styles more varied; values keener.

$35

Other fine suits, $40 to $75

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Even Good Judgment likes to have company. It is gratifying to glance at well-shod feet and see the vindication of one's judgment.

The Florsheim Rialto

$10

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One Hundred and Fifty Florsheim Dealers in Greater New York

"THERE IS ONE IN YOUR NEIGHBORHOOD"

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Last Longer
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Double Braking Efficiency

All 1924 models—on display in all Buick showrooms—are equipped with special Buick four-wheel brakes.

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